

The evolution of CoroMill® Plura continues



Our programme of CoroMill® Plura solid carbide endmills includes tool shapes for most operations, in diameters ranging from 0,4 to 25 mm.

The CoroMill® Plura range of solid carbide tooling solutions allows the best possible productivity in die making, aerospace manufacture or general purpose milling.

Following the introduction of GC1610 grade for applications in hard workpieces and the general grades GC1620 and GC1630, Coromant now continues the evolution of the Plura family with another grade, GC1640.

GC1640 is a grade with a Coromant unique PVD TiAlN-coating and a new, very tough substrate based on the Pluratech technology.

With the GC1640 grade, the CoroMill Plura system provides the perfect solution for demanding operations like machining under unstable conditions.

CoroMill Plura and CoroGrip – made for each other

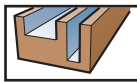
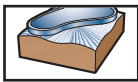
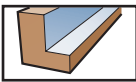
The advanced machining capabilities of Plura and the high precision CoroGrip holding chucks are a perfect match. CoroGrip's design provides clamping forces in excess of anything possible from shrink fit holders or hydraulic chucks, and a level of high stability which makes it the first choice for High Speed Machining (HSM).



CoroMill Plura has been specifically designed for HSM applications, with tool geometries and a new grade family profile allowing the best possible productivity in all workpiece materials.

Together these two complementary technologies can cope with any task you present, in conventional or multi-task machining.

CoroMill®
Plura



MILLING

CoroMill® Plura

Choosing your CoroMill® Plura endmill

Step 1: Select the Plura grade for your workpiece material

ISO H : Choose grade GC1610

for semi-finishing to finishing operations in hot work steel ≥ 43 HRC and cold work steel ≥ 52 HRC.

Choose grade GC1620

for roughing operations. See page A 151.

ISO P M K S H : Choose grade GC1620

for semi-finishing to finishing operations demanding wear resistance, especially in dry machining. This grade also performs well when machining stainless steels wet.

ISO P M K N S : Choose grade GC1630

for roughing to semi-finishing operations demanding edge line toughness. This grade also works well in machining of very soft and smearing steels.

ISO P M K : Choose grade GC1640

for roughing operations where toughness is important or where stability demands a tough grade.

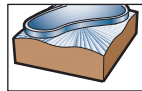
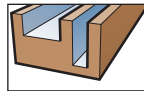
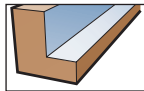
GC1610, GC1620	Dry	Wet
Finishing	GC1610	
Semi finishing		
Roughing	GC1620	

GC1620, GC1630, GC1640	Dry	Wet
Finishing	GC1620	
Semi finishing		
Roughing		

Step 2: Classify your machining operation

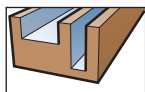
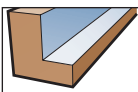
Milling of straight surfaces or grooving.
(see also keyway slotting – page A 173)

or profiling



For cutting data and tool recommendation, please consult PluraGuide (C-2948-036).

Step 3: Select your CoroMill® Plura endmill

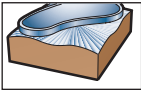
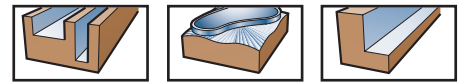


For straight surfaces and grooving

The “All purpose endmill” with variable flute depth for maximum stability, page A 150, is the first choice for roughing to finishing in ISO P, M, K and S materials.

	ISO P M K S (Steel where HRC <47)	ISO H Hardened steel. Hot work steel ≥43HRC, cold work steel ≥52HRC	ISO N				
Finishing	All purpose endmill Page A 150	Page A 151	Page A 175				
Semi finishing				Page A 160	Page A 162	Page A 163	Page A 176
Roughing				Page A 152			

Note: Roughing endmills which suffer from chipping in steels ≥ 35 HRC or titanium, should be replaced with variable flute depth endmills.



For profiling

	ISO P M K S				ISO H	ISO N			
	Endmills with corner radii	Ball nose endmill *z _n =2			Endmills with corner radii	Ball nose endmill *z _n =2			Aluminum *z _n =2
Super finishing				P-geometry page 168				G-geometry page 169	A-geometry page 175
Finishing									
Semi finishing		*z _n =2	*z _n =4						
Roughing	*z _n =4	P-geometry page 168	N-geometry page 168		*z _n =4	*z _n =2	*z _n =4	*z _n =2	G-geometry page 171
	P-geometry page 150				H-geometry page 151	G-geometry page 165	G-geometry page 164	G-geometry page 169	

- For best productivity in finishing – choose four cutting edges
- For best stability in semi-finishing – choose two cutting edges
- For best surface finish – choose two cutting edges.

