

## The evolution of CoroMill® Plura continues



*Our program of CoroMill® Plura solid carbide endmills includes tool shapes for most operations, in diameters ranging from .016 to .984 inch (.4 to 25 mm).*

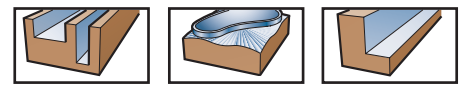


The range of CoroMill® Plura solid carbide tooling allows the best possible selection for productivity in die and mold making, aerospace manufacturing and general purpose milling.

Following the introduction of GC1610 grade for applications in hard workpieces and the general grades GC1620 and GC1630, Coromant continued the evolution of the Plura family with another grade, GC1640.

GC1640 is a grade with a Coromant unique PVD TiCN-coating and a new, very tough substrate based on the Pluratech technology.

With the GC1640 grade, the CoroMill Plura system provides the perfect solution for demanding operations like machining under unstable conditions.



# Choosing your CoroMill® Plura endmill

## Step 1: Select the Plura grade for your workpiece material

### ISO H : Choose grade GC1610

for semi-finishing to finishing operations in hot work steel ≥ 43 HRC and cold work steel ≥ 52 HRC.

### Choose grade GC1620

for roughing operations.

### ISO P M K S H : Choose grade GC1620

for semi-finishing to finishing operations demanding wear resistance, especially in dry machining. This grade also performs well when machining stainless steels wet.

### ISO P M K N S : Choose grade GC1630

for roughing to semi-finishing operations demanding edge line toughness. This grade also works well in machining of very soft and smearing steels.

### ISO P M K : Choose grade GC1640

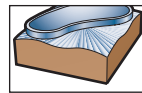
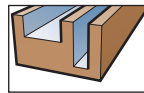
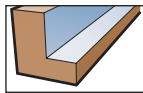
for roughing operations where toughness is important or where stability demands a tough grade.

GC1610, GC1620	Dry	Wet
Finishing	GC1610	
Semi finishing		
Roughing	GC1620	

GC1620, GC1630, GC1640	Dry	Wet
Finishing	GC1620	
Semi finishing		GC1630
Roughing		GC1640

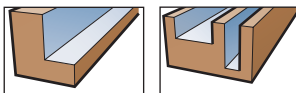
## Step 2: Classify your machining operation

### Linear milling, slotting or grooving

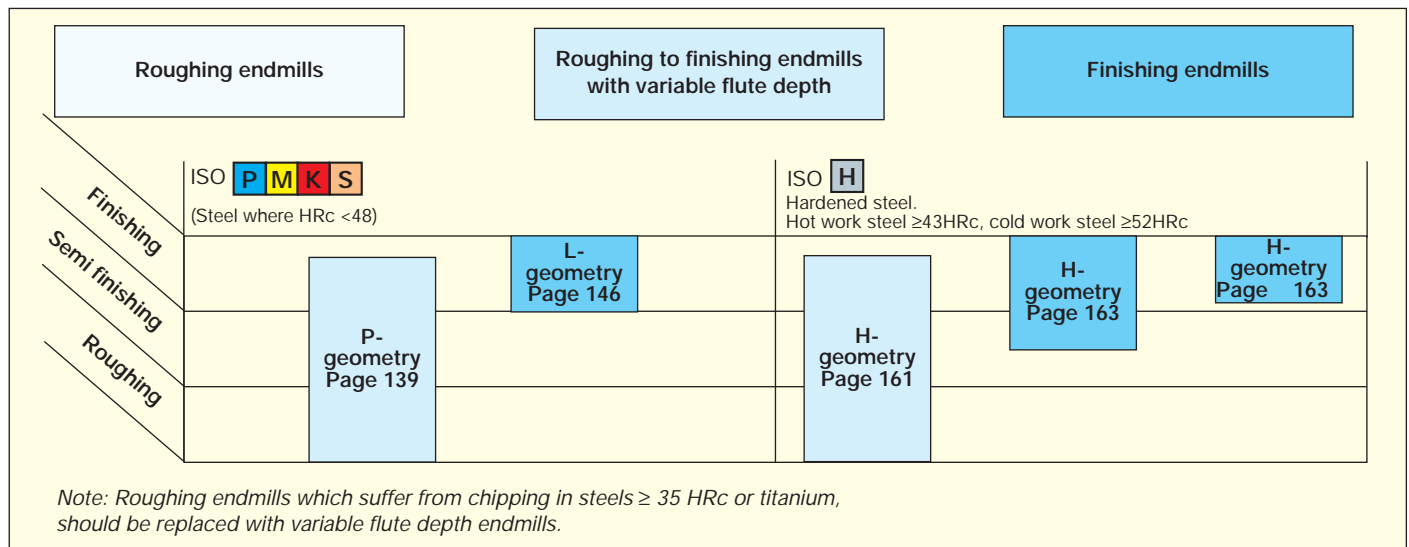


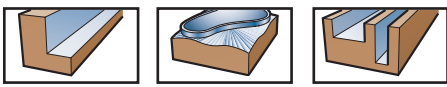
### Profiling or contour milling

## Step 3: Select your CoroMill® Plura endmill



For linear milling, slotting or grooving (inch sizes)





### For profiling or contouring

	Endmills with corner radii ISO <b>P M K S</b>			Ball nose endmill ISO <b>H</b>	
Super finishing	Endmills with corner radii	Ball nose endmill		Endmills with corner radii	Ball nose endmill
Finishing			*z <sub>n</sub> =2 P-geometry 145		*z <sub>n</sub> =2 G-geometry 155-159
Semi finishing		*z <sub>n</sub> =2 P-geometry 145	*z <sub>n</sub> =4 N-geometry 152	*z <sub>n</sub> =4 G-geometry 153-154	
Roughing	*z <sub>n</sub> =4 P-geometry 139-140			*z <sub>n</sub> =4 H-geometry 161-162	

\*z<sub>n</sub>=Total number of edges in the tool

- For best productivity in finishing – choose four cutting edges
- For best stability in semi-finishing – choose two cutting edges
- For best surface finish – choose two cutting edges.

### Keyway slotting

For this particular operation, some specific guidance can be given in addition to the general recommendations for milling of straight surfaces and grooving.

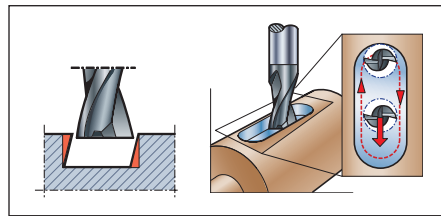
Due to the direction of the cutting forces and the tendency of the tool to bend, a slot milled in a single step will not have a perfectly square form.

The best accuracy and productivity will be achieved if the operation employs an undersized endmill, and is divided into two steps:

1. key slot milling – roughing of the full slot.
2. side milling – finishing all around the slot with conventional milling, to create true square corners.

### Chamfering tools

Tools for 30°, 45° chamfering and 0.5–6 mm radius are available, in grade GC1620 for all workpiece materials. See page 160.



Key slot milling in two steps.

### For profiling (metric sizes)

	Endmills with corner radii ISO <b>P M K S</b>			Ball nose endmill ISO <b>H</b>		Ball nose endmill ISO <b>N</b>	
Super finishing	Endmills with corner radii	Ball nose endmill *z <sub>n</sub> =2		Endmills with corner radii	Ball nose endmill *z <sub>n</sub> =2	Aluminum *z <sub>n</sub> =2	
Finishing			P-geometry 145		G-geometry 156-159	A-geometry 168	
Semi finishing		*z <sub>n</sub> =2 P-geometry 145	*z <sub>n</sub> =4 N-geometry 152	*z <sub>n</sub> =4 H-geometry 162	*z <sub>n</sub> =2 G-geometry 153-154	*z <sub>n</sub> =4 G-geometry 158-159	
Roughing	*z <sub>n</sub> =4 P-geometry 140				*z <sub>n</sub> =2 G-geometry 156-159		

\*z<sub>n</sub>=Total number of edges in the tool

- For best productivity in finishing – choose four cutting edges
- For best stability in semi-finishing – choose two cutting edges
- For best surface finish – choose two cutting edges.

### For straight surfaces and grooving (metric sizes)

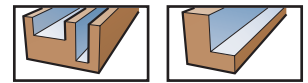
	Roughing endmills	Roughing to finishing endmills with variable flute depth	Finishing endmills
Finishing	ISO <b>P M K S</b> (Steel where HRC < 47)	ISO <b>H</b> Hardened steel. Hot work steel ≥43HRC, cold work steel ≥52HRC	ISO <b>N</b>
Semi finishing	Page 140	Page 147	Page 168
Roughing	Page 166	Page 162	Page 167

Note: Roughing endmills which suffer from chipping in steels ≥ 35 HRC or titanium, should be replaced with variable flute depth endmills.

### Engineered solutions

When our standard tools do not match your needs you can depend on Sandvik Coromant's experience in engineered tool solutions to provide the answer.

Define the endmill you require and we will design it for you to your own specified dimensions. Forward your enquiry to us and we will supply a quotation including delivery time, price, and a design drawing.

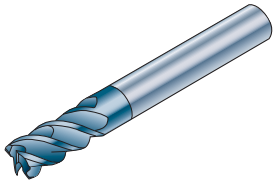


# High performance roughing/finishing endmill

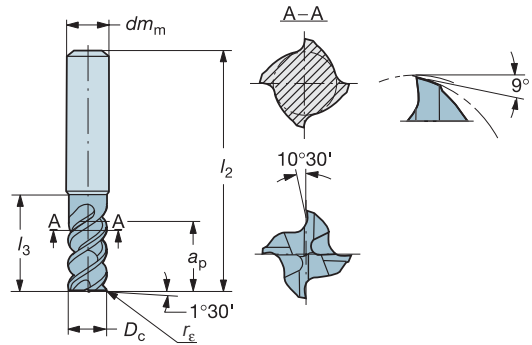
Inch sizes

Hardness up to 48HRC

Variable flute depth



Material:  
**P M K N S**  
 Helix angle: ~50°  
 Tolerances:  $D_c - h10$   
 $dm_m - h6$



Shank type	Front type	Ordering code		Dimensions, inch					Grade		
		$D_c$ inch		$l_2$	$l_3$	Max $a_p^{1)}$	$dm_m$	Radius $r_e$	1620	1630	
Cylindrical		.187	Up to 48HRC $\gamma_0 = 10.5^\circ$	3.000	.750	.562	.250	.015	☆		
				3.000	.750	.562	.250	.031	☆		
				3.000	-	.750	.250	.015	☆		
				3.000	-	.750	.250	.031	☆		
				3.500	1.250	.937	.375	.015	☆		
				3.500	1.250	.937	.375	.031	☆		
				3.500	-	1.125	.375	.015	☆		
				3.500	-	1.125	.375	.031	☆		
				4.000	-	1.500	.500	.031	☆		
				4.000	-	1.500	.500	.062	☆		
		4.500	-	1.875	.625	.062	☆				
		4.500	-	1.875	.625	.062	☆				
		5.000	-	2.250	.750	.062	☆				
		3	.187	RA216.23-1250AAK06P	3.000	0.5	.375	.250	.015	☆	
		4	.250	RA216.24-1650AAK08P	3.000	-	.500	.250	.015	☆	
		4	.312	2050AAK10P	3.500	0.75	.625	.375	.015	☆	
		4	.375	2450AAK12P	3.500	-	.750	.375	.015	☆	
		4	.500	3250BAK16P	4.000	-	1.000	.500	.031	☆	
		4	.625	4050BAK20P	4.500	-	1.250	.625	.031	☆	
		4	.750	4850BAK24P	5.000	-	1.500	.750	.031	☆	

1) Maximum cutting edge length.

Ordering example: 10 pieces RA216.23-1250AAK09P 1620

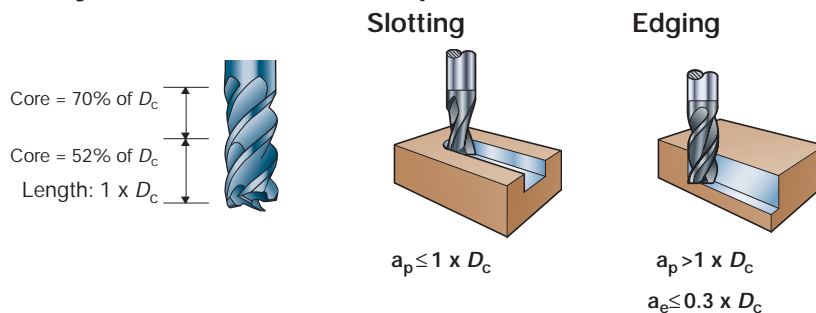
## ISO-P, M, K, N, S

For roughing to finishing in steel <48HRC, stainless steel, cast iron, HRSA and titanium.

- This tool features two different flute depths.
- This tool has a differential pitch to improve stability in roughing applications.

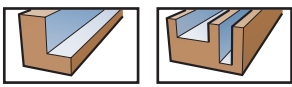
- Always use the shortest possible cutting edge length and tool protrusion.
- For higher productivity in Finishing applications we recommend an endmill with more edges

## Geometry with variable flute depth



- Roughing in all materials
- Slotting and edging operations

Cutting data, see page 171-172.



# MILLING

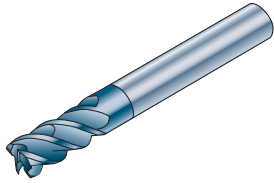
CoroMill® Plura

## Roughing endmill

Metric sizes

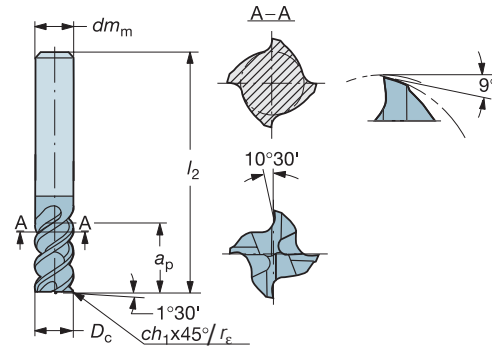
Variable flute depth tools

Hardness ≤48HRC



Material:  
P
M
K
S

Helix angle: -50°  
 Tolerances:  $D_c - h10$   
 $dm_m - h6$



$l_1$  = programming length

Shank type	Front type	Ordering code		Dimensions, mm					Grade								
		$z_n$	$D_c$ mm inch	Short	$l_2$	Max $a_p^{1)}$	$dm_m$	$ch_1$	Radius $r_ε$	1620	1630	1640					
Weldon		4	6 (.236)	Short	R216.24-06050CBC13P	57	13	6	-	1	☆	☆					
					08050EBC19P	63	19	8	-	2	☆	☆					
					10050EBC22P	72	22	10	-	2	☆	☆					
					12050GBC26P	83	26	12	-	3	☆	☆					
					14050GBC26P	83	26	14	-	3	☆	☆					
					16050IBC32P	92	32	16	-	4	☆	☆					
					20050IBC38P	104	38	20	-	4	☆	☆					
					R216.34-06050-BC13P	57	13	6	0.12	-	☆	☆	☆				
					08050-BC19P	63	19	8	0.12	-	☆	☆	☆				
				10050-BC22P	72	22	10	0.12	-	☆	☆	☆					
				12050-BC26P	83	26	12	0.12	-	☆	☆	☆					
				14050-BC26P	83	26	14	0.12	-	☆	☆	☆					
				16050-BC32P	92	32	16	0.12	-	☆	☆	☆					
				20050-BC38P	104	38	20	0.12	-	☆	☆	☆					
				Cylindrical		3	4 (.157)	Long	R216.33-04050-AK11P	57	11	6	0.12	-	☆	☆	
									05050-AK13P	57	13	6	0.12	-	☆	☆	
									R216.34-06050-AK13P	65	13	6	0.12	-	☆	☆	
								08050-AK19P	80	19	8	0.12	-	☆	☆		
10050-AK22P	100	22	10					0.12	-	☆	☆						
12050-AK26P	100	26	12					0.12	-	☆	☆						
14050-AK26P	104	26	14					0.15	-	☆	☆						
16050-AK32P	115	32	16					0.15	-	☆	☆						
20050-AK38P	125	38	20					0.15	-	☆	☆						
R216.23-04050CAK11P	57	11	6					-	1	☆	☆						
05050CAK13P	57	13	6					-	1	☆	☆						
R216.24-06050CAK13P	65	13	6					-	1	☆	☆						
08050EAK19P	80	19	8					-	2	☆	☆						
10050EAK22P	100	22	10					-	2	☆	☆						
12050GAK26P	100	26	12					-	3	☆	☆						
14050GAK26P	104	26	14					-	3	☆	☆						
16050IAK32P	115	32	16					-	4	☆	☆						
20050IAK38P	125	38	20					-	4	☆	☆						

<sup>1)</sup> Maximum cutting edge length.

Ordering example: 10 pieces R216.24-06050CBC13P 1630

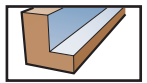
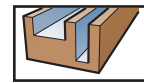
### Variable flute depth, ≤48HRC, ISO-P, M, K, S

For roughing to finishing in steel ≤48HRC, stainless steel, cast iron, HRSA and titanium

- Generally this tool should be your first choice
- Always use the shortest possible tool protrusion.
- This tool has a differential pitch to improve stability in roughing applications.

- If you experience problems with excessive axial forces try an endmill with 4 cutting edges and 30° helix.
- If the chip room is not large enough try an endmill with 3 cutting edges and 45° helix, (In weak materials and large  $a_p$  an endmill with 4 cutting edges and 45° helix might work).
- For higher productivity in finishing applications we recommend an endmill with more edges.

$v_c$  Cutting data, see pages 171-172.