*z_n=Total number of edges in the tool

Chamfering tools

Tools for 30°, 45° chamfering in 0,5–6 mm radius are available, in grade GC1620 for all workpiece materials, page A 172.

Mini tools

For all applications where $D_c \leq 1$ mm is needed we recommend Sandvik Coromant's Mini tools on pages A 166 – A 167.

Keyway slotting

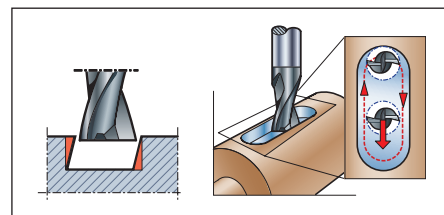
For this particular operation, some specific guidance can be given in addition to the general recommendations for milling of straight surfaces and grooving.

Due to the direction of the cutting forces and the tendency of the tool to bend, a slot milled in a single step will not have a perfectly square form.

The best accuracy and productivity will be achieved if the operation employs an undersized endmill, and is divided into two steps:

1. key slot milling – roughing of the full slot.
2. side milling – finishing all round the slot using up milling, to create true square corners.

Page A 173.

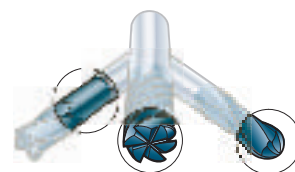


Key slot milling in two steps.

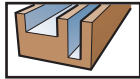
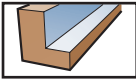
Engineered solutions

When our standard tools do not match your needs you can depend on Sandvik Coromant's experience in engineered tool solutions to provide the answer, however demanding the criteria.

Define the endmill you require and we will design it for you to your own specified dimensions. Forward your enquiry to us and we will supply a quotation including delivery time, price, and a design drawing.



With engineered solutions Sandvik Coromant offer endless possibilities to change tool shapes, diameters and lengths.



MILLING

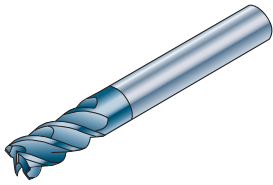
CoroMill® Plura

All purpose endmill

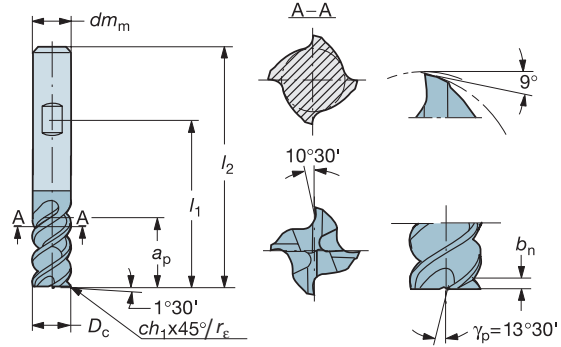
Variable flute depth tools

Hardness ≤48HRc

P M K S



Helix angle: ~50°
Tolerances: D_c — h10
 dm_m — h6



Shank type	Front type	Ordering code	Dimensions, mm								Grade						
			z_n	D_c mm		Max a_p ¹⁾	dm_m	Helix l_{sh} ²⁾ mm	ch_1	b_n	Radius $r_ε$	1620	1630	1640			
Weldon		Short															
		4	6	R216.34-06050-BC13P	39	57	13	6	16	0,10	0,25	—	☆	☆	☆		
		4	8	08050-BC19P	45	63	19	8	22,4	0,10	0,25	—	☆	☆	☆		
		4	10	10050-BC22P	52	72	22	10	28	0,10	0,25	—	☆	☆	☆		
		4	12	12050-BC26P	61	83	26	12	35,5	0,10	0,25	—	☆	☆	☆		
		4	14	14050-BC26P	61	83	26	14	40	0,15	0,35	—	☆	☆	☆		
		4	16	16050-BC32P	68	92	32	16	45	0,15	0,35	—	☆	☆	☆		
		4	20	20050-BC38P	79	104	38	20	56	0,15	0,35	—	☆	☆	☆		
		4	6	R216.24-06050CBC13P	39	57	13	6	16	—	—	1	☆	☆			
		4	8	08050EBC19P	45	63	19	8	22,4	—	—	2	☆	☆			
		4	10	10050EBC22P	52	72	22	10	28	—	—	2	☆	☆			
		4	12	12050GBC26P	61	83	26	12	35,5	—	—	3	☆	☆			
		4	14	14050GBC26P	61	83	26	14	40	—	—	3	☆	☆			
		4	16	16050IBC32P	68	92	32	16	45	—	—	4	☆	☆			
		4	20	20050IBC38P	79	104	38	20	56	—	—	4	☆	☆			
		Cylindrical		Long													
				3	4	R216.33-04050-AK11P	—	57	11	6	11,2	0,10	0,25	—	☆	☆	
				3	5	05050-AK13P	—	57	13	6	14	0,10	0,25	—	☆	☆	
4	6			R216.34-06050-AK13P	—	65	13	6	16	0,10	0,25	—	☆	☆			
4	8			08050-AK19P	—	80	19	8	22,4	0,10	0,25	—	☆	☆			
4	10			10050-AK22P	—	100	22	10	28	0,10	0,25	—	☆	☆			
4	12			12050-AK26P	—	100	26	12	35,5	0,10	0,25	—	☆	☆			
4	14			14050-AK26P	—	104	26	14	40	0,15	0,35	—	☆	☆			
4	16			16050-AK32P	—	115	32	16	45	0,15	0,35	—	☆	☆			
4	20			20050-AK38P	—	125	38	20	56	0,15	0,35	—	☆	☆			
3	4			R216.23-04050CAK11P	—	57	11	6	11,2	—	—	1	☆	☆			
3	5			05050CAK13P	—	57	13	6	14	—	—	1	☆	☆			
4	6			R216.24-06050CAK13P	—	65	13	6	16	—	—	1	☆	☆			
4	8			08050EAK19P	—	80	19	8	22,4	—	—	2	☆	☆			
4	10			10050EAK22P	—	100	22	10	28	—	—	2	☆	☆			
4	12			12050GAK26P	—	100	26	12	35,5	—	—	3	☆	☆			
4	14			14050GAK26P	—	104	26	14	40	—	—	3	☆	☆			
4	16			16050IAK32P	—	115	32	16	45	—	—	4	☆	☆			
4	20			20050IAK38P	—	125	38	20	56	—	—	4	☆	☆			

1) Maximum cutting edge length.
2) Pitch per rev.

Ordering example: 10 pieces R216.34-06050-BC13P 1620

Variable flute depth, ≤48HRc, ISO-P, M, K, S

For roughing to finishing in steel ≤48HRc, stainless steel, cast iron, HRSA and titanium

Generally this tool should be your first choice. Always use the shortest possible tool protrusion. This tool has a differential pitch to improve stability in roughing applications. If you experience problems with too high axial forces try an endmill with

four cutting edges and 30° helix, pages A 157 – A 158. If the chip room is not large enough try an endmill with three cutting edges and 45° helix, page A 156 (in weak materials and large a_p an endmill with four cutting edges and 45° helix might work, page A 159). For higher productivity in finishing applications we recommend an endmill with more edges, page A 160.