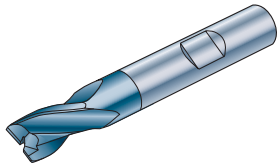


# Slotting endmill

Metric sizes

Key slot

Hardness <48HRc



Material:



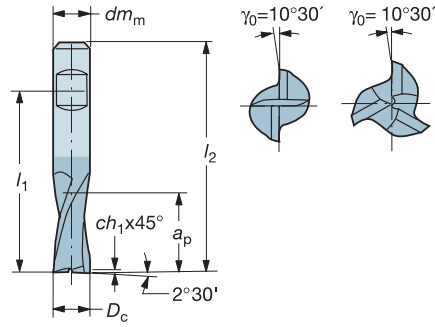
Helix angle:

-30°

Tolerances:

$D_c$  — h10/e8

$dm_m$  — h6



$l_1$  = programming length

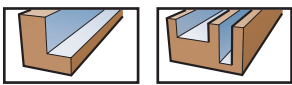
Shank type	Front type	Ordering code		Dimensions, mm						Grade				
		$D_c$ mm	inch	$l_1$	$l_2$	Max $a_p^{1)}$	$dm_m$	$ch_1$	Tol. $D_c$	1630				
Weldon 	 $z_n = 2$	2.0	(.079)	R216.12-02030-BS30P	32	50	3	6	0.10	e8	☆			
		2.5	(.098)	02530-BS30P	32	50	3	6	0.10	e8	☆			
		2.8	(.110)	02830-BS40P	32	50	4	6	0.10	h10	☆			
		3.0	(.118)	03030-BS04P	32	50	4	6	0.10	e8	☆			
		3.5	(.138)	03530-BS04P	32	50	4	6	0.10	e8	☆			
		3.8	(.150)	03830-BS05P	36	54	5	6	0.10	h10	☆			
		4.0	(.157)	04030-BS05P	36	54	5	6	0.10	e8	☆			
		4.8	(.190)	04830-BS06P	36	54	6	6	0.15	h10	☆			
		5.0	(.194)	05030-BS06P	36	54	6	6	0.15	e8	☆			
		5.75	(.226)	05830-BS07P	36	54	7	6	0.15	h10	☆			
		6.0	(.236)	06030-BS07P	36	54	7	6	0.15	e8	☆			
		6.75	(.265)	06830-BS08P	40	58	8	8	0.15	h10	☆			
		7.0	(.275)	07030-BS08P	40	58	8	8	0.15	e8	☆			
		7.75	(.305)	07830-BS09P	40	58	9	8	0.15	h10	☆			
		8.0	(.315)	08030-BS09P	40	58	9	8	0.15	e8	☆			
		9.0	(.354)	09030-BS10P	46	66	10	10	0.15	e8	☆			
		9.7	(.382)	09730-BS11P	46	66	11	10	0.15	h10	☆			
		10.0	(.394)	10030-BS11P	46	66	11	10	0.25	e8	☆			
		11.7	(.461)	11730-BS12P	50.5	73	12	12	0.25	h10	☆			
		12.0	(.472)	12030-BS12P	50.5	73	12	12	0.25	e8	☆			
	13.7	(.540)	13730-BS14P	52.5	75	14	14	0.25	h10	☆				
	14.0	(.551)	14030-BS14P	52.5	75	14	14	0.25	e8	☆				
	15.7	(.618)	15730-BS16P	58	82	16	16	0.25	h10	☆				
	16.0	(.630)	16030-BS16P	58	82	16	16	0.25	e8	☆				
	17.7	(.697)	17730-BS18P	60	84	18	18	0.25	h10	☆				
	18.0	(.709)	18030-BS18P	60	84	18	18	0.25	e8	☆				
	19.7	(.775)	19730-BS20P	67	92	20	20	0.25	h10	☆				
	20.0	(.787)	20030-BS20P	67	92	20	20	0.35	e8	☆				
		 $z_n = 3$	1.8	(.071)	R216.13-01830-BS30P	32	50	3	6	0.10	h10	☆		
			2.0	(.079)	02030-BS30P	32	50	3	6	0.10	e8	☆		
			2.8	(.110)	02830-BS40P	32	50	4	6	0.10	h10	☆		
			3.0	(.118)	03030-BS04P	32	50	4	6	0.10	e8	☆		
			3.8	(.150)	03830-BS05P	36	54	5	6	0.10	h10	☆		
			4.0	(.157)	04030-BS05P	36	54	5	6	0.10	e8	☆		
			4.8	(.190)	04830-BS06P	36	54	6	6	0.15	h10	☆		
			5.0	(.194)	05030-BS06P	36	54	6	6	0.15	e8	☆		
			5.75	(.226)	05830-BS07P	36	54	7	6	0.15	h10	☆		
			6.0	(.236)	06030-BS07P	36	54	7	6	0.15	e8	☆		
			6.75	(.265)	06830-BS08P	40	58	8	8	0.15	h10	☆		
			7.0	(.275)	07030-BS08P	40	58	8	8	0.15	e8	☆		
7.75			(.305)	07830-BS09P	40	58	9	8	0.15	h10	☆			
8.0			(.315)	08030-BS09P	40	58	9	8	0.15	e8	☆			
9.0			(.354)	09030-BS10P	46	66	10	10	0.25	e8	☆			
9.7			(.382)	09730-BS11P	46	66	11	10	0.25	h10	☆			
10.0			(.394)	10030-BS11P	46	66	11	10	0.25	e8	☆			
11.7			(.461)	11730-BS12P	50.5	73	12	12	0.25	h10	☆			
12.0			(.472)	12030-BS12P	50.5	73	12	12	0.25	e8	☆			
13.7			(.540)	13730-BS14P	52.5	75	14	14	0.25	h10	☆			
14.0	(.551)	14030-BS14P	52.5	75	14	14	0.25	e8	☆					
15.7	(.618)	15730-BS16P	58	82	16	16	0.25	h10	☆					
16.0	(.630)	16030-BS16P	58	82	16	16	0.25	e8	☆					
17.7	(.697)	17730-BS18P	60	84	18	18	0.25	h10	☆					
18.0	(.709)	18030-BS18P	60	84	18	18	0.25	e8	☆					
19.7	(.775)	19730-BS20P	67	92	20	20	0.25	h10	☆					
20.0	(.787)	20030-BS20P	67	92	20	20	0.35	e8	☆					

<sup>1)</sup>Maximum cutting edge length.

Ordering example: 10 pieces R216.12-02030-BS30P 1630



Cutting data, see page 171.



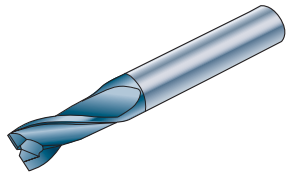
# MILLING

CoroMill® Plura

## General purpose endmill

Metric sizes

Hardness <48HRc



Material:

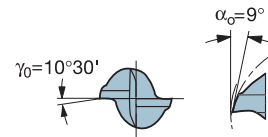
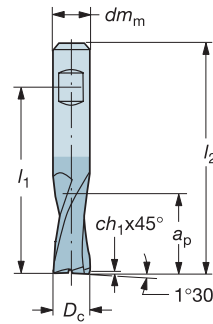


Helix angle: ~30°

Tolerances:

$D_c$  — h10

$dm_m$  — h6



Shank type	Front type	Ordering code		Dimensions, mm						Grade		
		$D_c$ mm	inch	$l_1$	$l_2$	Max $a_p$ <sup>1)</sup>	$dm_m$	$ch_1$	1630			
Cylindrical 	 $z_n = 2$	1	(.039)	R216.32-01030-AC30P	—	57	3	6	—	☆		
		1.5	(.059)	01530-AC30P	—	57	3	6	—	☆		
		2	(.079)	02030-AC60P	—	57	6	6	—	☆		
		2.5	(.098)	02530-AC70P	—	57	7	6	—	☆		
		3	(.118)	03030-AC07P	—	57	7	6	—	☆		
		3.5	(.138)	03530-AC07P	—	57	7	6	—	☆		
		4	(.157)	04030-AC08P	—	57	8	6	—	☆		
		4.5	(.177)	04530-AC08P	—	57	8	6	—	☆		
		5	(.194)	05030-AC10P	—	57	10	6	—	☆		
		6	(.236)	06030-AC10P	—	57	10	6	—	☆		
		7	(.275)	07030-AC13P	—	63	13	8	—	☆		
		8	(.315)	08030-AC16P	—	63	16	8	—	☆		
		9	(.354)	09030-AC16P	—	72	16	10	—	☆		
		10	(.394)	10030-AC19P	—	72	19	10	0.12	☆		
		11	(.433)	11030-AC22P	—	83	22	12	0.12	☆		
		12	(.472)	12030-AC22P	—	83	22	12	0.12	☆		
14	(.551)	14030-AC22P	—	83	22	14	0.15	☆				
16	(.630)	16030-AC26P	—	92	26	16	0.15	☆				
18	(.709)	18030-AC26P	—	92	26	18	0.15	☆				
20	(.787)	20030-AC32P	—	104	32	20	0.15	☆				
Weldon 	 $z_n = 2$	10	(.394)	R216.32-10030-BC19P	52	72	19	10	0.12	☆		
		12	(.472)	12030-BC22P	60.5	83	22	12	0.12	☆		
		16	(.630)	16030-BC26P	68	92	26	16	0.15	☆		
		18	(.709)	18030-BC26P	68	92	26	18	0.15	☆		
		20	(.787)	20030-BC32P	79	104	32	20	0.15	☆		

<sup>1)</sup> Maximum cutting edge length.

Ordering example: 10 pieces R216.32-01030-AC30P 1630

### 2-30°, ISO-P, M, K, S

For steel <48HRc, stainless steel, cast iron, HRSA and titanium

- The problem solver—but bear in mind that with two cutting edges you can never achieve the highest metal removal rates.

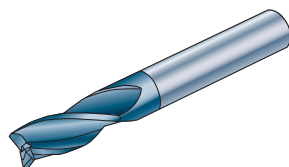
- Moving from three to two cutting edges will not usually improve stability.
- In most applications, the shorter tool with two cutting edges for keyway slotting will work better.
- For higher productivity try an endmill with three cutting edges and 45° helix.



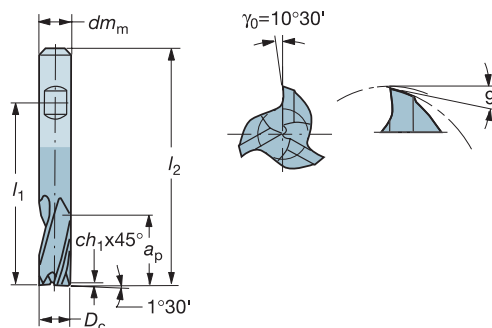
# General purpose endmill

Metric sizes

Hardness <48HRc



Material: **P M K S**  
 Helix angle: ~30°  
 Tolerances:  $D_c - h10$   
 $dm_m - h6$



$l_1$  = programming length

Shank type	Front type	Ordering code		Dimensions, mm					Grade			
		$D_c$ mm	inch	$l_1$	$l_2$	Max $a_p^{1)}$	$dm_m$	$ch_1$	1630			
Cylindrical 	 $z_n = 3$	1	(.039)	R216.33-01030-AC30P	-	57	3	6	-	☆		
		1.5	(.059)	01530-AC30P	-	57	3	6	-	☆		
		2	(.079)	02030-AC60P	-	57	6	6	-	☆		
		2.5	(.098)	02530-AC70P	-	57	7	6	-	☆		
		3	(.118)	03030-AC07P	-	57	7	6	-	☆		
		3.5	(.138)	03530-AC07P	-	57	7	6	-	☆		
		4	(.157)	04030-AC08P	-	57	8	6	-	☆		
		4.5	(.177)	04530-AC08P	-	57	8	6	-	☆		
		5	(.194)	05030-AC10P	-	57	10	6	-	☆		
		5.5	(.216)	05530-AC10P	-	57	10	6	-	☆		
		6	(.236)	06030-AC10P	-	57	10	6	-	☆		
		6.5	(.256)	06530-AC13P	-	63	13	8	-	☆		
		7	(.275)	07030-AC13P	-	63	13	8	-	☆		
		7.5	(.295)	07530-AC16P	-	63	16	8	-	☆		
		8	(.315)	08030-AC16P	-	63	16	8	-	☆		
		9	(.354)	09030-AC16P	-	72	16	10	0.12	☆		
		10	(.394)	10030-AC19P	-	72	19	10	0.12	☆		
		11	(.433)	11030-AC22P	-	83	22	12	0.12	☆		
		12	(.472)	12030-AC22P	-	83	22	12	0.12	☆		
		13	(.511)	13030-AC22P	-	83	22	14	0.15	☆		
14	(.551)	14030-AC22P	-	83	22	14	0.15	☆				
15	(.590)	15030-AC26P	-	92	26	16	0.15	☆				
16	(.630)	16030-AC26P	-	92	26	16	0.15	☆				
18	(.709)	18030-AC26P	-	92	26	18	0.15	☆				
20	(.787)	20030-AC32P	-	104	32	20	0.15	☆				
Weldon 	 $z_n = 3$	6	(.236)	R216.33-06030-BC10P	39	57	10	6	-	☆		
		8	(.315)	08030-BC16P	45	63	16	8	-	☆		
		9	(.354)	09030-BC16P	45	72	16	10	0.12	☆		
		10	(.394)	10030-BC19P	52	72	19	10	0.12	☆		
		12	(.472)	12030-BC22P	60.5	83	22	12	0.15	☆		
		14	(.551)	14030-BC22P	60.5	83	22	14	0.15	☆		
		16	(.630)	16030-BC26P	68	92	26	16	0.15	☆		
		18	(.709)	18030-BC26P	68	92	26	18	0.15	☆		
		20	(.787)	20030-BC32P	79	104	32	20	0.15	☆		
		Cylindrical 	 $z_n = 3$	Extra long		R216.33-01030-AK40P	-	57	4	6	-	☆
1.5	(.059)			01530-AK60P	-	57	6	6	-	☆		
2	(.079)			02030-AK80P	-	57	8	6	-	☆		
3	(.118)			03030-AK12P	-	57	12	6	-	☆		
4	(.157)			04030-AK14P	-	57	14	6	-	☆		
5	(.194)			05030-AK16P	-	50	16	6	-	☆		
6	(.236)			06030-AK22P	-	65	22	6	-	☆		
8	(.315)			08030-AK28P	-	80	28	8	-	☆		
10	(.394)			10030-AK32P	-	100	32	10	0.12	☆		
12	(.472)			12030-AK38P	-	100	38	12	0.12	☆		
16	(.630)			16030-AK50P	-	115	50	16	0.15	☆		
20	(.787)	20030-AK50P	-	125	50	20	0.15	☆				

<sup>1)</sup> Maximum cutting edge length.

Ordering example: 10 pieces R216.33-01030-AC30P 1630

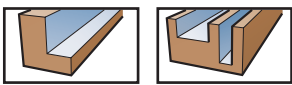
## 3-30°, ISO-P, M, K, S

For steel <48HRc, stainless steel, cast iron, HRSA and titanium.

- In most applications the shorter tool with three cutting edges for keyway slotting will work better.

- For higher productivity try a tool with four cutting edges and 30° helix.
- In most applications you will gain better stability with an endmill with three cutting edges and 45° helix.
- When you have problems with this endmill try an endmill with two cutting edges.





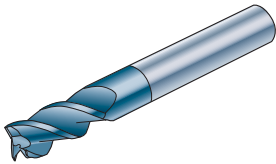
# MILLING

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## General purpose endmill

Metric sizes

Hardness <48HRc



Material:

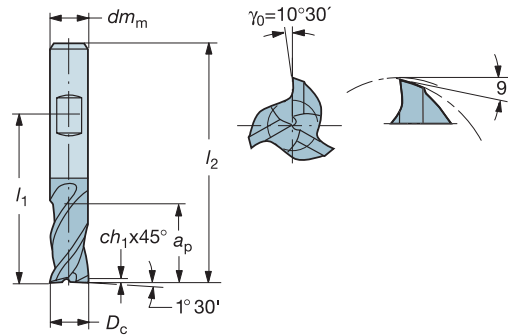


Helix angle:

~45°

Tolerances:

$D_c$  — h10  
 $dm_m$  — h6



$l_1$  = programming length

Shank type	Front type	Ordering code		Dimensions, mm					Grade	
		$D_c$ mm inch		$l_1$	$l_2$	Max $a_p$ <sup>1)</sup>	$dm_m$	$ch_1$	1620	1630
Cylindrical 	 $z_n = 3$	2 (.079)	R216.33-02045-AC60P	—	57	6	6	—	☆	☆
		3 (.118)	03045-AC07P	—	57	7	6	—	☆	☆
		4 (.157)	04045-AC08P	—	57	8	6	—	☆	☆
		5 (.194)	05045-AC10P	—	57	10	6	—	☆	☆
		6 (.236)	06045-AC10P	—	57	10	6	—	☆	☆
		7 (.275)	07045-AC13P	—	63	13	8	—	☆	☆
		8 (.315)	08045-AC16P	—	63	16	8	—	☆	☆
		9 (.354)	09045-AC16P	—	72	16	10	0.12	☆	☆
		10 (.394)	10045-AC19P	—	72	19	10	0.12	☆	☆
		12 (.472)	12045-AC22P	—	83	22	12	0.12	☆	☆
		14 (.551)	14045-AC22P	—	83	22	14	0.15	☆	☆
		16 (.630)	16045-AC26P	—	92	26	16	0.15	☆	☆
		18 (.709)	18045-AC26P	—	92	26	18	0.15	☆	☆
		20 (.787)	20045-AC32P	—	104	32	20	0.15	☆	☆
Weldon 	 $z_n = 3$	6 (.236)	R216.33-06045-BC10P	39	57	10	6	—	☆	☆
		8 (.315)	08045-BC16P	45	63	16	8	—	☆	☆
		9 (.354)	09045-BC16P	52	72	16	10	0.12	☆	☆
		10 (.394)	10045-BC19P	52	72	19	10	0.12	☆	☆
		12 (.472)	12045-BC22P	60.5	83	22	12	0.12	☆	☆
		14 (.551)	14045-BC22P	60.5	83	22	14	0.15	☆	☆
		16 (.630)	16045-BC26P	68	92	26	16	0.15	☆	☆
		18 (.709)	18045-BC26P	68	92	26	18	0.15	☆	☆
		20 (.787)	20045-BC32P	79	104	32	20	0.15	☆	☆

<sup>1)</sup> Maximum cutting edge length.

Ordering example: 10 pieces R216.33-02045-AC60P 1620

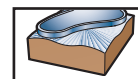
### 3-45°, ISO-P, M, K, S

For steel <48HRc, stainless steel, cast iron, HRSA and titanium. A very good tool in most applications!

- In many applications the shorter tool with three cutting edges for keyway slotting will work better.

- If you experience problems with excessive axial forces try an endmill with three cutting edges and 30° helix.
- If the chip room is not large enough try an endmill with two cutting edges and 30° helix.

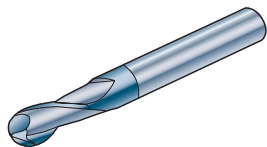
$v_c$  Cutting data, see page 171.