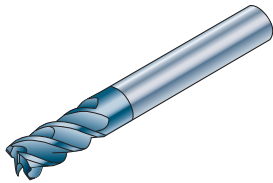


Roughing endmill

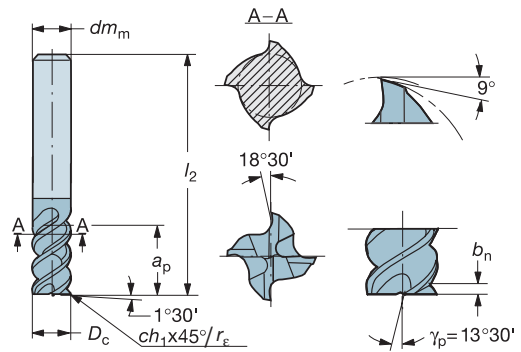
Variable flute depth tools

Hardness 43 ≤ HRc ≤ 63

P H



Helix angle: ~50°
Tolerances: $D_c - h10$
 $dm_m - h6$



Shank type	Front type	Ordering code	Dimensions, mm							Grade		
			D_c mm	l_2	Max $a_p^{1)}$	dm_m	Helix $l_{sh}^{2)}$ mm	ch_1	b_n	Radius $r_ε$	1620	
Cylindrical		3 2 R216.33-02050-AK70H	57	7	6	5,6	-	0,25	-	☆		
		3 3 03050-AK08H	57	8	6	8	-	0,25	-	☆		
		3 4 04050-AK11H	57	11	6	11,2	0,10	0,25	-	☆		
		3 5 05050-AK13H	57	13	6	14	0,10	0,25	-	☆		
		4 6 R216.34-06050-AK13H	65	13	6	16	0,10	0,25	-	☆		
		4 8 08050-AK19H	80	19	8	22,4	0,10	0,25	-	☆		
		4 10 10050-AK22H	100	22	10	28	0,10	0,25	-	☆		
		4 12 12050-AK26H	100	26	12	35,5	0,10	0,25	-	☆		
		4 14 14050-AK26H	104	26	14	40	0,15	0,35	-	☆		
		4 16 16050-AK32H	115	32	16	45	0,15	0,35	-	☆		
		4 20 20050-AK38H	125	38	20	56	0,15	0,35	-	☆		
		3 2 R216.23-02050BAK70H	57	7	6	5,6	-	-	0,5	☆		
		3 3 03050BAK08H	57	8	6	8	-	-	0,5	☆		
		3 4 04050CAK11H	57	11	6	11,2	-	-	1	☆		
		3 5 05050CAK13H	57	13	6	14	-	-	1	☆		
		4 6 R216.24-06050CAK13H	65	13	6	16	-	-	1	☆		
		4 8 08050EAK19H	80	19	8	22,4	-	-	2	☆		
		4 10 10050EAK22H	100	22	10	28	-	-	2	☆		
		4 12 12050GAK26H	100	26	12	35,5	-	-	3	☆		
		4 14 14050GAK26H	104	26	14	40	-	-	3	☆		
4 16 16050IAK32H	115	32	16	45	-	-	4	☆				
4 20 20050IAK38H	125	38	20	56	-	-	4	☆				

1) Maximum cutting edge length.
2) Pitch per rev.

Ordering example: 10 pieces R216.23-02050BAK70H 1620

Variable flute depth, ISO-P, H

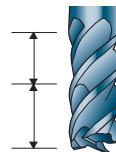
For warm work steels ≥43HRc.

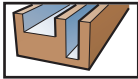
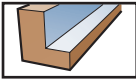
For cold work steels ≥52HRc.

If you experience problems with this endmill we recommend you reduce the engagement since hardened steels are very demanding. For higher productivity with finishing engagements we recommend an endmill with more edges, page A 162.

Core: 85% of D_c

Core: 50% of D_c
Length: 1 x D_c





MILLING

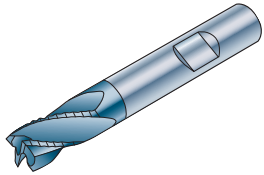
CoroMill® Plura

Roughing endmill

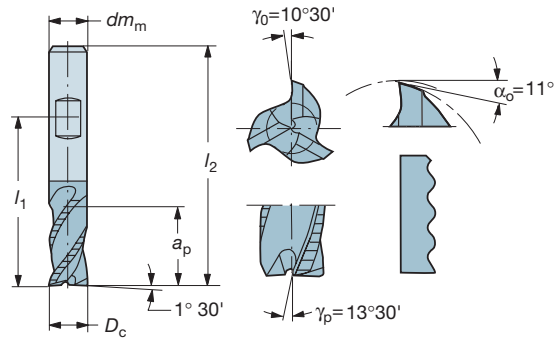
Kordell

Hardness <28HRc

P M K



Helix angle: ~30°, 40°
Tolerances: D_c — h14
 dm_m — h6



l_1 = programming length

Shank type	Front type	Ordering code	Dimensions, mm					Helix $l_{sh}^{(2)}$ mm	Grade			
			D_c mm	l_1	l_2	Max $a_p^{(1)}$	dm_m		1640			
Weldon	$Z_n = 3$	Short						(30°)				
		6 R216.33-06030-BS07K	36	54	7	6	35,5	☆				
		8 08030-BS09K	40	58	9	8	45	☆				
		10 10030-BS11K	46	66	11	10	56	☆				
		12 12030-BS12K	50,5	73	12	12	71	☆				
		14 14030-BS14K	52,5	75	14	14	80	☆				
		16 16030-BS16K	58	82	16	16	90	☆				
		20 20030-BS20K	67	92	20	20	112	☆				
		$Z_n = 4$	Long						(40°)			
			6 R216.34-06040-BC13K	39	57	13	6	25	☆			
	8 08040-BC19K		45	63	19	8	31,5	☆				
	10 10040-BC22K		52	72	22	10	40	☆				
	12 12040-BC26K		60,5	83	26	12	45	☆				
	14 14040-BC26K		60,5	83	26	14	56	☆				
	16 16040-BC32K		68	92	32	16	63	☆				
	18 18040-BC32K		68	92	32	18	71	☆				
	20 20040-BC38K		79	104	38	20	80	☆				

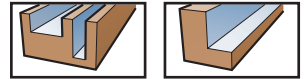
1) Maximum cutting edge length.
2) Pitch per rev.