# High performance ball nose endmill

Inch and metric sizes

Hardness up to 48 HRC

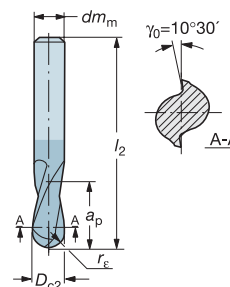


Material:



Helix angle: -30°

Tolerances:  $D_{c2} - h9$   
 $dm_m - h6$



Shank type	Front type	$D_{c2}$ mm inch	Ordering code	Dimensions, inch					Grade					
				$r_g \pm 0.01$	$l_2$	$l_3$	Max $a_p^{1)}$	$dm_m$	1620					
Cylindrical	 $Z_n = 2$	.062 .093 .125 .156 .187 .250 .312 .375 .500	Short											
			RA216.42- 0430-AS08P	.031	2.000	.250	.125	.250	☆					
			0630-AS12P	.046	2.000	.250	.187	.250	☆					
			0830-AS04P	.062	2.000	.375	.250	.250	☆					
			1030-AS05P	.078	2.000	.500	.312	.250	☆					
			1230-AS06P	.093	2.000	.500	.375	.250	☆					
			1630-AS08P	.125	2.000	-	.500	.250	☆					
			2030-AS10P	.156	2.500	.750	.625	.375	☆					
			2430-AS12P	.187	2.500	-	.750	.375	☆					
			3230-AS16P	.250	3.000	-	1.000	.500	☆					
			 $Z_n = 2$	.062 .093 .125 .156 .187 .250 .312 .375 .500	Long									
					RA216.42- 0430-AK08P	.031	3.000	.250	.125	.250	☆			
	0630-AK12P	.046			3.000	.375	.187	.250	☆					
	0830-AK04P	.062			3.000	.500	.250	.250	☆					
	1030-AK05P	.078			3.000	.625	.312	.250	☆					
	1230-AK06P	.093			3.000	.750	.375	.250	☆					
	1630-AK08P	.125			3.000	-	.500	.250	☆					
	2030-AK10P	.156			3.500	1.250	.625	.375	☆					
	2430-AK12P	.187			3.500	-	.750	.375	☆					
	3230-AK16P	.250			4.000	-	1.000	.500	☆					
	 $Z_n = 2$	1 (.039) 1.5 (.059) 2 (.079) 2.5 (.098) 3 (.118) 4 (.157) 5 (.194) 6 (.236) 7 (.275) 8 (.315) 9 (.354) 10 (.394) 12 (.472) 14 (.551)			Short									
					R216.42- 01030-AC30P	0.5	57	-	3	6	☆			
			01530-AC30P	0.75	57	-	3	6	☆					
			02030-AC60P	1.0	57	-	6	6	☆					
02530-AC70P			1.25	57	-	7	6	☆						
03030-AC07P			1.5	57	-	7	6	☆						
04030-AC08P			2.0	57	-	8	6	☆						
05030-AC10P			2.5	57	-	10	6	☆						
06030-AC10P			3.0	57	-	10	6	☆						
07030-AC13P			3.5	63	-	13	8	☆						
08030-AC16P			4.0	63	-	16	8	☆						
09030-AC16P			4.5	72	-	16	10	☆						
10030-AC19P			5.0	72	-	19	10	☆						
12030-AC22P			6.0	83	-	22	12	☆						
14030-AC22P	7.0	83	-	22	14	☆								

<sup>1)</sup> Maximum cutting edge length.

Ordering example: 10 pieces RA216.42-0430-AS08P 1620

## Ball nose, <48HRC, ISO-P, M, K, N, S

For profiling applications in steel <48HRC, stainless steel, cast iron, HRSA and titanium

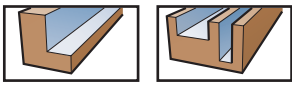
- Always use the shortest possible tool protrusion.
- In roughing applications where you need large chip room and good stability use a tool with two cutting edges.

• In semi-finishing applications and general applications, use a tool with four cutting edges for best productivity.

• In finishing/super-finishing applications use a tool with two cutting edges.



Cutting data, see page 171.



# MILLING

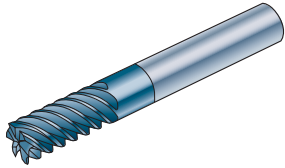
CoroMill® Plura

## High performance finishing endmill

Inch sizes

Non center cutting

Hardness up to 48HRc

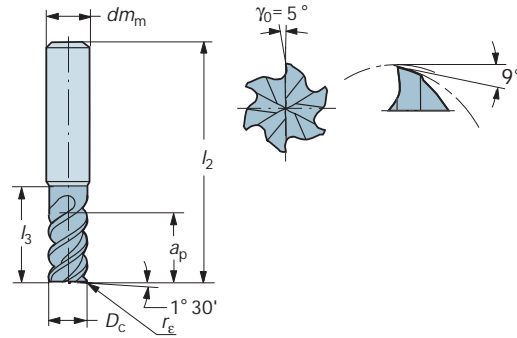


Material:



Helix angle: ~50°

Tolerances:  $D_c$  — h10  
 $dm_m$  — h6



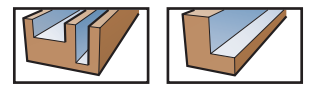
Shank type	Front type	Ordering code		Dimensions, inch					Grade				
				$D_c$ Inch	$l_2$	$l_3$	Max $a_p^{1)}$	$dm_m$	Radius $r_ε$	1620			
Cylindrical		.062	Long										
			RA215.24- 0450AAK13L	3.000	.250	.200	.250	.015	☆				
			0650AAK18L	3.000	.375	.286	.250	.015	☆				
			0650BAK18L	3.000	.375	.286	.250	.031	☆				
			0850AAK06L	3.000	.500	.375	.250	.015	☆				
			0850BAK06L	3.000	.500	.375	.250	.031	☆				
			1050AAK08L	3.000	.625	.500	.250	.015	☆				
			1050BAK08L	3.000	.625	.500	.250	.031	☆				
				.187	RA215.26- 1250AAK09L	3.000	.750	.571	.250	.015	☆		
					1250BAK09L	3.000	.750	.571	.250	.031	☆		
					1650AAK12L	3.000	—	.750	.250	.015	☆		
					1650BAK12L	3.000	—	.750	.250	.031	☆		
					2050AAK15L	3.500	1.250	1.000	.375	.015	☆		
					2050BAK15L	3.500	1.250	1.000	.375	.031	☆		
	2450BAK18L	3.500			—	1.125	.375	.031	☆				
	2450DAK18L	3.500			—	1.125	.375	.062	☆				
	3250BAK24L	4.000			—	1.500	.500	.031	☆				
	3250DAK24L	4.000			—	1.500	.500	.062	☆				
	4050DAK30L	4.500			—	1.875	.625	.062	☆				
	4050HAK30L	4.500			—	1.875	.625	.125	☆				
		8	.750	RA215.28- 4850DAK36L	5.000	—	2.250	.750	.062	☆			
				4850HAK36L	5.000	—	2.250	.750	.125	☆			
			.250	Extra long									
				RA215.26- 1650BAL18L	4.000	—	1.125	.250	.031	☆			
				2050BAL23L	4.500	1.750	1.400	.375	.031	☆			
				2450DAL27L	4.500	—	1.666	.375	.062	☆			
3250DAL36L				5.000	—	2.250	.500	.062	☆				
4050HAL45L				5.500	—	2.800	.625	.125	☆				
RA215.28- 4850HAL54L				6.000	—	3.375	.750	.125	☆				

<sup>1)</sup> Maximum cutting edge length.

Ordering example: 10 pieces RA215.24-0450AAK13L 1620

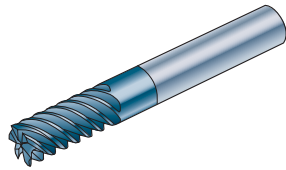
For finishing applications in steel <48HRc, stainless steel, cast iron, HRSA and titanium.

- If the chip room is not large enough try an endmill with four cutting edges.

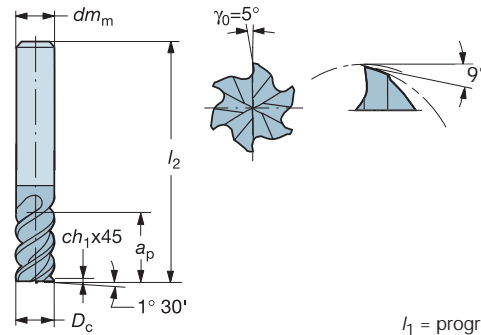


### Finishing endmill

Metric sizes  
Non center cutting  
Hardness <48HRc



Material: **P M K S**  
Helix angle:  $-60^\circ$   
Tolerances:  $D_c - h10$   
 $dm_m - h6$



$l_1$  = programming length

Shank type	Front type	$z_n$	Ordering code		Dimensions, mm				Grade			
			$D_c$ mm inch		$l_2$	Max $a_p^{(1)}$	$dm_m$	$ch_1$	1620			
Cylindrical 		6	6	(.236)	R215.36-06060-AC13L	57	13	6	0.12	☆		
		6	8	(.315)	08060-AC19L	63	19	8	0.12	☆		
		6	10	(.394)	10060-AC22L	72	22	10	0.12	☆		
		6	12	(.472)	12060-AC26L	83	26	12	0.12	☆		
		6	14	(.551)	14060-AC26L	83	26	14	0.15	☆		
		6	16	(.630)	16060-AC32L	92	32	16	0.15	☆		
		6	18	(.709)	18060-AC32L	92	32	18	0.15	☆		
		6	20	(.787)	20060-AC38L	104	38	20	0.15	☆		

<sup>1)</sup> Maximum cutting edge length.

Ordering example: 10 pieces R215.36-06060-AC13L 1620

### 6-60°, ISO-P, M, K, S

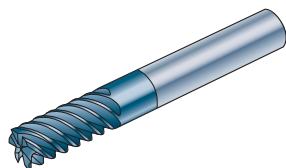
For finishing applications in steel <48HRc, stainless steel, cast iron. HRSA and titanium.

- In most applications you will gain better stability with an endmill with six cutting edges and 50° helix, bottom of this page.

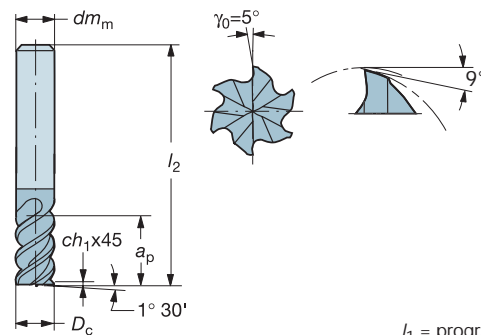
- If the chip room is not large enough try an endmill with four cutting edges and 50° helix.

### Finishing endmill

Metric sizes  
Non center cutting  
Hardness <48HRc



Material: **P M K S**  
Helix angle:  $\sim 50^\circ$   
Tolerances:  $D_c - h10$   
 $dm_m - h6$



$l_1$  = programming length

Shank type	Front type	$z_n$	Ordering code		Dimensions, mm				Grade			
			$D_c$ mm inch		$l_2$	Max $a_p^{(1)}$	$dm_m$	$ch_1$	1620			
Cylindrical 		4	3	(.118)	R215.34-03050-AC08L	57	8	6	0.12	☆		
		4	4	(.157)	R215.34-04050-AC11L	57	11	6	0.12	☆		
		5	5	(.194)	R215.35-05050-AC13L	57	13	6	0.12	☆		
		6	6	(.236)	R215.36-06050-AC13L	57	13	6	0.12	☆		
		6	8	(.315)	R215.36-08050-AC19L	63	19	8	0.12	☆		
		6	10	(.394)	R215.36-10050-AC22L	72	22	10	0.12	☆		
		6	12	(.472)	R215.36-12050-AC26L	83	26	12	0.12	☆		
		6	16	(.630)	R215.36-16050-AC32L	92	32	16	0.19	☆		
		8	25	(.984)	R215.38-20050-AC38L	104	38	20	0.19	☆		

<sup>1)</sup> Maximum cutting edge length.

Ordering example: 10 pieces R215.34-03050-AC08L 1620

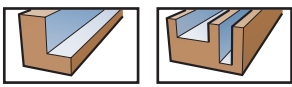
### New tool, 50°, ISO-P, M, K, S

For finishing applications in steel <48HRc, stainless steel, cast iron. HRSA and titanium.

- In most applications you will gain better stability with an endmill with four cutting edges and 50° helix.

- If the chip room is not large enough try an endmill with four cutting edges and 50° helix.

$v_c$  Cutting data, see page 171.



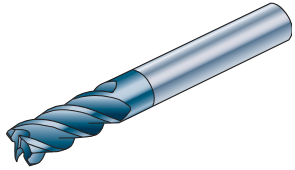
# MILLING

CoroMill® Plura

## General purpose endmill

Metric sizes

Hardness <48HRc

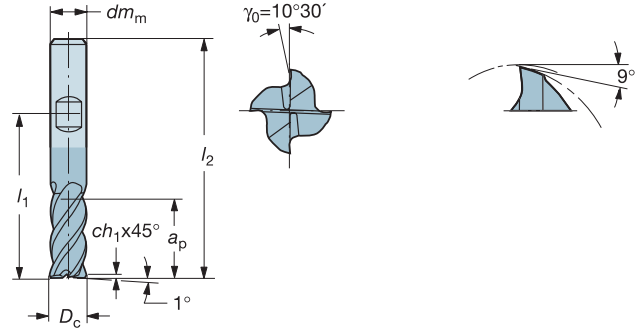


Material:



Helix angle: -45°

Tolerances:  $D_c - h10$   
 $dm_m - h6$



$l_1$  = programming length

Shank type	Front type	$z_n$	$D_c$ mm inch	Ordering code	Dimensions, mm					Grade			
					$l_1$	$l_2$	Max $a_p$ <sup>1)</sup>	$dm_m$	$ch_1$	1620	1630		
Cylindrical		4	2 (.079)	R216.34-02045-AC70N	-	57	7	6	-	☆	☆		
		4	3 (.118)	03045-AC08N	-	57	8	6	-	☆☆	☆☆		
		4	4 (.157)	04045-AC11N	-	57	11	6	-	☆☆	☆☆		
		4	5 (.194)	05045-AC13N	-	57	13	6	-	☆☆	☆☆		
		4	6 (.236)	06045-AC13N	-	57	13	6	-	☆☆	☆☆		
		4	8 (.315)	08045-AC19N	-	63	19	8	-	☆☆	☆☆		
		4	10 (.394)	10045-AC22N	-	72	22	10	0.12	☆☆	☆☆		
		4	12 (.472)	12045-AC26N	-	83	26	12	0.12	☆☆	☆☆		
		4	14 (.551)	14045-AC26N	-	83	26	14	0.15	☆☆	☆☆		
		4	16 (.630)	16045-AC32N	-	92	32	16	0.15	☆☆	☆☆		
		5	18 (.709)	R216.35-18045-AC32N	-	92	32	18	0.15	☆☆	☆☆		
		5	20 (.787)	R216.35-20045-AC38N	-	104	38	20	0.15	☆☆	☆☆		
		Weldon		4	6 (.236)	R216.34-06045-BC13N	39	57	13	6	-	☆☆	
				4	8 (.315)	08045-BC19N	45	63	19	8	-	☆☆	
4	10 (.394)			10045-BC22N	52	72	22	10	0.12	☆☆			
4	12 (.472)			12045-BC26N	60.5	83	26	12	0.12	☆☆			
4	14 (.551)			14045-BC26N	60.5	83	26	14	0.15	☆☆			
4	16 (.630)			16045-BC32N	68	92	32	16	0.15	☆☆			
5	20 (.787)			R216.35-20045-BC38N	79	104	38	20	0.15	☆☆			
Cylindrical				4	6 (.236)	Extra long	47	65	22	6	0.12	☆☆	
		4	8 (.315)	R216.34-06045-AK22N	62	80	28	8	0.12	☆☆			
		4	10 (.394)	08045-AK28N	80	100	32	10	0.12	☆☆			
		4	12 (.472)	10045-AK32N	80	100	32	10	0.12	☆☆			
		4	14 (.551)	12045-AK40N	77.5	100	40	12	0.12	☆☆			
		4	14 (.551)	14045-AK50N	81.5	104	50	14	0.15	☆☆			
		5	16 (.630)	R216.35-16045-AK50N	91	115	50	16	0.15	☆☆			
		5	20 (.787)	R216.35-20045-AK55N	100	125	55	20	0.15	☆☆			
		6	20 (.787)	R216.36-20045-AK75N	120	145	75	20	0.15	☆☆			
		8	25 (.984)	R216.38-25045-AK90N	121	153	90	25	0.15	☆☆			

<sup>1)</sup> Maximum cutting edge length.

Ordering example: 10 pieces R216.34-02045-AC70N 1620

### 4-45°, ISO-P, M, K, S

For steel <48HRc, stainless steel, cast iron, HRSA and titanium

- Always use the shortest possible tool protrusion.
- For higher productivity try a tool with six cutting edges and 50° helix.
- In some applications you will gain better stability with an endmill with four cutting edges and 50° helix.

- If the chip room is not large enough try an endmill with three cutting edges and 45° helix.

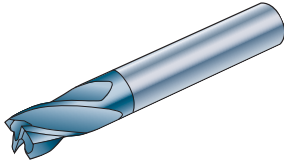
$v_c$  Cutting data, see page 171.



# General purpose endmill

Metric sizes

Hardness <48HRc



Material:



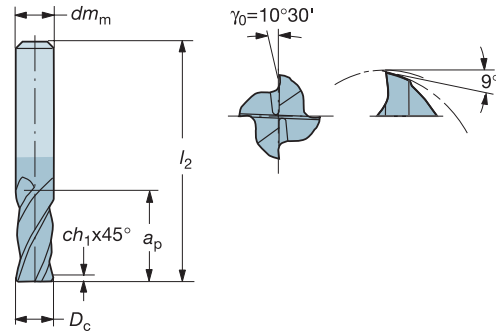
Helix angle:

-30°



Tolerances:

$D_c$  — h10

$dm_m$  — h6



$l_1$  = programming length

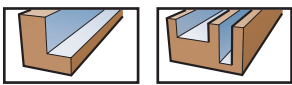
Shank type	Front type	Ordering code		Dimensions, mm				Grade			
				$l_2$	Max $a_p^{1)}$	$dm_m$	$ch_1$	1620	1630		
		$D_c$ mm	inch								
Cylindrical 	 $z_n = 4$	Short									
		2	(.079)	R216.34-02030-AS40N	50	4	6	-	☆	☆	
		3	(.118)	03030-AS05N	50	5	6	-	☆	☆	
		4	(.157)	04030-AS08N	54	8	6	-	☆	☆	
		5	(.194)	05030-AS09N	54	9	6	-	☆	☆	
		6	(.236)	06030-AS10N	54	10	6	-	☆	☆	
		7	(.275)	07030-AS11N	58	11	8	-	☆	☆	
		8	(.315)	08030-AS12N	58	12	8	-	☆	☆	
		10	(.394)	10030-AS14N	66	14	10	0.12	☆	☆	
		12	(.472)	12030-AS16N	73	16	12	0.12	☆	☆	
		14	(.551)	14030-AS18N	75	18	14	0.15	☆	☆	
		16	(.630)	16030-AS22N	82	22	16	0.15	☆	☆	
		18	(.709)	18030-AS24N	84	24	18	0.15	☆	☆	
		20	(.787)	20030-AS26N	92	26	20	0.15	☆	☆	
				Long							
		2	(.079)	R216.34-02030-AC70N	57	7	6	-	☆	☆	
		3	(.118)	03030-AC08N	57	8	6	-	☆	☆	
		3.5	(.138)	03530-AC10N	57	10	6	-	☆	☆	
		4	(.157)	04030-AC11N	57	11	6	-	☆	☆	
		4.5	(.177)	04530-AC11N	57	11	6	-	☆	☆	
		5	(.194)	05030-AC13N	57	13	6	-	☆	☆	
		5.5	(.216)	05530-AC13N	57	13	6	-	☆	☆	
		6	(.236)	06030-AC13N	57	13	6	-	☆	☆	
		6.5	(.256)	06530-AC16N	63	16	8	-	☆	☆	
		7	(.275)	07030-AC16N	63	16	8	-	☆	☆	
		8	(.315)	08030-AC19N	63	19	8	-	☆	☆	
		9	(.354)	09030-AC19N	72	19	10	-	☆	☆	
		10	(.394)	10030-AC22N	72	22	10	0.12	☆	☆	
		12	(.472)	12030-AC26N	83	26	12	0.12	☆	☆	
		14	(.551)	14030-AC26N	83	26	14	0.15	☆	☆	
		16	(.630)	16030-AC32N	92	32	16	0.15	☆	☆	
		18	(.709)	18030-AC32N	92	32	18	0.15	☆	☆	
		20	(.787)	20030-AC38N	104	38	20	0.15	☆	☆	

<sup>1)</sup> Maximum cutting edge length.

Ordering example: 10 pieces R216.34-02030-AS40N 1620



Cutting data, see page 171.



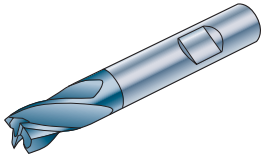
# MILLING

CoroMill® Plura

## General purpose endmill

Metric sizes

Hardness <48HRc



Material:



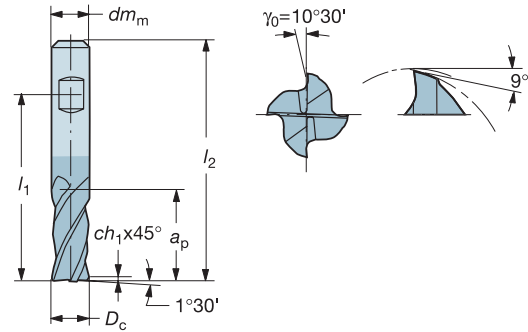
Helix angle:

~30°



Tolerances:

$D_c$  — h10

$dm_m$  — h6



$l_1$  = programming length

Shank type	Front type	Ordering code		Dimensions, mm					Grade				
		$D_c$ mm inch		$l_1$	$l_2$	Max $a_p$ <sup>1)</sup>	$dm_m$	$ch_1$	1630				
Weldon 	 $Z_n = 4$	Short											
		6 (.236)	<b>R216.34-06030-BS10N</b>	36	54	10	6	—	☆				
		8 (.315)	<b>08030-BS12N</b>	40	58	12	8	—	☆☆				
		10 (.394)	<b>10030-BS14N</b>	46	66	14	10	0.12	☆☆				
		12 (.472)	<b>12030-BS16N</b>	50.5	73	16	12	0.12	☆☆				
		14 (.551)	<b>14030-BS18N</b>	52.5	75	18	14	0.15	☆☆				
		16 (.630)	<b>16030-BS22N</b>	58	82	22	16	0.15	☆☆				
		18 (.709)	<b>18030-BS24N</b>	60	84	24	18	0.15	☆☆				
		20 (.787)	<b>20030-BS26N</b>	67	92	26	20	0.15	☆☆				
		Long											
		6 (.236)	<b>R216.34-06030-BC13N</b>	39	57	13	6	—	☆				
		8 (.315)	<b>08030-BC19N</b>	45	63	19	8	—	☆☆				
		10 (.394)	<b>10030-BC22N</b>	52	72	22	10	0.12	☆☆				
		12 (.472)	<b>12030-BC26N</b>	60.5	83	26	12	0.12	☆☆				
		14 (.551)	<b>14030-BC26N</b>	60.5	83	26	14	0.15	☆☆				
		16 (.630)	<b>16030-BC32N</b>	68	92	32	16	0.15	☆☆				
		18 (.709)	<b>18030-BC32N</b>	68	92	32	18	0.15	☆☆				
		20 (.787)	<b>20030-BC38N</b>	79	104	38	20	0.15	☆☆				
		25 (.984)	<b>25030-BC45N</b>	89	121	45	25	0.15	☆☆				

<sup>1)</sup> Maximum cutting edge length.


Ordering example: 10 pieces R216.34-06030-BS10N 1630

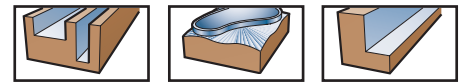
### 4-30°, ISO-P, M, K, S

For steel <48HRc, stainless steel, cast iron, HRSA and titanium

- Always use the shortest possible tool protrusion.
- For higher productivity try a tool with six cutting edges and 50° helix.

- In some applications you will gain better stability with an endmill with four cutting edges and 50° helix.
- If the chip room is not large enough try an endmill with three cutting edges and 45° helix.

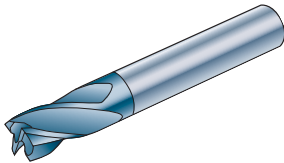
  $v_c$  Cutting data, see page 171.



# Endmills for Turn-Milling

Metric sizes

Hardness <48HRc

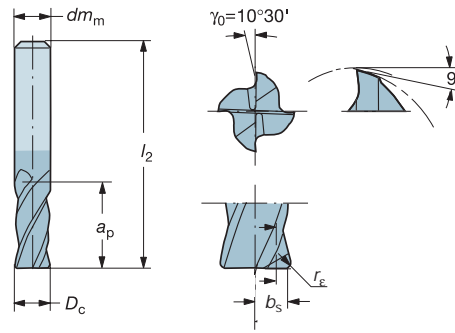


Material:



Helix angle: ~30°

Tolerances:  $D_c - h10$   
 $dm_m - h6$



$l_1$  = programming length

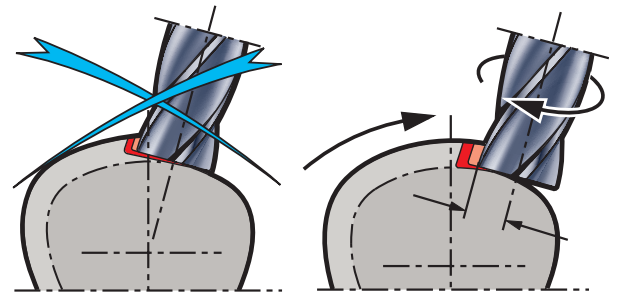
Shank type	Front type	Ordering code				Dimensions, mm					Grade		
		$D_c$ mm	inch			$l_2$	Max $a_p$ <sup>1)</sup>	$dm_m$	$r_\epsilon$	$b_s$	1620		
Cylindrical 	 $Z_n = 4$	6	(.236)	R216.T4-06030BAS10N	54	10	6	0.5	2.5	☆			
		8	(.315)	R216.T4-08030BAS12N	58	12	8	0.5	3.5	☆			
		10	(.394)	R216.T4-10030CAS14N	66	14	10	1.0	4.0	☆			
		12	(.472)	R216.T4-12030CAS16N	73	16	12	1.0	5.0	☆			

<sup>1)</sup> Maximum cutting edge length.

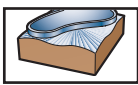
Ordering example: 10 pieces R216.T4-06030-BAS10N 1620

## Turn-Milling, ISO P, M, K, N, S, H

- A specialized CoroMill Plura endmill with a cutting geometry designed for use in Turn-Mill operations.
- Two of the four cutting edges cut in both radial and axial directions, while the remaining two cut mainly in the radial direction.
- For best performance, the endmill's axis of rotation should **not** align exactly with the workpiece's central axis. Instead the endmill should be offset, and sit further around in the workpiece's rotational cycle.



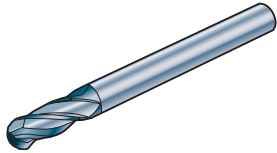




### Ball nose endmill

Inch and metric sizes

Hardness <48 HRC



Material:

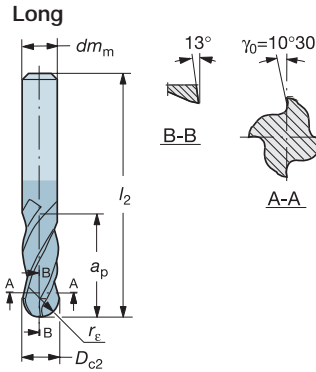


Helix angle: ~30°

Tolerances:

$D_{c2} - h9$

$dm_m - h6$



Shank type	Front type	Ordering code		Dimensions, inch/mm					Grade			
		$D_{c2}$ mm inch		$r_e \pm 0,01$	$l_2$	$l_3$	Max $a_p^{1)}$	$dm_m$	1620			
Cylindrical 	 $z_n = 4$	.062 .093 .125 .156 .187 .250 .312 .375 .500	Long	.031	3.000	.250	.125	.250	☆			
			RA216.44- 0430-AK08N	.046	3.000	.375	.187	.250	☆			
			0630-AK12N	.062	3.000	.500	.250	.250	☆			
			0830-AK04N	.078	3.000	.625	.312	.250	☆			
			1030-AK05N	.093	3.000	.750	.375	.250	☆			
			1230-AK06N	.125	3.000	-	.500	.250	☆			
			1630-AK08N	.156	3.500	1.250	.625	.375	☆			
			2030-AK10N	.187	3.500	-	.750	.375	☆			
			2430-AK12N	.250	4.000	-	1.000	.500	☆			
			3230-AK16N									
				 $z_n = 4$	3 (.118)	R216.44- 03030-AK08N	1.5	80	-	8	6	☆
4 (.157)	04030-AK11N	2.0			80	-	11	6	☆			
5 (.194)	05030-AK13N	2.5			80	-	13	6	☆			
6 (.236)	06030-AK13N	3.0			80	-	13	6	☆			
7 (.275)	07030-AK16N	3.5			100	-	16	8	☆			
8 (.315)	08030-AK19N	4.0			100	-	19	8	☆			
9 (.354)	09030-AK19N	4.5			100	-	19	10	☆			
10 (.394)	10030-AK22N	5.0			100	-	22	10	☆			
12 (.472)	12030-AK26N	6.0			100	-	26	12	☆			
16 (.630)	16030-AK32N	8.0			100	-	32	16	☆			
20 (.787)	20030-AK38N	10.0			125	-	38	20	☆			

<sup>1)</sup> Maximum cutting edge length.

Ordering example: 10 pieces RA216.44-0430-AK08N 1620

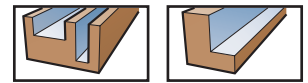
### Ball nose, <48HRC, ISO-P, M, K, S

For profiling applications in steel <48HRC, stainless steel, cast iron, HRSA and titanium

- Always use the shortest possible tool protrusion.
- In roughing applications where you need large chip room and good stability use a tool with two cutting edges.
- In semi-finishing applications and general applications, use a tool with four cutting edges for best productivity.

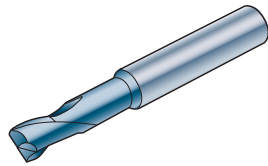
- In finishing/super-finishing applications use a tool with two cutting edges.

$v_c$  Cutting data, see page 171.



### High performance corner radius endmill

Inch sizes Hardness from 43HRC to 58HRC

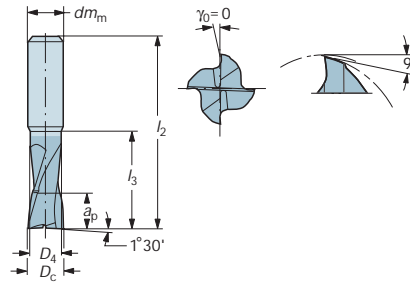


Material:



Helix angle: ~30°

Tolerances:  $D_c - h9$   
 $dm_m - h6$



Shank type	Front type	$Z_n$	$D_c$ inch	Ordering code	Dimensions, inch						Grade			
					$r_{\epsilon} \pm .0004$	$l_2$	$l_3$	$D_4$	Max $a_p^{1)}$	$dm_m$	1610			
Cylindrical		4	.125	RA216.24-0830BAK02G	.031	3.000	.750	.120	.125	.250	☆			
		4	.156		1030BAK02G	.031	3.000	.750	.150	.125	.250	☆		
		4	.187		1230DAK03G	.062	3.000	.750	.182	.187	.250	☆		
		4	.250		1630DAK04G	.062	3.000	1.000	.242	.250	.250	☆		
		4	.375		2430DAK06G	.062	3.500	1.250	.365	.375	.375	☆		
		4	.375		2430HAK06G	.125	3.500	1.250	.365	.375	.375	☆		
		4	.500		3230HAK08G	.125	4.000	1.500	.485	.500	.500	☆		

1) Maximum cutting edge length.

Ordering example: 10 pieces RA216.24-0830BAK02G 1610

### Semifinishing, ISO-H

For semifinishing applications in warm work steels  $\geq 43$  HRC.

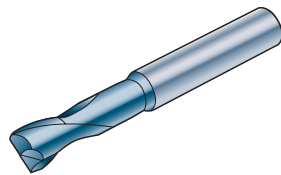
For semifinishing applications in cold work steels  $\geq 52$  HRC.

• For highest productivity in semifinishing applications.

### Corner radius endmill

Metric sizes

Hardness  $43 \leq \text{HRC} \leq 63$

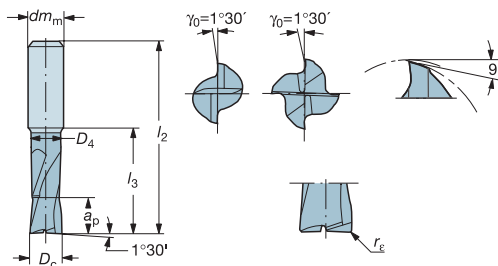


Material:



Helix angle: ~30°

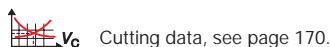
Tolerances:  $D_c - h9$   
 $dm_m - h6$

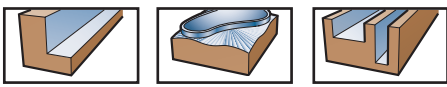


Shank type	Front type	$Z_n$	$D_c$ mm inch	Ordering code	Dimensions, mm						Grade				
					$r_{\epsilon} \pm 0,01$	$l_2$	$D_4$	Max $a_p^{1)}$	$dm_m$	$l_3$	1610				
Cylindrical		Normal													
		2	2 (.079)	R216.22-02030AAI20G	0.2	57	-	2	6	20	☆				
		2	3 (.118)		03030BAI03G	0.5	57	-	3	6	-	☆			
		2	4 (.157)		04030BAI04G	0.5	57	-	4	6	-	☆			
		2	5 (.194)		05030BAI05G	0.5	57	4.7	5	6	20	☆			
		2	6 (.236)		06030CAI06G	1	57	5.7	6	6	21	☆			
		2	8 (.315)		08030CAI08G	1	63	7.7	8	8	27	☆			
		2	10 (.394)		10030DAI10G	1.5	72	9.7	10	10	32	☆			
		2	12 (.472)		12030DAI12G	1.5	83	11.7	12	12	36	☆			
		4	6 (.236)		R216.24-06030CAI06G	1	57	5.7	6	6	21	☆			
		4	8 (.315)		08030CAI08G	1	63	7.7	8	8	27	☆			
		4	10 (.394)		10030DAI10G	1.5	72	9.7	10	10	32	☆			
		4	12 (.472)		12030DAI12G	1.5	83	11.7	12	12	36	☆			
		4	16 (.630)		16030EAI16G	2	92	15.5	16	16	42	☆			
		2	2 (.079)		Long										
	2	3 (.118)	R216.22-02030AAJ20G		0.2	72	1.9	2	6	20	☆				
	2	3 (.118)	03030AAJ03G	0.3	72	2.9	3	6	20	☆					
	4	4 (.157)	R216.24-04030AAJ04G	0.4	72	3.8	4	6	20	☆					
	4	5 (.194)	05030BAJ05G	0.5	72	4.7	5	6	20	☆					
	4	6 (.236)	06030BAJ06G	0.5	72	5.7	6	6	24	☆					
	4	8 (.315)	08030BAJ08G	0.5	80	7.7	8	8	29	☆					
	4	8 (.315)	08030CAJ08G	1	80	7.7	8	8	29	☆					
	4	8 (.315)	08030DAJ08G	1.5	80	7.7	8	8	29	☆					
	4	10 (.394)	10030BAJ10G	0.5	100	9.7	10	10	35	☆					
	4	10 (.394)	10030CAJ10G	1	100	9.7	10	10	35	☆					
	4	12 (.472)	12030BAJ12G	0.5	100	11.7	12	12	36	☆					
	4	12 (.472)	12030CAJ12G	1	100	11.7	12	12	36	☆					
	4	12 (.472)	12030EAJ12G	2	100	11.7	12	12	36	☆					

1) Maximum cutting edge length.

Ordering example: 10 pieces R216.22-02030AAI20G 1610





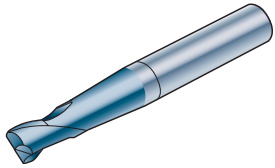
# MILLING

CoroMill® Plura

## Corner radius endmill

Metric sizes

Hardness  $43 \leq \text{HRc} \leq 63$



Material:

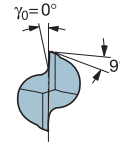
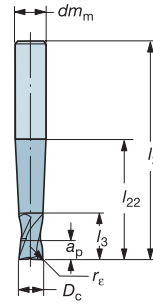


Helix angle:

$30^\circ$   
 $D_c - h9$

Tolerances:

$dm_m - h6$



Shank type	Front type	Ordering code		Dimensions, mm						Grade		
		$D_c$ mm inch		$r_e \pm 0,01$	$l_2$	Max $a_p^{1)}$	$dm_m$	$l_3$	$l_{22}$	1610		
Cylindrical	$z_n = 2$	3 (.118) 4 (.157) 6 (.236)	Extra long	0.5	80	3	6	4	38.4	☆		
			R216.22-03030BAP03G	0.5	90	4	8	5	50.8	☆		
			04030BAP04G	0.5	100	6	10	7	52.8	☆		
			06030BAP06G									
			R216.24-06030CAP06G	1	100	6	10	7	52.8	☆		
			08030CAP08G	1	100	8	12	10	53	☆		
	$z_n = 4$	6 (.236) 8 (.315) 10 (.394) 10 (.394) 12 (.472) 12 (.472) 16 (.630) 16 (.630)	10030CAP10G	1	125	10	14	12	57.8	☆		
			10030GAP10G	3	125	10	14	12	57.8	☆		
			12030CAP12G	1	140	12	16	14	59.8	☆		
			12030GAP12G	3	140	12	16	14	59.8	☆		
			16030CAP16G	1	150	16	20	18	63.9	☆		
			16030GAP16G	3	150	16	20	18	63.9	☆		

<sup>1)</sup> Maximum cutting edge length.

Ordering example: 10 pieces R216.22-03030BAP03G 1610

## Semi-finishing, ISO-P, H

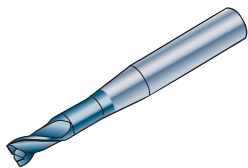
For finishing applications in warm work steels  $\geq 43\text{HRc}$ .  
For finishing applications in cold work steels  $\geq 52\text{HRc}$ .

- For highest productivity in semi-finishing applications.
- Always use the shortest possible tool protrusion.
- When stability allows, use an endmill with four cutting edges.