Ordering example: 10 pieces R216.33-06030-BS07K 1640

Kordell, ISO-P, M, K

Primarily for roughing in steel <28HRc, stainless and cast iron.

For materials >28HRc we recommend our endmill with variable flute depth, page A 150. If you experience problems with these endmills, primarily chipping, we recommend our endmill with variable flute depth, page A 150.

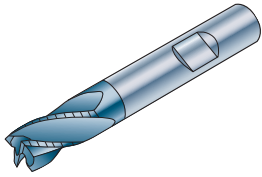


Roughing endmill

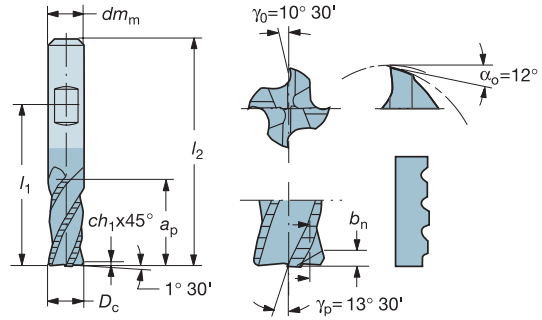
Chip dividing

Hardness <48HRc



S Titanium



Helix angle: ~30°
Tolerances: $D_c - h10$
 $dm_m - h6$



$l_1 =$ programming length

Shank type	Front type	Z_n	D_c mm	Ordering code	Dimensions, mm						Grade			
					l_1	l_2	Max a_p ¹⁾	dm_m	Helix l_{sh} ²⁾ mm	ch_1	b_n	1620		
Weldon 		4	6	R216.34-06030-BC13B	39	57	13	6	35,5	–	0,25	☆		
		4	8	08030-BC19B	45	63	19	8	45	–	0,25	☆		
		4	10	10030-BC22B	52	72	22	10	56	0,10	0,25	☆		
		4	12	12030-BC26B	60,5	83	26	12	71	0,10	0,25	☆		
		4	14	14030-BC26B	60,5	83	26	14	80	0,15	0,35	☆		
		4	16	16030-BC32B	68	92	32	16	90	0,15	0,35	☆		
		4	18	18030-BC32B	68	92	32	18	100	0,15	0,35	☆		
		4	20	20030-BC38B	79	104	38	20	112	0,15	0,35	☆		
		5	25	R216.35-25030-BC45B	93	125	45	25	140	0,15	0,35	☆		

1) Maximum cutting edge length.

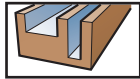
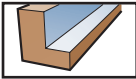
2) Pitch per rev.

Ordering example: 10 pieces R216.34-06030-BC13B 1620

Chip dividing, ISO-S

Primarily for roughing in titanium <48HRc.

The design shows the best improvement at large axial depth of cut. If you experience chipping with this tool then the toughness demands in your application are too high for this geometry and we would recommend using the endmill with variable flute depth, page A 150.