## General purpose endmill

Metric sizes

Hardness  $< 63\text{HRc}$



Material:

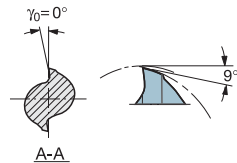
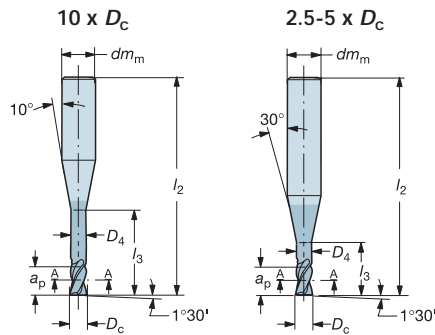


Helix angle:

$\sim 30^\circ$

Tolerances:

$D_c - h10$   
 $dm_m - h6$

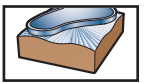


Shank type	Front type	Ordering code		Dimensions, mm						Grade			
		$D_c$ mm inch		$l_2$	$l_3$	Max $a_p^{1)}$	$D_4$	$dm_m$	1620				
Cylindrical	$z_n = 2$	0.4 (.016) 0.5 (.020) 0.6 (.024) 0.8 (.031) 1.0 (.039)	2.5 x $D_c$	54	1	0.4	0.60	6	☆				
			R216.32-00430-AE04G	54	1.2	0.5	0.60	6	☆				
			00530-AE05G	54	1.5	0.6	0.60	6	☆				
			00630-AE06G	54	2	0.8	0.60	6	☆				
			00830-AE08G	54	2.5	1.0	0.60	6	☆				
			01030-AE10G										
			5 x $D_c$	R216.32-00530-AI05G	57	2.5	0.5	0.60	6	☆			
				00630-AI06G	57	3	0.6	0.60	6	☆			
				00830-AI08G	57	4	0.8	0.60	6	☆			
				01030-AI10G	57	5	1.0	0.60	6	☆			
				10 x $D_c$	R216.32-00530-AJ05G	57	5	0.5	0.60	6	☆		
					00630-AJ06G	57	6	0.6	0.60	6	☆		
			00830-AJ08G		57	8	0.8	0.60	6	☆			
			01030-AJ10G		57	10	1.0	0.60	6	☆			

<sup>1)</sup> Maximum cutting edge length.

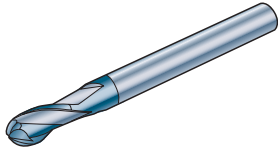
Ordering example: 10 pieces R216.32-00430-AE04G 1620

$v_c$  Cutting data, see pages 170-171.



## High performance ball nose endmill Inch sizes

Hardness from 43 HRc to 63 HRc

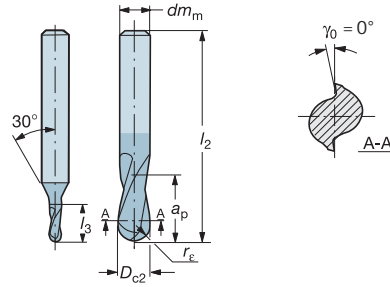


Material:



Helix angle: ~30°

Tolerances:  $D_{c2} - h9$   
 $dm_m - h6$



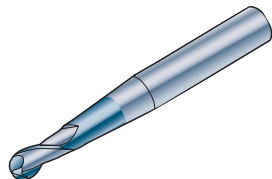
Shank type	Front type	Ordering code	Dimensions, inch					Grade				
			$D_{c2}$ inch	$r_ε \pm .0004$	$l_2$	$l_3$	Max $a_p^{1)}$	$dm_m$	1610			
Cylindrical 	 $z_n = 2$	Long, up to 63 HRc										
		RA216.42-0430-AK08G	.062	.031	3.000	.250	.125	.250	☆			
		0630-AK12G	.093	.046	3.000	.375	.187	.250	☆			
		0830-AK04G	.125	.062	3.000	.500	.250	.250	☆			
		1030-AK05G	.156	.078	3.000	.625	.312	.250	☆			
		1230-AK06G	.187	.093	3.000	.750	.375	.250	☆			
		1630-AK08G	.250	.125	3.000	-	.500	.250	☆			
		2030-AK10G	.312	.156	3.500	1.250	.625	.375	☆			
		2430-AK12G	.375	.187	3.500	-	.750	.375	☆			
		3230-AK16G	.500	.250	4.000	-	1.000	.500	☆			

<sup>1)</sup> Maximum cutting edge length.

Ordering example: 10 pieces RA216.42-0430-AK08G 1610

## High performance ball nose endmill Inch sizes

Hardness from 43HRc to 58 HRc

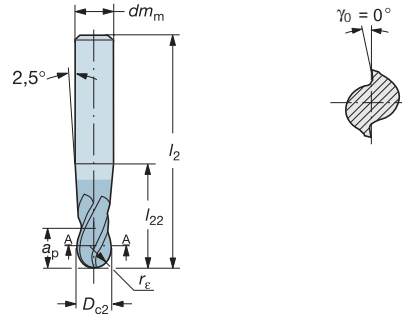


Material:



Helix angle: ~30°

Tolerances:  $D_{c2} - h9$   
 $dm_m - h6$



Shank type	Front type	Ordering code	Dimensions, inch					Grade				
			$D_{c2}$ inch	$r_ε \pm 0.01$	$l_2$	$l_{22}$	Max $a_p^{1)}$	$dm_m$	1620			
Cylindrical 	 $z_n = 2$	Extra long										
		RA216.42-0430-AL04G	.063	.031	4.000	2.226	.063	.250	☆			
		0630-AL06G	.094	.047	4.000	1.907	.094	.250	☆			
		0830-AL03G	.125	.063	4.000	1.598	.125	.250	☆			
		1030-AL04G	.156	.078	4.000	1.289	.156	.250	☆			
		1230-AL05G	.187	.094	4.000	.976	.188	.250	☆			
		1630-AL06G	.250	.125	4.500	1.783	.250	.375	☆			
		2030-AL08G	.312	.156	5.000	2.590	.313	.500	☆			
		2430-AL09G	.375	.188	5.000	1.973	.375	.500	☆			
		3230-AL12G	.500	.250	5.500	2.159	.500	.625	☆			

<sup>1)</sup> Maximum cutting edge length.

Ordering example: 10 pieces RA216.42-0430-AL04G 1620

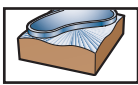
### Ballnose, ISO-H

For profiling applications in warm work steels  $\geq 43$  HRc.

For profiling applications in cold work steels  $\geq 52$  HRc.

- Always use the shortest possible tool protrusion.
- When working along steep walls, the spherical design ballnose will have shorter contact length. See pages 156 and 159.

Cutting data, see pages 170-171.

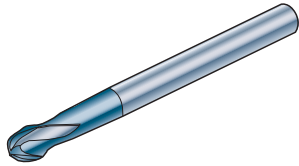


### High performance ball nose endmill

Inch sizes

Spherical design

Hardness from 43 HRC to 63 HRC

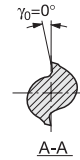
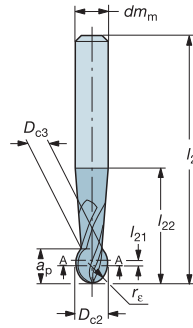


Material:



Helix angle: ~30°

Tolerances:  $D_{c2} - h9$   
 $dm_m - h6$  ( $D_{c2} \leq 10 - h5$ )



Shank type	Front type	Ordering code	Dimensions, inch							Grade			
			$D_{c2}$ Inch	$r_e$ +.0004	$l_2$	Max $a_p^{1)}$	$dm_m$	$l_{21}$	$l_{22}$	$D_{c3}$	1610		
Cylindrical  $z_n = 2$		RA216.62- 0430-AK04G	.062	.031	3.000	.062	.250	-	.125	.046	☆		
		0630-AK06G	.093	.046	3.000	.093	.250	-	.187	.078	☆		
		0830-AK02G	.125	.062	3.000	.125	.250	-	.250	.109	☆		
		1030-AK02G	.156	.078	3.000	.156	.250	-	.312	.140	☆		
		1230-AK03G	.187	.093	3.000	.187	.250	-	.375	.156	☆		
		1630-AK04G	.250	.125	3.000	.250	.250	-	.500	.203	☆		
		2030-AK07G	.312	.156	3.500	.437	.375	.125	.625	.250	☆		
		2430-AK08G	.375	.187	3.500	.500	.375	.125	.750	.343	☆		
		3230-AK10G	.500	.250	4.000	.625	.500	.125	1.000	.406	☆		

<sup>1)</sup> Maximum cutting edge length.

Ordering example: 10 pieces RA216.62-0430-AK04G 1610

### Ballnose, ISO-H

For profiling applications in warm work steels  $\geq 43$  HRC.

For profiling applications in cold work steels  $\geq 52$  HRC.

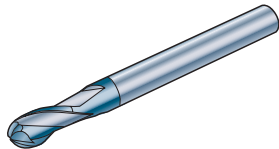
- The spherical design ballnose reduces contact length along steep walls.

- Always use the shortest possible tool protrusion.
- In semi-finishing/finishing applications better productivity is possible with a ballnose with four cutting edges.
- For better stability use tools with shorter tool protrusion.

### Ball nose endmill

Metric sizes

Hardness  $43 \leq HRC \leq 63$

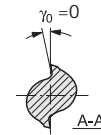
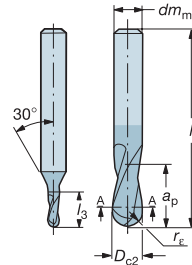


Material:



Helix angle: ~30°

Tolerances:  $D_{c2} - h9$   
 $dm_m - h6$

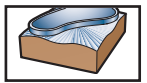


Shank type	Front type	Ordering code	Dimensions, mm						Grade		
			$D_{c2}$ mm inch	$r_e \pm 0,01$	$l_2$	$l_3$	Max $a_p^{1)}$	$dm_m$	1610	1620	
Cylindrical  $z_n = 2$		R216.42-01030-AC15G	1 (.039)	0.5	57	2.8	1.5	6	☆		
		02030-AC30G	2 (.079)	1	57	9	3	6	☆		
		03030-AC04G	3 (.118)	1.5	57	-	4	6	☆		
		04030-AC05G	4 (.157)	2	57	14	5	6	☆		
		05030-AC06G	5 (.194)	2.5	57	15	6	6	☆		
		06030-AC10G	6 (.236)	3	57	-	10	6	☆		
		08030-AC16G	8 (.315)	4	63	-	16	8	☆		
		10030-AC19G	10 (.394)	5	72	-	19	10	☆		
		12030-AC22G	12 (.472)	6	83	-	22	12	☆		
		R216.42-01030-AK15G	1 (.039)	0.50	57	3	1.5	6	☆	☆	
		01530-AK20G	1.5 (.059)	0.75	57	4	2	6	☆	☆	
		02030-AK30G	2 (.079)	1.0	57	6	3	6	☆	☆	
		02530-AK30G	2.5 (.098)	1.25	57	6	3	6	☆	☆	
		03030-AK04G	3 (.118)	1.5	57	7	4	6	☆	☆	
		04030-AK05G	4 (.157)	2.0	80	8	5	6	☆	☆	
		05030-AK06G	5 (.194)	2.5	80	10	6	6	☆	☆	
		06030-AK10G	6 (.236)	3.0	80	-	10	6	☆	☆	
		08030-AK16G	8 (.315)	4.0	100	-	16	8	☆	☆	
		10030-AK19G	10 (.394)	5.0	100	-	19	10	☆	☆	
		12030-AK22G	12 (.472)	6.0	100	-	22	12	☆	☆	
		16030-AK32G	16 (.630)	8.0	125	-	32	16	☆	☆	

<sup>1)</sup> Maximum cutting edge length.

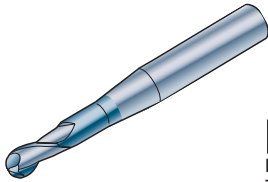
Ordering example: 10 pieces R216.42-01030-AC15G 1610

Cutting data, see pages 170-171.

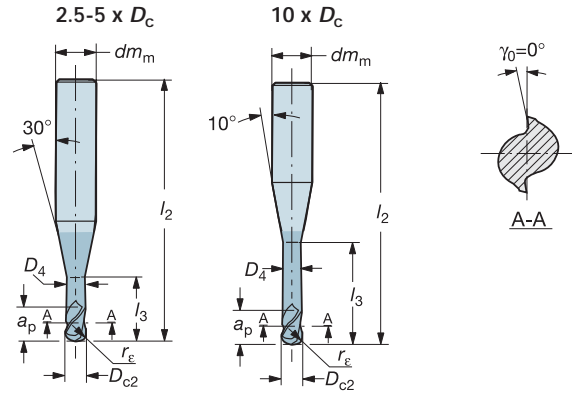


# Ball nose endmill

Metric sizes  
Hardness <63 HRC



Material:  
**P M K N S H**  
 Helix angle: ~30°  
 Tolerances:  $D_{c2} - h9$   
 $dm_m - h6$



Shank type	Front type	Ordering code	Dimensions, mm							Grade	
			$D_{c2}$ mm inch	$r_{\epsilon} \pm 0,01$	$l_2$	$l_3$	Max $a_p$ <sup>1)</sup>	$D_4$	$dm_m$		
Cylindrical 	 $z_n = 2$	<b>2.5 x <math>D_c</math></b>	0.4 (.016)	<b>R216.42-00430-AE04G</b>	0.2	54	1	0.4	0.36	6	☆
		0.5 (.020)	<b>00530-AE05G</b>	0.25	54	1.2	0.5	0.46	6	☆	
		0.6 (.024)	<b>00630-AE06G</b>	0.3	54	1.5	0.6	0.56	6	☆	
		0.8 (.031)	<b>00830-AE08G</b>	0.4	54	2	0.8	0.76	6	☆	
		1.0 (.039)	<b>01030-AE10G</b>	0.5	54	2.5	1.0	0.96	6	☆	
		<b>5 x <math>D_c</math></b>	0.5 (.020)	<b>R216.42-00530-AO05G</b>	0.25	57	2.5	0.5	0.46	6	☆
		0.6 (.024)	<b>00630-AO06G</b>	0.3	57	3	0.6	0.56	6	☆	
		0.8 (.031)	<b>00830-AO08G</b>	0.4	57	4	0.8	0.76	6	☆	
		1.0 (.039)	<b>01030-AO10G</b>	0.5	57	5	1.0	0.96	6	☆	
		<b>10 x <math>D_c</math></b>	0.5 (.020)	<b>R216.42-00530-AJ05G</b>	0.25	57	5	0.5	0.46	6	☆
		0.6 (.024)	<b>00630-AJ06G</b>	0.3	57	6	0.6	0.56	6	☆	
		0.8 (.031)	<b>00830-AJ08G</b>	0.4	57	8	0.8	0.76	6	☆	
		1.0 (.039)	<b>01030-AJ10G</b>	0.5	57	10	1.0	0.96	6	☆	

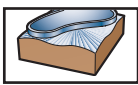
<sup>1)</sup> Maximum cutting edge length.

Ordering example: 10 pieces R216.42-00430-AE04G 1620

## Mini ball nose, ISO-P, M, K, N, S, H

For steel <63HRC, stainless steel, cast iron, HRSA and titanium, aluminum and hardened steel

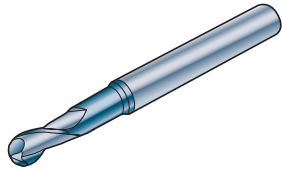
- For all applications where  $D_{c2} < 1$  mm is needed.
- Always use the shortest possible tool protrusion.



### Ball nose endmill

Metric sizes

Hardness  $43 \leq \text{HRc} \leq 63$



Material:



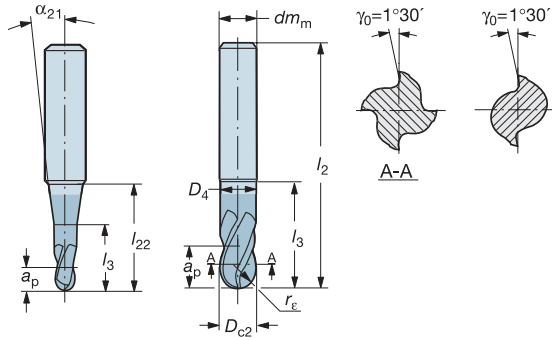
Helix angle:

-30°

Tolerances:

$D_{c2} - h9$

$dm_m - h6$  ( $D_{c2} \leq 8 - h5$ )



Shank type	Front type	Ordering code		Dimensions, mm								Grade		
		$D_{c2}$ mm inch		$r_e$ $\pm 0,01$	$l_2$	$D_4$	Max $a_p^{1)}$	$dm_m$	$l_3$	$l_{22}$	$\alpha_{21}$	1610	1620	
Cylindrical 	 $z_n = 2$	1 (.039)	<b>R216.42-01030-AI10G</b>	0.5	57	-	1	6	2	20	4°	☆	☆	
		1.5 (.059)	<b>01530-AI15G</b>	0.75	57	-	1.5	6	3	20	4°	☆	☆	
		2 (.079)	<b>02030-AI20G</b>	1	57	-	2	6	4	20	4°	☆	☆	
		2.5 (.098)	<b>02530-AI25G</b>	1.25	57	-	2.5	6	4	20	4°	☆	☆	
		3 (.118)	<b>03030-AI03G</b>	1.5	57	-	3	6	5	20	4°	☆	☆	
		4 (.157)	<b>04030-AI04G</b>	2	57	-	4	6	6	20	4°	☆	☆	
		5 (.194)	<b>05030-AI05G</b>	2.5	57	4.7	5	6	20	20	4°	☆	☆	
		6 (.236)	<b>06030-AI06G</b>	3	57	5.7	6	6	21	-	4°	☆	☆	
		8 (.315)	<b>08030-AI08G</b>	4	63	7.7	8	8	27	-	4°	☆	☆	
		10 (.394)	<b>10030-AI10G</b>	5	72	9.7	10	10	32	-	4°	☆	☆	
		12 (.472)	<b>12030-AI12G</b>	6	83	11.7	12	12	36	-	4°	☆	☆	
				Extra long										
			1 (.039)	<b>R216.42-01030-AP10G</b>	0.5	80	36.5	1	6	2	36.5	2°30'	☆	☆
			2 (.079)	<b>02030-AP20G</b>	1	80	40	2	6	3	40	2°30'	☆	☆
			3 (.118)	<b>03030-AP03G</b>	1.5	80	38.5	3	6	4	38.5	2°30'	☆	☆
			4 (.157)	<b>04030-AP04G</b>	2	90	51	4	8	5	51	2°30'	☆	☆
			5 (.194)	<b>05030-AP05G</b>	2.5	100	40.5	5	8	6	40.5	2°30'	☆	☆
			6 (.236)	<b>06030-AP06G</b>	3	100	53	6	10	7	53	2°30'	☆	☆
			8 (.315)	<b>08030-AP08G</b>	4	100	53	8	12	10	53	2°30'	☆	☆
			10 (.394)	<b>10030-AP10G</b>	5	125	58	10	14	12	58	2°30'	☆	☆
		12 (.472)	<b>12030-AP12G</b>	6	140	60	12	16	14	60	2°30'	☆	☆	
	 $z_n = 4$	6 (.236)	<b>R216.44-06030-AI06G</b>	3	57	5.7	6	6	20	5.7	4°	☆		
		8 (.315)	<b>08030-AI08G</b>	4	63	7.7	8	8	26	7.7	4°	☆		
		10 (.394)	<b>10030-AI10G</b>	5	72	9.7	10	10	30	9.7	4°	☆		
		12 (.472)	<b>12030-AI12G</b>	6	83	11.7	12	12	36	11.7	4°	☆		
		16 (.630)	<b>16030-AI16G</b>	8	92	15.5	16	16	42	15.7	4°	☆		

<sup>1)</sup> Maximum cutting edge length.