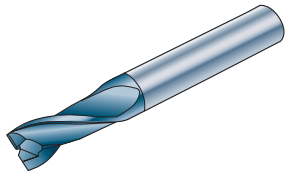
MILLING

CoroMill® Plura

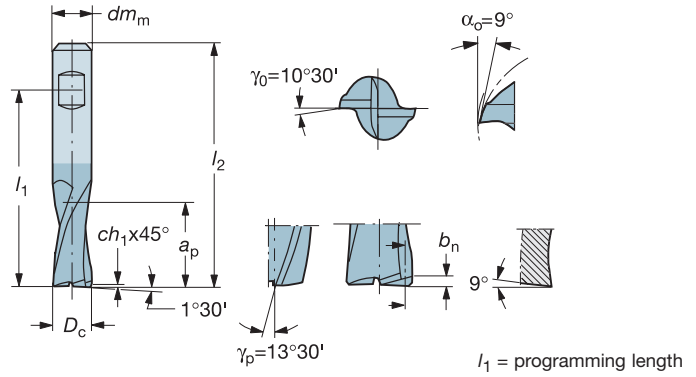
General purpose endmill





Hardness <48HRc

P M K S



Helix angle: ~30°
Tolerances: $D_c - h10$
 $dm_m - h6$



Shank type	Front type	Ordering code	Dimensions, mm							Grade			
			D_c mm	l_1	l_2	Max a_{p1}	dm_m	Helix $l_{sh}^{2)}$ mm	ch_1	b_n	1630		
Cylindrical 	 $z_n = 2$	1	R216.32-01030-AC30P	-	57	3	6	5,6	-	-	☆		
		1,5	01530-AC30P	-	57	3	6	9,0	-	-	☆		
		2	02030-AC60P	-	57	6	6	11,2	-	-	☆		
		2,5	02530-AC70P	-	57	7	6	14,0	-	-	☆		
		3	03030-AC07P	-	57	7	6	16	-	-	☆		
		3,5	03530-AC07P	-	57	7	6	20,0	-	-	☆		
		4	04030-AC08P	-	57	8	6	22,4	-	0,25	☆		
		4,5	04530-AC08P	-	57	8	6	25,0	-	0,25	☆		
		5	05030-AC10P	-	57	10	6	28	-	0,25	☆		
		6	06030-AC10P	-	57	10	6	35,5	-	0,25	☆		
		7	07030-AC13P	-	63	13	8	40,0	-	0,25	☆		
		8	08030-AC16P	-	63	16	8	45	-	0,25	☆		
		9	09030-AC16P	-	72	16	10	50,0	0,10	0,25	☆		
		10	10030-AC19P	-	72	19	10	56	0,10	0,25	☆		
		11	11030-AC22P	-	83	22	12	63	0,10	0,25	☆		
		12	12030-AC22P	-	83	22	12	71	0,10	0,25	☆		
14	14030-AC22P	-	83	22	14	80	0,15	0,35	☆				
16	16030-AC26P	-	92	26	16	90	0,15	0,35	☆				
18	18030-AC26P	-	92	26	18	100	0,15	0,35	☆				
20	20030-AC32P	-	104	32	20	112	0,15	0,35	☆				
Weldon 	 $z_n = 2$	10	R216.32-10030-BC19P	52	72	19	10	56	0,10	0,25	☆		
		12	12030-BC22P	60,5	83	22	12	71	0,10	0,25	☆		
		16	16030-BC26P	68	92	26	16	90	0,15	0,35	☆		
		18	18030-BC26P	68	92	26	18	100	0,15	0,35	☆		
		20	20030-BC32P	79	104	32	20	112	0,15	0,35	☆		

1) Maximum cutting edge length.
2) Pitch per rev.

Ordering example: 10 pieces R216.32-01030-AC30P 1630

2-30°, ISO-P, M, K, S

For steel <48HRc, stainless steel, cast iron, HRSA and titanium

The problem solver—but bear in mind that with two cutting edges you can never achieve the highest metal removal rates. Moving from three to two cutting edges will not usually improve stability. In most

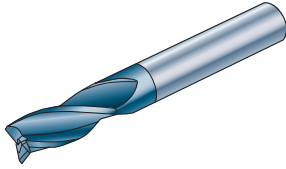
applications, the shorter tool with two cutting edges for keyway slotting (page 173) will work better. For higher productivity try an endmill with three cutting edges and 45° helix, page A 156.