Ordering example: 10 pieces R216.42-01030-AI10G 1610

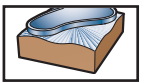
### Ball nose, ISO-P, H

For profiling applications in warm work steels  $\geq 43 \text{ HRc}$ .  
For profiling applications in cold work steels  $\geq 52 \text{ HRc}$ .

- Always use the shortest possible tool protrusion.
- First choice is G-geometry.
- When the workpiece material is very short chipping it is possible to achieve better productivity with the H-geometry.

- In semi-finishing/finishing applications better productivity is possible with a ballnose with four cutting edges.
- When working along steep walls the spherical design ballnose will have shorter contact length.
- For better stability use a tool with shorter tool protrusion.

$v_c$  Cutting data, see pages 170-171.

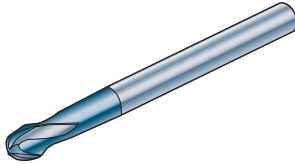


# Ball nose endmill

Metric sizes

Spherical design

Hardness 43≤HRC≤63



Material:



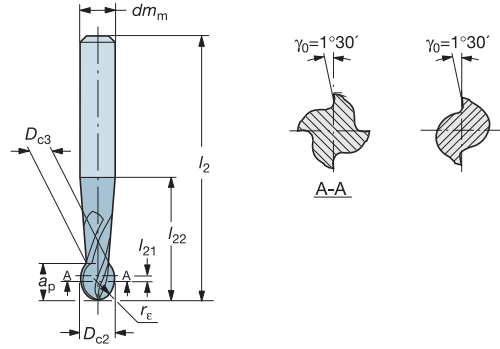
Helix angle: -30°

Tolerances:

-30°

$D_{c2}$  — h9

$dm_m$  — h6 ( $D_{c2} \leq 10$ -h5)



Shank type	Front type	Ordering code		Dimensions, mm								Grade		
		$D_{c2}$ mm	inch	$r_e$ $\pm 0,01$	$l_2$	Max $a_p$ <sup>1)</sup>	$dm_m$	$l_{21}$	$l_{22}$	$D_{c3}$	1610			
Cylindrical 	 $Z_n = 2$	1	(.039)	<b>R216.62-01030-AO20G</b>	0.5	75	2	6	1.5	20	-	☆		
		2	(.079)	<b>02030-AO30G</b>	1	75	3	6	1.5	20	1.7	☆		
		3	(.118)	<b>03030-AO04G</b>	1.5	80	4	6	1.5	30	2.5	☆		
		4	(.157)	<b>04030-AO05G</b>	2	80	5	6	1.5	30	3.3	☆		
		5	(.194)	<b>05030-AO07G</b>	2.5	80	7	6	2	43	4.1	☆		
		6	(.236)	<b>06030-AO07G</b>	3	100	7	6	2	30	4.7	☆		
		8	(.315)	<b>08030-AO09G</b>	4	100	9	8	3	36	6.5	☆		
		10	(.394)	<b>10030-AO11G</b>	5	100	11	10	3	43	8.2	☆		
	12	(.472)	<b>12030-AO13G</b>	6	100	13	12	3	52	9.8	☆			
	16	(.630)	<b>16030-AO15G</b>	8	150	15	16	3	61	13.4	☆			
	 $Z_n = 4$	5	(.194)	<b>R216.64-05030-AO07G</b>	2.5	80	7	6	2	43	4.1	☆		
		6	(.236)	<b>06030-AO07G</b>	3	100	7	6	2	30	4.7	☆		
		8	(.315)	<b>08030-AO09G</b>	4	100	9	8	3	36	6.5	☆		
		10	(.394)	<b>10030-AO11G</b>	5	100	11	10	3	43	8.2	☆		
		12	(.472)	<b>12030-AO13G</b>	6	100	13	12	3	52	9.8	☆		
		16	(.630)	<b>16030-AO15G</b>	8	150	15	16	3	61	13.4	☆		

<sup>1)</sup> Maximum cutting edge length.

Ordering example: 10 pieces R216.62-01030-AO20G 1610

## Ballnose, ISO-P, H

For profiling applications in warm work steels  $\geq 43$  HRC.

For profiling applications in cold work steels  $\geq 52$  HRC.

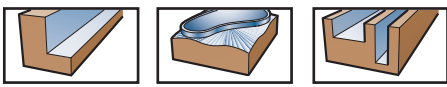
- Always use the shortest possible tool protrusion.
- When the workpiece material is very short chipping it is possible to achieve better productivity with the H-geometry.

- In semi-finishing/finishing applications better productivity is possible with a ball nose with four cutting edges.
- For better stability use tools with shorter tool protrusion.
- When better accessibility is needed.



Cutting data, see page 170.

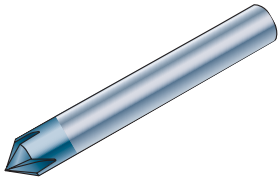




### Chamfering endmill

Metric sizes

Hardness <63HRc

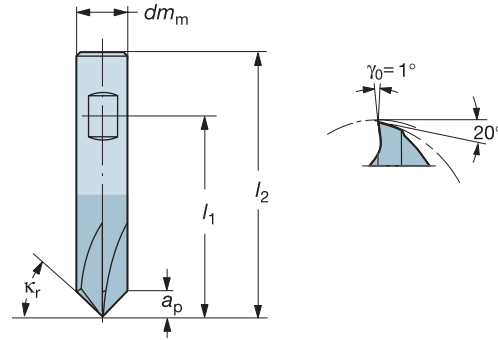


Material:

**P M K N S H**

Helix angle: 0

Tolerances:  $D_c - h10$   
 $dm_m - h6$



Shank type	Front type	Ordering code		Dimensions, mm					Grade			
		$z_n$	$D_c$ mm	$K_r$	$l_1$	$l_2$	Max $a_p$ <sup>1)</sup>	$dm_m$	1620			
Cylindrical		4	-	R215.94-01500-AC74G	60°	-	100	7.35	10	☆		
		4	-	R215.84-01000-AC25G	45°	-	57	2.5	6	☆		
		4	-	R215.84-01500-AC43G	45°	-	100	4.25	10	☆		
		5	-	R215.85-02000-AC30G	45°	-	80	3	8	☆		
		6	-	R215.86-03000-AC05G	45°	-	83	4.5	12	☆		
Weldon		4	-	R215.94-01500-BC74G	60°	80	100	7.35	10	☆		
		4	-	R215.84-01500-BC43G	45°	80	100	4.25	10	☆		
		6	-	R215.86-03000-BC05G	45°	60.5	83	4.5	12	☆		

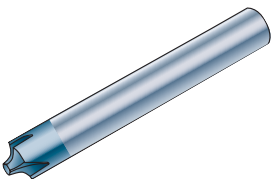
<sup>1)</sup> Maximum cutting edge length.

Ordering example: 10 pieces R215.94-01500-AC74G 1620

### Chamfering radius endmill

Metric sizes

Hardness <63HRc

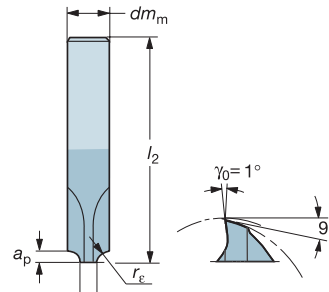


Material:

**P M K N S H**

Helix angle: 0

Tolerances:  $D_c - h10$   
 $dm_m - h6$



Shank type	Front type	Ordering code		Dimensions, mm					Grade		
		$z_n$	$D_c$ mm inch	$r_e$	$l_2$	Max $a_p$ <sup>1)</sup>	$dm_m$	1620			
Cylindrical		3	4 (.157)	R215.03-04000BAC01G	0.5	57	0.5	6	☆		
		3	4 (.157)	R215.03-04000CAC01G	0.75	57	0.75	6	☆		
		4	4 (.157)	R215.04-04000CAC01G	1	63	1.0	8	☆		
		4	4 (.157)	R215.04-04000DAC02G	1.5	63	1.5	8	☆		
		4	5 (.194)	R215.04-05000EAC02G	2	72	2.0	10	☆		
		4	5 (.194)	R215.04-05000FAC03G	2.5	72	2.5	10	☆		
		4	5 (.194)	R215.04-05000GAC03G	3	83	3.0	12	☆		
		4	6 (.236)	R215.04-06000IAC04G	4	83	4.0	14	☆		
		4	6 (.236)	R215.04-06000KAC05G	5	92	5.0	16	☆		
		4	8 (.315)	R215.04-08000MAC06G	6	104	6.0	20	☆		

<sup>1)</sup> Maximum cutting edge length.

Ordering example: 10 pieces R215.03-04000BAC01G 1620

### Chamfering, ISO-P, M, K, N, S, H

Endmill designed for chamfering

- For 30° and 45° chamfer.
- For 0.5-6 mm radius.

Cutting data, see page 171.

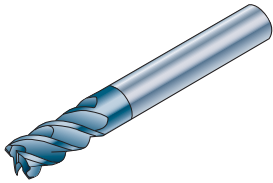


# High performance roughing/finishing endmill

Inch sizes

Hardness 43HRc to 63HRc

Variable flute depth

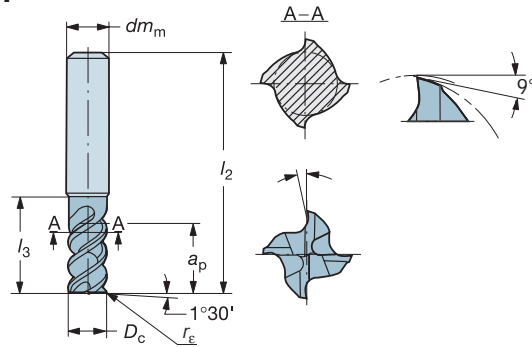


Material:

**H**

Helix angle: ~50°

Tolerances:  $D_c - h10$   
 $dm_m - h6$



Shank type	Front type	z <sub>n</sub>	D <sub>c</sub> inch	Ordering code	Dimensions, inch					Grade		
					l <sub>2</sub>	l <sub>3</sub>	Max a <sub>p</sub> <sup>1)</sup>	dm <sub>m</sub>	Radius r <sub>ε</sub>	1620		
Cylindrical 		3	.187	RA216.23-1250AAK06H	3.000	.750	.375	.250	.015	☆		
		3	.187	1250BAK06H	3.000	.750	.375	.250	.031	☆		
		4	.250	RA216.24-1650AAK08H	3.000	-	.500	.250	.015	☆		
		4	.250	1650BAK08H	3.000	-	.500	.250	.031	☆		
		4	.312	2050AAK10H	3.500	1.250	.625	.375	.015	☆		
		4	.312	2050BAK10H	3.500	1.250	.625	.375	.031	☆		
		4	.375	2450AAK12H	3.500	-	.750	.375	.015	☆		
		4	.375	2450BAK12H	3.500	-	.750	.375	.031	☆		
		4	.500	3250BAK16H	4.000	-	1.000	.500	.031	☆		
		4	.500	3250DAK16H	4.000	-	1.000	.500	.062	☆		
		4	.625	4050DAK20H	4.500	-	1.250	.625	.062	☆		
		4	.750	4850DAK24H	5.000	-	1.500	.750	.062	☆		

<sup>1)</sup> Maximum cutting edge length.

Ordering example: 10 pieces RA216.23-1250AAK06H 1620

## ISO-H

For warm work steels ≥ 43 HRc.

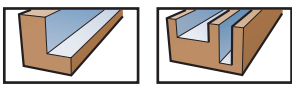
For cold work steels ≥ 52 HRc.

- If you experience problems with this endmill we recommend reducing the engagement, as hardened steels are very demanding.

- For higher productivity when finishing, we recommend an endmill with more edges.



Cutting data, see page 171.



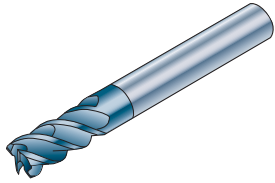
# MILLING

CoroMill® Plura

## Roughing endmill

### Metric sizes

Variable flute depth tools  
Hardness 43HRc to 63HRc



Material:



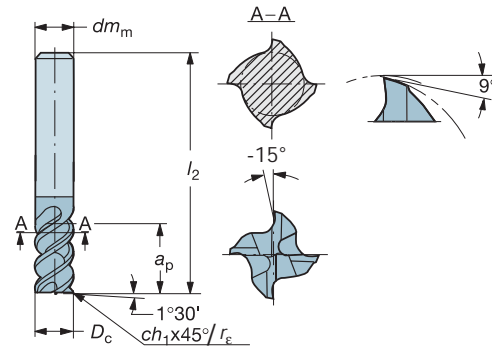
Helix angle:

-5°

Tolerances:

$D_c - h10$

$dm_m - h6$



Shank type	Front type	Ordering code		Dimensions, mm					Grade			
		$z_n$	$D_c$ mm inch	$l_2$	Max $a_p^{1)}$	$dm_m$	$ch_1$	Radius $r_ε$	1620			
Cylindrical	 	$\gamma_0 = -15^\circ$	2 (.079)	R216.23-02050BAK70H	57	7	6	-	0.5	☆		
			3 (.118)	03050BAK08H	57	8	6	-	0.5	☆		
			3 (.157)	04050CAK11H	57	11	6	-	1	☆		
			3 (.197)	05050CAK13H	57	13	6	-	1	☆		
			4 (.236)	R216.24-06050CAK13H	65	13	6	-	1	☆		
			4 (.315)	08050EAK19H	80	19	8	-	2	☆		
			4 (.394)	10050EAK22H	100	22	10	-	2	☆		
			4 (.472)	12050GAK26H	100	26	12	-	3	☆		
			4 (.551)	14050GAK26H	104	26	14	-	3	☆		
			4 (.630)	16050IAK32H	115	32	16	-	4	☆		
			4 (.787)	20050IAK38H	125	38	20	-	4	☆		
			3 (.079)	R216.33-02050-AK70H	57	7	6	0.12	-	☆		
			3 (.118)	03050-AK08H	57	8	6	0.12	-	☆		
			3 (.157)	04050-AK11H	57	11	6	0.12	-	☆		
	3 (.197)	05050-AK13H	57	13	6	0.12	-	☆				
	4 (.236)	R216.34-06050-AK13H	65	13	6	0.12	-	☆				
	4 (.315)	08050-AK19H	80	19	8	0.12	-	☆				
	4 (.394)	10050-AK22H	100	22	10	0.12	-	☆				
	4 (.472)	12050-AK26H	100	26	12	0.12	-	☆				
	4 (.551)	14050-AK26H	104	26	14	0.15	-	☆				
	4 (.630)	16050-AK32H	115	32	16	0.15	-	☆				
	4 (.787)	20050-AK38H	125	38	20	0.15	-	☆				

<sup>1)</sup> Maximum cutting edge length.

Ordering example: 10 pieces R216.23-02050BAK70H 1620

## Variable flute depth, ISO-P, H

For warm work steels  $\geq 43\text{HRc}$ .

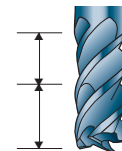
For cold work steels  $\geq 52\text{HRc}$ .

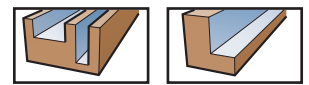
- If you experience problems with this endmill we recommend you reduce the engagement since hardened steels are very demanding.

- For higher productivity when finishing, we recommend an endmill with more edges.

Core: 85% of  $D_c$

Core: 50% of  $D_c$   
Length:  $1 \times D_c$



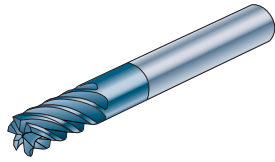


### High performance finishing endmill

Inch sizes

Non center cutting

Hardness from 43HRc to 63HRc

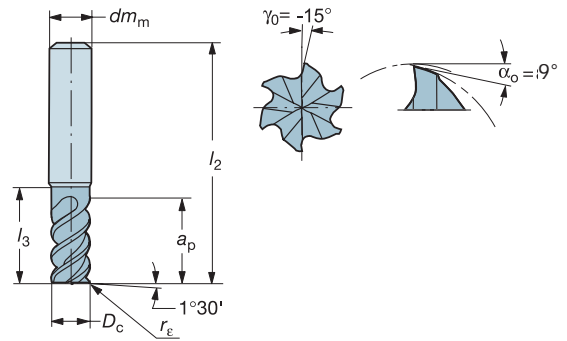


Material:



Helix angle: ~50°

Tolerances:  $D_c - h10$   
 $dm_m - h6$



Shank type	Front type	$Z_n$	$D_c$ Inch	Ordering code	Dimensions, inch					Grade		
					$l_2$	$l_3$	Max $a_p$ <sup>1)</sup>	$dm_m$	Radius $r_e$	1610		
Cylindrical 		4	.125	With radius RA215.24-0850AAK04H	3.000	.500	.250	.250	.015	☆		
		6	.187	RA215.26-1250AAK06H	3.000	.750	.375	.250	.015	☆		
		6	.250	1650AAK08H	3.000	-	.500	.250	.015	☆		
		6	.375	2450BAK12H	3.500	-	.750	.375	.031	☆		
		6	.500	3250BAK16H	4.000	-	1.000	.500	.031	☆		
		6	.625	4050DAK20H	4.500	-	1.250	.625	.062	☆		
		8	.750	RA215.28-4850DAK24H	5.000	-	1.500	.750	.062	☆		

<sup>1)</sup> Maximum cutting edge length.

Ordering example: 10 pieces RA215.24-0850-AAK04H 1610

For finishing applications in warm work steels  $\geq 43$  HRc.  
For finishing applications in cold work steels  $\geq 52$  HRc.

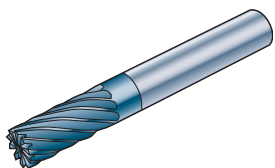
- For higher productivity when working with very small  $a_e$ , try the "Multiflute", bottom of page.
- If the chip room is not large enough try an endmill with four cutting edges.

### High performance finishing endmill

Inch sizes

Non center cutting

Hardness from 43HRc to 63HRc

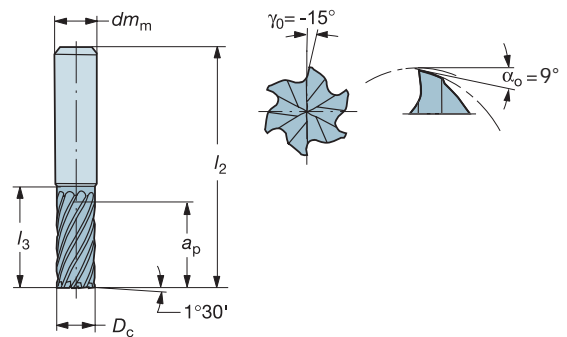


Material:



Helix angle: ~30°

Tolerances:  $D_c - h10$   
 $dm_m - h6$



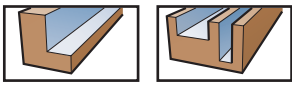
Shank type	Front type	$Z_n$	$D_c$ inch	Ordering code	Dimensions, inch					Grade		
					$l_2$	$l_3$	Max $a_p$ <sup>1)</sup>	$dm_m$	$ch_1$	1610		
Cylindrical 		6	.250	RA215.36-1630-AK08H	2.000	-	.500	.250	.015	☆		
		10	.375	RA215.3A-2430-AK12H	2.500	-	.750	.375	.015	☆		
		12	.500	RA215.3C-3230-AK16H	3.000	-	1.000	.500	.015	☆		
		16	.625	RA215.3G-4030-AK20H	3.500	-	1.250	.625	.015	☆		
		16	.750	RA215.3G-4830-AK24H	4.000	-	1.500	.750	.015	☆		

<sup>1)</sup> Maximum cutting edge length.

Ordering example: 10 pieces RA215.36-1630-AS08H 1610

For finishing applications in warm work steels  $\geq 43$  HRc.  
For finishing applications in cold work steels  $\geq 52$  HRc.

- For highest productivity when working with very small  $a_e$ . If the chip room is not large enough try an endmill with six cutting edges and 50° helix.



# MILLING

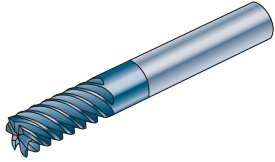
CoroMill® Plura

## Finishing endmill

Metric sizes

Non center cutting

Hardness  $43 \leq \text{HRc} \leq 63$



Material:



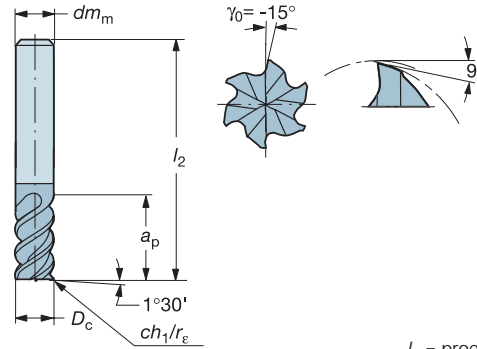
Helix angle:

-50°

Tolerances:

$D_c - h10$

$dm_m - h6$



$l_1$  = programming length

Shank type	Front type	$z_n$	$D_c$ mm inch	Ordering code	Dimensions, mm					Grade		
					$l_2$	Max $a_p$ <sup>1)</sup>	$dm_m$	$ch_1$	Radius $r_e$	1610		
Cylindrical		4	3 (.118)	R215.34-03050-AC08H	57	8	6	0.07	-	☆		
		4	4 (.157)	04050-AC11H	57	11	6	0.07	-	☆		
		6	6 (.236)	R215.36-06050-AC13H	57	13	6	0.12	-	☆		
		6	8 (.315)	08050-AC19H	63	19	8	0.12	-	☆		
		6	10 (.394)	10050-AC22H	72	22	10	0.20	-	☆		
		6	12 (.472)	12050-AC26H	83	26	12	0.20	-	☆		
		6	16 (.630)	16050-AC32H	92	32	16	0.20	-	☆		
		8	20 (.787)	R215.38-20050-AC38H	104	38	20	0.30	-	☆		
		4	3 (.118)	R215.24-03050BAC08H	57	8	6	-	0.5	☆		
		4	4 (.157)	04050BAC11H	57	11	6	-	0.5	☆		
		6	6 (.236)	R215.26-06050BAC13H	57	13	6	-	0.5	☆		
		6	8 (.315)	08050BAC19H	63	19	8	-	0.5	☆		
		6	10 (.394)	10050CAC22H	72	22	10	-	1.0	☆		
		6	10 (.394)	10050DAC22H	72	22	10	-	1.5	☆		
		6	10 (.394)	10050EAC22H	72	22	10	-	2.0	☆		
		6	12 (.472)	12050CAC26H	83	26	12	-	1.0	☆		
6		16 (.630)	16050DAC32H	92	32	16	-	1.5	☆			
8		20 (.787)	R215.28-20050DAC38H	104	38	20	-	1.5	☆			

<sup>1)</sup> Maximum cutting edge length.

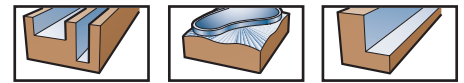
Ordering example: 10 pieces R215.34-03050-AC08H 1610

### 6-50°H, ISO-P, H

For finishing applications in warm work steels  $\geq 43 \text{ HRc}$ .  
For finishing applications in cold work steels  $\geq 52 \text{ HRc}$ .

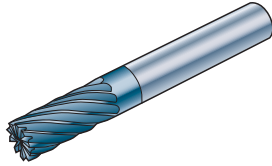
- For higher productivity when working with very small  $a_e$ , try the multiflute.

- If the chip room is not large enough try an endmill with four cutting edges and 50° helix.

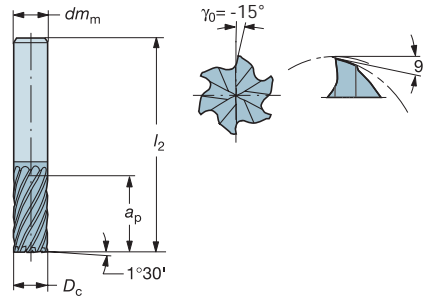


### Finishing endmill

Metric sizes  
Non center cutting  
Hardness  $43 \leq \text{HRc} \leq 63$



Material: **H**  
Helix angle:  $-30^\circ$   
Tolerances:  $D_c - h10$   
 $dm_m - h6$

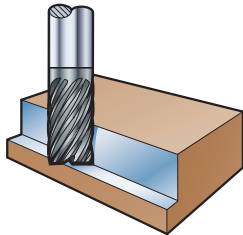


Shank type	Front type	$Z_n$	Ordering code		Dimensions, mm			Grade		
			$D_c$ mm	$D_c$ inch	$l_2$	Max $a_p^{1)}$	$dm_m$	1610		
Cylindrical		6	5 (.194)	R215.36-05030-AC13H	57	13	6	☆		
		6	6 (.236)	R215.36-06030-AC13H	57	13	6	☆		
		8	8 (.315)	R215.38-08030-AC19H	63	19	8	☆		
		10	10 (.394)	R215.3A-10030-AC22H	72	22	10	☆		
		12	12 (.472)	R215.3C-12030-AC26H	83	26	12	☆		
		14	14 (.551)	R215.3E-14030-AC26H	83	26	14	☆		
		16	16 (.630)	R215.3G-16030-AC32H	92	32	16	☆		
		16	20 (.787)	R215.3G-20030-AC38H	104	38	20	☆		

<sup>1)</sup> Maximum cutting edge length.

Ordering example: 10 pieces R215.36-05030-AC13H 1610

### Best surface in hardened steel

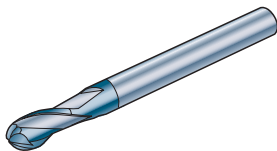


Tool: R215.3A-10030-AC22H  
Grade: 1610  
Material: Tool steel 56 HRC  
Cutting depths:  $a_p = 20$  mm,  $a_e = 0.3$  mm

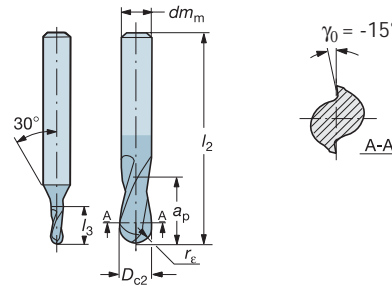
Test 1	
Speed $v_c$ , m/min	100
Feed/tooth $f_z$ , m/tooth	0.025
Feed $v_f$ , mm/min	804
Method	Climb milling
Surface finish $R_a$ , $\mu\text{m}$	0.13
Tool life, min	85

### Ball nose endmill

Metric sizes  
Hardness  $43 \leq \text{HRc} \leq 63$



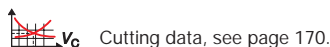
Material: **P H**  
Helix angle:  $-30^\circ$   
Tolerances:  $D_{c2} - h9$   
 $dm_m - h6$

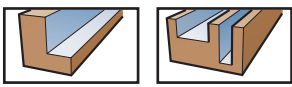


Shank type	Front type	$Z_n$	Ordering code		Dimensions, mm						Grade		
			$D_{c2}$ mm	$D_{c2}$ inch	$r_{\epsilon} \pm 0.01$	$l_2$	$l_3$	Max $a_p^{1)}$	$dm_m$	1610			
Cylindrical		2	1	(.039)	R216.42-01030-AK15H	0.5	57	3	1.5	6	☆		
			1.5	(.059)	01530-AK20H	0.75	57	4	2	6	☆		
			2	(.079)	02030-AK25H	1.0	57	6	2.5	6	☆		
			2.5	(.098)	02530-AK30H	1.25	57	6	3	6	☆		
			3	(.118)	03030-AK04H	1.5	57	7	4	6	☆		
			4	(.157)	04030-AK05H	2.0	80	8	5	6	☆		
			5	(.194)	05030-AK06H	2.5	80	10	6	6	☆		
			6	(.236)	06030-AK07H	3.0	80	-	7	6	☆		
			8	(.315)	08030-AK09H	4.0	100	-	9	8	☆		
			10	(.394)	10030-AK11H	5.0	100	-	11	10	☆		
			12	(.472)	12030-AK12H	6.0	100	-	12	12	☆		

<sup>1)</sup> Maximum cutting edge length.

Ordering example: 10 pieces R216.42-01030-AK15H 1610





# MILLING

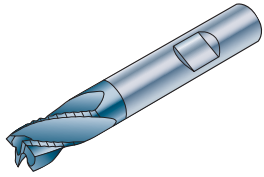
CoroMill® Plura

## Roughing endmill

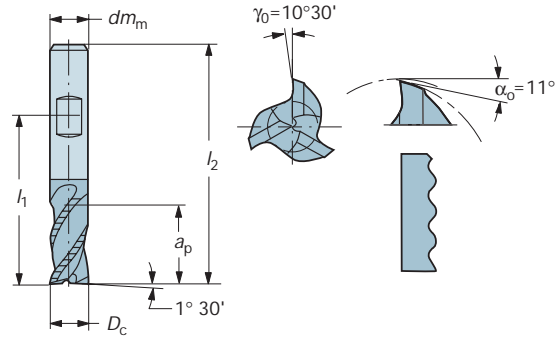
Metric sizes




Kordell

Hardness <28HRc



Material:  
P M K  
 Helix angle:  $\sim 30^\circ, 40^\circ$   
 Tolerances:  $D_c - h14$   
 $dm_m - h6$



Shank type	Front type	Ordering code		Dimensions, mm				Grade			
		$D_c$ mm inch		$l_1$	$l_2$	Max $a_p$ <sup>1)</sup>	$dm_m$	1640			
Weldon 	 $z_n = 3$	Short									
		6 (.236)	<b>R216.33-06030-BS07K</b>	36	54	7	6	☆			
		8 (.315)	<b>08030-BS09K</b>	40	58	9	8	☆			
		10 (.394)	<b>10030-BS11K</b>	46	66	11	10	☆			
		12 (.472)	<b>12030-BS12K</b>	50.5	73	12	12	☆			
		14 (.551)	<b>14030-BS14K</b>	52.5	75	14	14	☆			
		16 (.630)	<b>16030-BS16K</b>	58	82	16	16	☆			
		18 (.709)	<b>18030-BS18K</b>	60	84	18	18	☆			
		20 (.787)	<b>20030-BS20K</b>	67	92	20	20	☆			
		 $z_n = 4$	Long								
	6 (.236)		<b>R216.34-06040-BC13K</b>	39	57	13	6	☆			
	8 (.315)		<b>08040-BC19K</b>	45	63	19	8	☆			
	10 (.394)		<b>10040-BC22K</b>	52	72	22	10	☆			
	12 (.472)		<b>12040-BC26K</b>	60.5	83	26	12	☆			
	14 (.551)		<b>14040-BC26K</b>	60.5	83	26	14	☆			
	16 (.630)		<b>16040-BC32K</b>	68	92	32	16	☆			
	18 (.709)		<b>18040-BC32K</b>	68	92	32	18	☆			
	20 (.787)		<b>20040-BC38K</b>	79	104	38	20	☆			

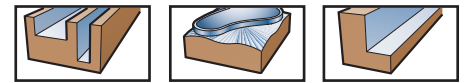
<sup>1)</sup> Maximum cutting edge length.

Ordering example: 10 pieces R216.33-06030-BS07K 1640

### Kordell, ISO-P, M, K

Primarily for roughing in steel <28HRc, stainless and cast iron.

- For materials >28HRc we recommend our endmill with variable flute depth.
- If you experience problems with these endmills, primarily chipping, we recommend our endmill with variable flute depth.

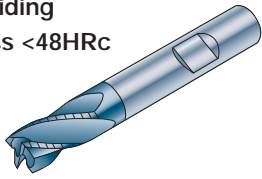


### Roughing endmill

Metric sizes

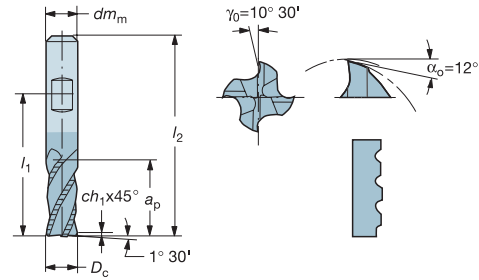
Chip dividing

Hardness <48HRC



Material: **S** Titanium

Helix angle:  $-30^\circ$   
Tolerances:  $D_c - h10$   
 $dm_m - h6$



Shank type	Front type	$Z_n$	$D_c$ mm inch	Ordering code	Dimensions, mm					Grade		
					$l_1$	$l_2$	Max $a_p^{1)}$	$dm_m$	$ch_1$	1620		
Weldon		4	6 (.236)	R216.34-06030-BC13B	39	57	13	6	-	☆		
		4	8 (.315)	08030-BC19B	45	63	19	8	-	☆☆		
		4	10 (.394)	10030-BC22B	52	72	22	10	0.12	☆☆		
		4	12 (.472)	12030-BC26B	60.5	83	26	12	0.12	☆☆		
		4	14 (.551)	14030-BC26B	60.5	83	26	14	0.15	☆☆		
		4	16 (.630)	16030-BC32B	68	92	32	16	0.15	☆☆		
		4	18 (.709)	18030-BC32B	68	92	32	18	0.15	☆☆		
		4	20 (.787)	20030-BC38B	79	104	38	20	0.15	☆☆		
		5	25 (.984)	R216.35-25030-BC45B	93	125	45	25	0.15	☆☆		

<sup>1)</sup> Maximum cutting edge length.

Ordering example: 10 pieces R216.34-06030-BC13B 1620

### Chip dividing, ISO-S

Primarily for roughing in titanium <48HRC.

- The design shows the best improvement at large axial depth of cut.

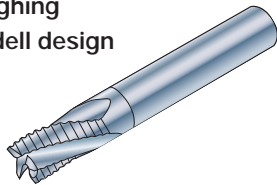
- If you experience chipping with this tool then the toughness demands in your application are too high for this geometry and we would recommend using the endmill with variable flute depth.

### High performance aluminum endmill

Metric sizes

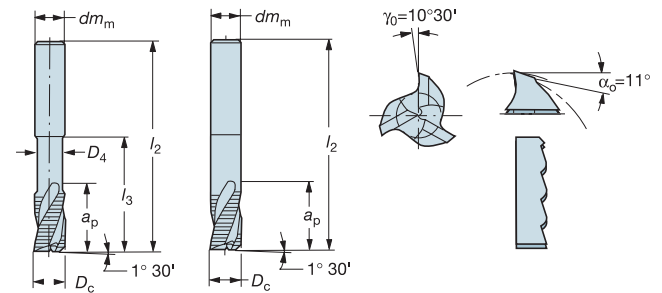
Roughing

Kordell design



Material: **N**

Helix angle:  $-40^\circ$   
Tolerances:  $D_c - h14$   
 $dm_m - h6$



Shank type	Front type	$Z_n$	$D_c$ mm	Ordering code	Dimensions, mm					Grade							
					$l_2$	Max $a_p^{1)}$	$dm_m$	$l_3$	$D_4$	H10F							
Cylindrical		3		Long													
				6	R216.33-06040-AC13U	57	13	6	-	-	☆						
				8	08040-AC19U	63	19	8	-	-	☆☆						
				10	10040-AC22U	72	22	10	-	-	☆☆						
				12	12040-AC26U	83	26	12	-	-	☆☆						
				14	14040-AC26U	83	26	14	-	-	☆☆						
				16	16040-AC32U	92	32	16	-	-	☆☆						
				18	18040-AC32U	92	32	18	-	-	☆☆						
				20	20040-AC38U	104	38	20	-	-	☆☆						
				Extra long													
				6	R216.33-06040-AJ10U	63	10	8	24	5.6	☆						
				8	08040-AJ12U	72	12	10	29	7.5	☆☆						
				10	10040-AJ14U	83	14	12	35	9.3	☆☆						
				12	12040-AJ16U	100	16	12	50	11.5	☆☆						
				16	16040-AJ20U	115	20	16	63	15.5	☆☆						
				20	20040-AJ20U	125	20	20	70	19.5	☆☆						
				25	25040-AJ25U	135	25	25	75	24.0	☆☆						

<sup>1)</sup> Maximum cutting edge length.

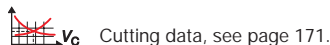
Ordering example: 10 pieces R216.33-06040-AC13U H10F

### Aluminum, Kordell, ISO-N

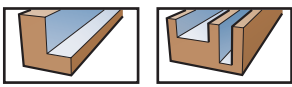
FIRST CHOICE for roughing of Aluminum.

- Kordell-geometry for reduced cutting forces and improved chip-evacuation.

- Always use the shortest possible tool protrusion.
- When the rough finish produced by Kordell-geometry is not acceptable try the straight cutting edge.
- For Aluminum with a higher Si.-content a coated Kordell endmill could be more productive, see page 166.