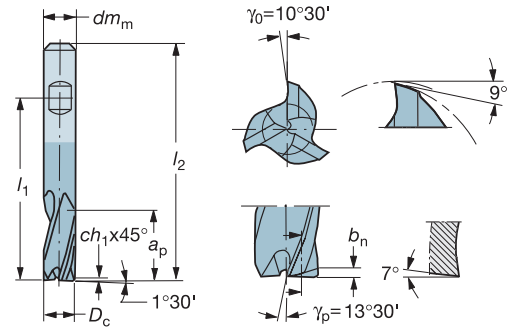
General purpose endmill

Hardness <48HRc

P M K S



Helix angle: ~30°
Tolerances: $D_c - h10$
 $dm_m - h6$



l_1 = programming length

Shank type	Front type	Ordering code	Dimensions, mm							Grade			
			D_c mm	l_1	l_2	Max a_p ¹⁾	dm_m	Helix l_{st} ²⁾ mm	ch_1	b_n	1630		
Cylindrical	 $z_n = 3$	1	R216.33-01030-AC30P	—	57	3	6	5,6	—	—	☆		
		1,5	01530-AC30P	—	57	3	6	9	—	—	☆		
		2	02030-AC60P	—	57	6	6	11,2	—	—	☆		
		2,5	02530-AC70P	—	57	7	6	14	—	—	☆		
		3	03030-AC07P	—	57	7	6	16	—	—	☆		
		3,5	03530-AC07P	—	57	7	6	16	—	—	☆		
		4	04030-AC08P	—	57	8	6	22,4	—	0,25	☆		
		4,5	04530-AC08P	—	57	8	6	25	—	0,25	☆		
		5	05030-AC10P	—	57	10	6	28	—	0,25	☆		
		5,5	05530-AC10P	—	57	10	6	31,5	—	0,25	☆		
		6	06030-AC10P	—	57	10	6	35,5	—	0,25	☆		
		6,5	06530-AC13P	—	63	13	8	35,5	—	0,25	☆		
		7	07030-AC13P	—	63	13	8	40	—	0,25	☆		
		7,5	07530-AC16P	—	63	16	8	45	—	0,25	☆		
		8	08030-AC16P	—	63	16	8	45	—	0,25	☆		
		9	09030-AC16P	—	72	16	10	50	0,10	0,25	☆		
		10	10030-AC19P	—	72	19	10	56	0,10	0,25	☆		
		11	11030-AC22P	—	83	22	12	63	0,10	0,25	☆		
		12	12030-AC22P	—	83	22	12	71	0,10	0,25	☆		
		13	13030-AC22P	—	83	22	14	71	0,15	0,35	☆		
14	14030-AC22P	—	83	22	14	80	0,15	0,35	☆				
15	15030-AC26P	—	92	26	16	90	0,15	0,35	☆				
16	16030-AC26P	—	92	26	16	90	0,15	0,35	☆				
18	18030-AC26P	—	92	26	18	100	0,15	0,35	☆				
20	20030-AC32P	—	104	32	20	112	0,15	0,35	☆				
Weldon	 $z_n = 3$	6	R216.33-06030-BC10P	39	57	10	6	35,5	—	0,25	☆		
		8	08030-BC16P	45	63	16	8	45	—	0,25	☆		
		9	09030-BC16P	52	72	16	10	50	0,10	0,25	☆		
		10	10030-BC19P	52	72	19	10	56	0,10	0,25	☆		
		12	12030-BC22P	60,5	83	22	12	71	0,10	0,25	☆		
		14	14030-BC22P	60,5	83	22	14	80	0,15	0,35	☆		
		16	16030-BC26P	68	92	26	16	90	0,15	0,35	☆		
		18	18030-BC26P	68	92	26	18	100	0,15	0,35	☆		
20	20030-BC32P	79	104	32	20	112	0,15	0,35	☆				
Cylindrical	 $z_n = 3$	Extra long		—	57	4	6	5,6	—	—	☆		
		1	R216.33-01030-AK40P	—	57	6	6	9	—	—	☆		
		1,5	01530-AK60P	—	57	8	6	11,2	—	—	☆		
		2	02030-AK80P	—	57	12	6	18	—	—	☆		
		3	03030-AK12P	—	57	14	6	22,4	—	0,25	☆		
		4	04030-AK14P	—	50	16	6	28	—	0,25	☆		
		5	05030-AK16P	—	65	22	6	35,5	—	0,25	☆		
		6	06030-AK22P	—	80	28	8	45	—	0,25	☆		
		8	08030-AK28P	—	100	32	10	56	0,10	0,25	☆		
		10	10030-AK32P	—	100	38	12	71	0,10	0,25	☆		
		12	12030-AK38P	—	115	50	16	90	0,15	0,35	☆		
		16	16030-AK50P	—	125	50	20	112	0,15	0,35	☆		

¹⁾ Maximum cutting edge length.

²⁾ Pitch per rev.

Ordering example: 10 pieces R216.33-01030-AC30P 1630

3-30°, ISO-P, M, K, S

For steel <48HRc, stainless steel, cast iron, HRSA and titanium.

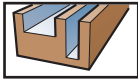
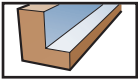
In most applications the shorter tool with three cutting edges for keyway slotting will work better, page A 173.

For higher productivity try a tool with four cutting edges and 30° helix, pages A 157-A 158.

In most applications you will gain better stability with an endmill

with three cutting edges and 45° helix, page A 156.

When you have problems with this endmill try an endmill with two cutting edges, page A 154.