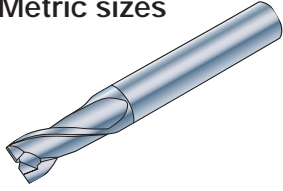


# MILLING

CoroMill® Plura

## High performance aluminum endmill

Metric sizes

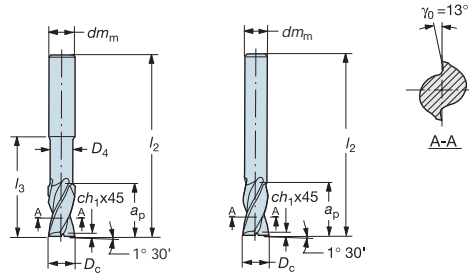


Material:

**N**

Helix angle: ~30°, -25°, -25°

Tolerances:  $D_c$  — h10  
 $dm_m$  — h6



Shank type	Front type	Ordering code		Dimensions, mm						Grade							
		$D_c$ mm (inch)		$l_2$	Max $a_p^{1)}$	$dm_m$	$D_4$	$l_3$	$ch_1$	H10F							
Cylindrical 	 $z_n = 2$	Normal															
		2 (.079)	R216.32- 02030-AC60A	57	6	6	-	-	-		☆						
		3 (.118)	03030-AC07A	57	7	6	-	-	-		☆						
		4 (.157)	04030-AC08A	57	8	6	-	-	-		☆						
		5 (.197)	05030-AC10A	57	10	6	-	-	-		☆						
		6 (.236)	06030-AC10A	57	10	6	-	-	-		☆						
		8 (.315)	08030-AC16A	63	16	8	-	-	-		☆						
		10 (.394)	10030-AC19A	72	19	10	-	-	0.12		☆						
		12 (.472)	12030-AC22A	83	22	12	-	-	0.12		☆						
		Long															
		2 (.079)	R216.32- 02025-AK80A	57	8	6	-	10	-		☆						
		3 (.118)	03025-AK12A	57	12	6	-	15	-		☆						
		4 (.157)	04025-AK14A	57	14	6	-	18	-		☆						
		5 (.197)	05025-AK16A	57	16	6	-	-	-		☆						
		6 (.236)	06025-AK22A	65	22	6	-	-	-		☆						
		8 (.315)	08025-AK28A	80	28	8	-	-	-		☆						
		10 (.394)	10025-AK32A	90	32	10	-	-	0.12		☆						
		12 (.472)	12025-AK38A	100	38	12	-	-	0.12		☆						
		Extra long															
		2 (.079)	R216.32- 02025-AP30A	57	3	6	1.9	6	-		☆						
		3 (.118)	03025-AP04A	57	4	6	2.9	7	-		☆						
		4 (.157)	04025-AP06A	57	6	6	3.8	10	-		☆						
		5 (.197)	05025-AP08A	57	8	6	4.8	16	-		☆						
		6 (.236)	06025-AP10A	65	10	6	5.7	28	-		☆						
		8 (.315)	08025-AP12A	80	12	8	7.7	35	-		☆						
		10 (.394)	10025-AP14A	90	14	10	9.7	45	0.12		☆						
		12 (.472)	12025-AP16A	100	16	12	11.7	50	0.12		☆						
		16 (.630)	16025-AP20A	115	20	16	15.5	63	0.15		☆						
		20 (.787)	20025-AP20A	125	20	20	19.5	70	0.15		☆						

<sup>1)</sup> Maximum cutting edge length.

Ordering example: 10 pieces R216.32-02030-AC60A H10F

## Aluminum, General, ISO-N

For general machining/finishing of Aluminum.

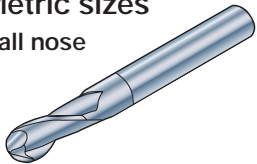
- Always use the shortest possible tool protrusion.

- For roughing try the Kordell cutters.
- For Aluminum with a higher Si.-content a coated endmill could be more productive.

## High performance aluminum endmill

Metric sizes

Ball nose

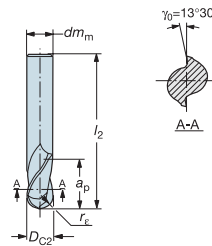


Material:

**N**

Helix angle: ~30°

Tolerances:  $D_{c2}$  — h9  
 $dm_m$  — h6

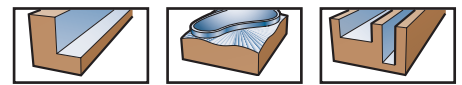


Shank type	Front type	Ordering code		Dimensions, mm				Grade						
		$D_{c2}$ mm		$r_e \pm 0.01$	$l_2$	Max $a_p^{1)}$	$dm_m$	H10F						
Cylindrical 	 $z_n = 2$	2	R216.42- 02030-AK60A	1	57	6	6		☆					
		3	03030-AK07A	1.5	80	7	6		☆					
		4	04030-AK08A	2	80	8	6		☆					
		5	05030-AK10A	2.5	80	10	6		☆					
		6	06030-AK10A	3	80	10	6		☆					
		8	08030-AK16A	4	100	16	8		☆					
		10	10030-AK19A	5	100	19	10		☆					
		12	12030-AK22A	6	100	22	12		☆					
		16	16030-AK26A	8	100	26	16		☆					

<sup>1)</sup> Maximum cutting edge length.

Ordering example: 10 pieces R216.42-02030-AK60A H10F

$v_c$  Cutting data, see page 171.



Code key for solid carbide endmills

Metric tools

<b>R215.3A-10030-AC22H</b>												
1	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	

Inch tools

<b>RA215.3A-1030AAC22H</b>												
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13

<b>1</b> Direction of rotation	<b>2</b> System of measurement	<b>3</b> Type of tool	<b>4</b> Drilling function
R Right hand L Left hand	A Inch version	21 Endmill	5 Non drilling 6 Drilling

<b>5</b> Basic design of endmill			
0 Concave chamfer endmill	5 Conical full radius (ball nose) form (6 or less teeth)	1 Square form with/without corner chamfer, tight tolerance at $D_c$	6 Full radius (ball nose) with spherical form
2 Square form with corner radius	7 Conical straight form	3 Square form with or without corner chamfer	8 45° chamfer endmill
4 Full radius (ball nose) form (6 or less teeth)	9 30° chamfer endmill		T Turn-mill endmill

<b>6</b> Number of teeth	
1 - 9	1 to 9 teeth
A - Z	10 to 32 teeth

<b>7</b> Cutting diameter
<b>Metric tools</b> Cutting diameter $D_c$ or $D_3$ in 1/10 mm. Example: <b>100</b> = 10.0 mm
<b>Inch Tools</b> Cutting diameter $D_c$ or $D_3$ in 1/64 inch. Example: <b>10</b> = 5/32 inch

<b>8</b> Helix angle
Degree of helix rounded to nearest 5 degree

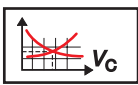
<b>9</b> Corner radius			
<b>Metric tools</b>		C	1.0 mm
-	No radius	D	1.5 mm
A	<0.5 mm	E	2.0 mm
B	0.5 mm	F	2.5 mm
		Etc.	Etc.
<b>Inch tools</b>		D	1/16 inch
-	No radius	E	5/64 inch
A	1/64 inch	F	3/32 inch
B	1/32 inch	Etc.	Etc.
C	3/64 mm		

<b>10</b> Shank type
A Cylindrical
B Weldon

<b>11</b> Length of shank			
S	Short shank length	E	Short $l_2$ and $l_3$ or $l_{22}$
C	Long shank length	I	Medium $l_2$ medium $l_3$ or $l_{22}$
K	Shank length > "C"	J	Medium $l_2$ , long $l_3$ or $l_{22}$
L	Shank length > "K"	O	Long $l_2$ , medium $l_3$ or $l_{22}$
X	Shank length > "L"	P	Long $l_2$ , long $l_3$ or $l_{22}$

<b>12</b> Max. cutting depth, $a_p$
<b>Metric tools</b> Cutting length in mm If $D_c$ or $D_{c2}$ < 3mm in 1/10 mm Example: <b>07</b> = 7 mm for $D_c$ 6 mm <b>70</b> = 7 mm for $D_c$ 2,5 mm
<b>Inch tools</b> Cutting length in 1/16 inch If $D_c$ or $D_{c2}$ < 1/8 in 1/64 inch Example: <b>09</b> = 9/16 inch for $D_c$ 3/16 inch

<b>13</b> Geometry type							
Cutting edge	TW % of $D_c$ or $D_3$	Rake angle $\gamma^\circ$	Cutting edge	TW % of $D_c$ or $D_3$	$\gamma^\circ$		
K	Kordell	50-60	9°-12°	N	Straight	56-65	9°-12°
B	Chip breaker	60	4°-7°	L	Straight	66-75	4°-12°
U	Kordell	<50	9°-12°	G	Straight	50-75	-3°-3°
A	Straight	<45	12°-15°	H	Straight	>75	<-3°
P	Straight	45-55	9°-12°				
TW = Core diameter							



### Cutting data recommendations

Vibrations will affect the quality of the surface texture and will also have a negative effect on tool life and machining time. The fundamental action to take when vibrations occur is to reduce the cutting forces.

#### High security demands in HSM

The machine tools used for HSM must be safely guarded, as splinters or parts of damaged tools might cause accidents. High speed machinery has to be "bullet proof".

#### Dry milling extends tool life

CoroMill Plura endmills are developed to withstand constant, high cutting speeds and temperatures. Their performance regarding tool life and reliability is, in most cases, much better suited to a dry environment. Tool life improvements of more than 40 % are not unusual.

			$a_e < .1 \times D_c$ $a_p < .5 \times D_c$		$a_e < .05 \times D_c$ $a_p < 1 \times D_c$		$a_e < .1 \times D_c$ $a_p < .1 \times D_c$		$a_e < .01 \times D_c$ $a_p < .01 \times D_c$	
ISO	HB	HRC	$v_e$ m/min	$v_c$ feet/min	$v_e$ m/min	$v_c$ feet/min	$v_e$ m/min	$v_c$ feet/min	$v_e$ m/min	$v_c$ feet/min
<b>P</b>	400		170	560	200	660	320	1050	815	2650
	450		150	490	180	590	280	920	715	2350
<b>K</b>	200		265	870	300	980	510	1650	1300	4250
	250		220	720	255	840	420	1400	1070	3500
<b>H</b>		48	130	430	170	560	270	890	680	2250
		52	120	390	155	510	210	690	600	1950
		55	105	340	110	360	200	660	425	1400
		58	75	250	90	300	145	480	370	1200
		60	65	210	80	260	130	430	320	1050
	62	60	200	200	65	210	100	330	265	850

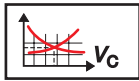
		$a_e < .1 \times D_c$ $a_p < .1 \times D_c$				$a_e < .01 \times D_c$ $a_p < .01 \times D_c$					
Metric	$D_c$ mm	$D_c$ inch	$f_z$ mm/tooth	$f_z$ inch/tooth	$f_z$ mm/tooth	$f_z$ inch/tooth	$f_z$ mm/tooth	$f_z$ inch/tooth			
$n = \frac{v_e \times 1000}{\pi \times D_e}$ (rpm) $v_f = n \times f_z \times Z$ (mm/min) $D_e = 2 \times \sqrt{a_p \times (D_c - a_p)}$ (mm)	1	.039	-	-	0.015	.0006	0.040	.0016			
	2	.079	-	-	0.035	.0014	0.055	.0022			
	3	.118	0.040	.0016	0.050	.0020	0.070	.0028			
	3.175	.125 (1/8")	0.041	.0016	0.055	.0022	0.072	.0028			
	4	.157	0.045	.0018	0.080	.0031	0.080	.0031			
	4.76	.188 (3/16")	0.037	.0015	0.088	.0034	0.088	.0034			
<b>Inch</b> $n = \frac{v_c \times 12}{\pi \times D_e}$ (rpm) $v_f = n \times f_z \times Z$ (inch/min) $D_e = 2 \times \sqrt{a_p \times (D_c - a_p)}$ (inch)	5	.197	0.035	.0014	0.090	.0035	0.090	.0035			
	6	.236	0.030	.0012	0.100	.0039	0.100	.0039			
	6.35	.250 (1/4")	0.034	.0014	0.103	.0040	0.103	.0040			
	8	.315	0.055	.0022	0.115	.0045	0.115	.0045			
	9.525	.375 (3/8")	0.066	.0026	0.123	.0048	0.123	.0048			
	10	.394	0.070	.0028	0.125	.0049	0.125	.0049			
	12	.472	0.075	.0030	0.140	.0055	0.140	.0055			
	12.7	.500 (1/2")	0.078	.0031	0.144	.0056	0.144	.0056			
	15.875	.625 (5/8")	0.090	.0035	-	-	-	-			
	16	.630	0.090	.0035	0.160	.0063	0.160	.0063			
19.05	.750 (3/4")	0.098	.0038	-	-	-	-				

(C-2948:036)

For more specific cutting data ask for our new version of CD PluraGuide.

The software should be installed in a PC, minimum Windows 3.1.





Cutting data recommendations

 <b>GC1620</b> <b>GC1630</b> <b>H10F</b>											
				$a_p \times a_e > D_c$		$a_p \times a_e < D_c$		$a_e \leq 0,05 \times D_c$		$a_p \leq 0,05 \times D_c$	
ISO	CMC	HB	HRC	$v_e$ m/min	$v_e$ feet/min	$v_e$ m/min	$v_e$ feet/min	$v_e$ m/min	$v_e$ feet/min	$v_e$ m/min	$v_e$ feet/min
<b>P</b>	01.1	125		155	510	200	660	375	1230	690	2260
	01.2	150		135	440	185	610	340	1120	630	2070
	01.4	200		120	390	140	460	255	840	470	1540
	02.2	250		100	330	130	430	245	800	450	1480
	02.2	300		90	300	120	390	220	720	410	1350
	03.22	400		75	250	95	310	180	590	335	1100
03.22	450		65	210	85	280	160	520	300	980	
<b>M</b>	05.11	200		60	200	90	300	165	540	300	980
	05.21	200		60	200	75	250	145	480	270	890
	05.51	230		45	150	55	180	110	360	200	660
<b>K</b>	07.1	150		135	440	180	590	330	1080	610	2000
	09.2	200		100	330	130	430	240	790	440	1440
	08.1	180		85	280	110	360	210	690	385	1260
<b>N</b>	30.22	90		1000	3280	1100	3610	1250	4100	1300	4270
<b>S</b>	20.22	350		25	80	35	110	60	200	115	380
	23.22	350		45	150	60	200	115	380	215	710
<b>H</b>	04.1	50		55	180	80	260	GC1610			
		55		-	-	55	180				
		60		-	-	40	130				

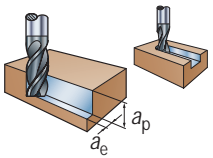
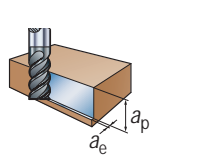
 <b>GC1620</b> <b>GC1630</b> <b>H10F</b>											
Metric	$D_c$ mm	$D_c$ inch	$f_z$ mm/tooth	$f_z$ inch/tooth	$f_z$ mm/tooth	$f_z$ inch/tooth	$f_z$ mm/tooth	$f_z$ inch/tooth	$f_z$ mm/tooth	$f_z$ inch/tooth	
$n = \frac{v_c \times 1000}{\pi \times D_e}$ (rpm)	0.5	.020	<i>Plura Guide</i>								
$v_f = n \times f_z \times z$ (mm/min)	1	.039	0.002	0.0001	0.002	0.0001	0.013	0.0005	0.023	0.0009	
$D_e = 2 \times \sqrt{a_p \times (D_c - a_p)}$ (mm)	2	.079	0.004	0.0002	0.003	0.0001	0.032	0.0013	0.056	0.0022	
<b>Inch</b>	3	.118	0.006	0.0002	0.007	0.0003	0.039	0.0015	0.07	0.0028	
	3.175	.125 (1/8")	0.006	0.0003	0.008	0.0003	0.040	0.0016	0.072	0.0028	
$n = \frac{v_c \times 12}{\pi \times D_e}$ (rpm)	4	.157	0.008	0.0003	0.014	0.0006	0.045	0.0018	0.08	0.0031	
$v_f = n \times f_z \times z$ (inch/min)	4.76	.188 (3/16")	0.010	0.0004	0.019	0.0008	0.046	0.0018	0.078	0.0031	
$D_e = 2 \times \sqrt{a_p \times (D_c - a_p)}$ (inch)	5	.197	0.011	0.0004	0.021	0.0008	0.046	0.0018	0.078	0.0031	
	6	.236	0.014	0.0006	0.03	0.0012	0.055	0.0022	0.099	0.0039	
	6.35	.250 (1/4")	0.015	0.0006	0.031	0.0012	0.056	0.0022	0.102	0.0040	
	8	.315	0.020	0.0008	0.033	0.0013	0.063	0.0025	0.114	0.0045	
	9.525	.375 (3/8")	0.025	0.0010	0.050	0.0020	0.069	0.0027	0.124	0.0049	
	10	.394	0.027	0.0011	0.055	0.0022	0.071	0.0028	0.127	0.0050	
	12	.472	0.036	0.0014	0.071	0.0028	0.077	0.0030	0.139	0.0055	
	12.7	.500 (1/2")	0.039	0.0015	0.074	0.0029	0.079	0.0031	0.143	0.0056	
	15.875	.625 (5/8")	0.054	0.0021	0.089	0.0035	0.089	0.0035	0.160	0.0063	
	16	.630	0.055	0.0022	0.09	0.0035	0.089	0.0035	0.161	0.0063	
	19.05	.750 (3/4")	0.073	0.0029	0.105	0.0041	0.097	0.0038	0.175	0.0069	
	20	.787	0.078	0.0031	0.11	0.0043	0.1	0.0039	0.18	0.0071	
	25	.787	0.11	0.0043	0.11	0.0043	0.11	0.0043	—	—	



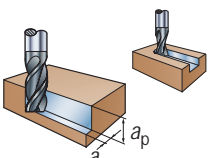
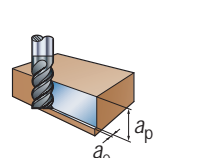

# MILLING

## Cutting data

### Speed recommendations

CoroMill® <b>Flura</b> GC1640			 $a_p \times a_e \leq D_c$		 $a_p \times a_e < 0,5 \times D_c$	
ISO	CMC	HB	$v_c$ feet/min	$v_e$ m/min	$v_c$ feet/min	$v_e$ m/min
<b>P</b>	01.1	125	475	145	525	160
	01.2	150	445	135	475	145
	01.4	200	330	100	360	110
	02.2	250	280	85	310	95
	02.2	300	260	80	280	85
	03.22	350	245	75	260	80
<b>M</b>	05.11	200	215	65	230	70
	05.21	200	165	50	180	55
	05.51	230	115	35	130	40
<b>K</b>	07.1	150	425	130	450	140
	09.2	200	345	105	375	115
	08.1	250	230	70	245	75
<b>S</b>	20.22	350	60	25	80	25
	23.22	350	130	40	150	45

### Feed recommendations

CoroMill® <b>Flura</b> GC1640						
 $D_c$		$f_z$	$f_z$	$f_z$	$f_z$	
inch	mm	inch/tooth	mm/tooth	inch/tooth	mm/tooth	
.236	6	.0005	0.013	.0007	0.019	
.250 (1/4")	6.35	.0005	0.013	.0009	0.022	
.315	8	.0006	0.016	.0014	0.035	
.375 (3/8")	9.525	.0009	0.023	.0016	0.041	
.394	10	.0010	0.025	.0017	0.043	
.472	12	.0012	0.031	.0022	0.055	
.500 (1/2")	12.7	.0014	0.035	.0023	0.057	
.625 (5/8")	15.875	.0020	0.052	.0027	0.068	
.630	16	.0021	0.053	.0027	0.069	
.750 (3/4")	19.05	.0026	0.065	.0032	0.081	
.787	20	.0027	0.069	.0033	0.085	

#### Inch

$$n = \frac{v_c \times 12}{\pi \times D_c} \quad (\text{rpm})$$

$$v_f = n \times f_z \times Z_n \quad (\text{inch/min})$$

#### Metric

$$n = \frac{v_e \times 1000}{\pi \times D_c} \quad (\text{rpm})$$

$$v_f = n \times f_z \times Z_n \quad (\text{mm/min})$$