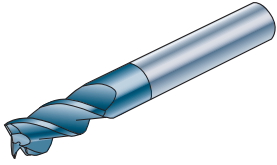
MILLING

CoroMill® Plura

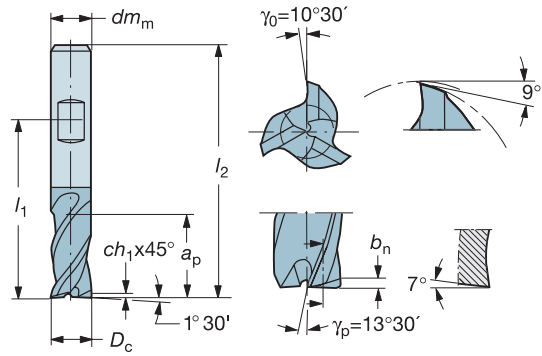
General purpose endmill

Hardness <48HRc





P M K S



Helix angle: ~45°
Tolerances: D_c — h10
 dm_m — h6



l_1 = programming length

Shank type	Front type	Ordering code	Dimensions, mm							Grade	
			D_c mm	l_1	l_2	Max a_p ¹⁾	dm_m	Helix l_{sh} ²⁾ mm	ch_1	b_n	1620
Cylindrical 	 $z_n = 3$	2 R216.33-02045-AC60P	—	57	6	6	6,3	—	—	☆	☆
		3 03045-AC07P	—	57	7	6	10	—	—	☆	☆
		4 04045-AC08P	—	57	8	6	12,5	0,10	0,25	☆	☆
		5 05045-AC10P	—	57	10	6	16	0,10	0,25	☆	☆
		6 06045-AC10P	—	57	10	6	20	0,10	0,25	☆	☆
		7 07045-AC13P	—	63	13	8	22,4	0,10	0,25	☆	☆
		8 08045-AC16P	—	63	16	8	25	0,10	0,25	☆	☆
		9 09045-AC16P	—	72	16	10	28	0,10	0,25	☆	☆
		10 10045-AC19P	—	72	19	10	31,5	0,10	0,25	☆	☆
		12 12045-AC22P	—	83	22	12	40	0,10	0,25	☆	☆
		14 14045-AC22P	—	83	22	14	45	0,15	0,35	☆	☆
		16 16045-AC26P	—	92	26	16	50	0,15	0,35	☆	☆
		18 18045-AC26P	—	92	26	18	56	0,15	0,35	☆	☆
20 20045-AC32P	—	104	32	20	63	0,15	0,35	☆	☆		
Weldon 	 $z_n = 3$	6 R216.33-06045-BC10P	39	57	10	6	20	0,10	0,25	☆	☆
		8 08045-BC16P	45	63	16	8	25	0,10	0,25	☆	☆
		10 10045-BC19P	52	72	19	10	31,5	0,10	0,25	☆	☆
		12 12045-BC22P	60,5	83	22	12	40	0,10	0,25	☆	☆
		14 14045-BC22P	60,5	83	22	14	45	0,15	0,35	☆	☆
		16 16045-BC26P	68	92	26	16	50	0,15	0,35	☆	☆
		18 18045-BC26P	68	92	26	18	56	0,15	0,35	☆	☆
		20 20045-BC32P	79	104	32	20	63	0,15	0,35	☆	☆

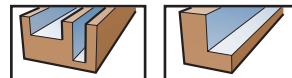
1) Maximum cutting edge length.
2) Pitch per rev.

Ordering example: 10 pieces R216.33-02045-AC60P 1620

3-45°, ISO-P, M, K, S

For steel <48HRc, stainless steel, cast iron, HRSA and titanium. A very good tool in most applications!

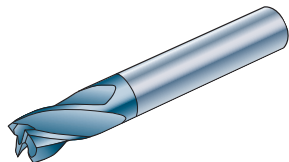
If you experience problems with too high axial forces try an endmill with three cutting edges and 30° helix, page A 173. If the chip room is not large enough try an endmill with two cutting edges and 30° helix, page A 154.



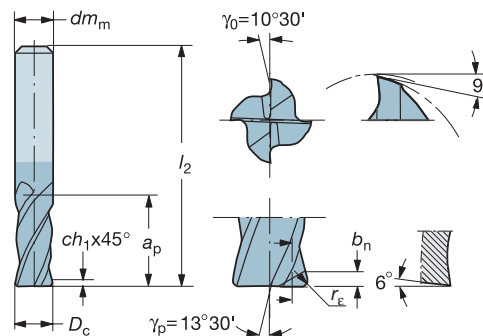
General purpose endmill

Hardness <48HRc

P M K S



Helix angle: ~30°
Tolerances: D_c — h10
 dm_m — h6



Shank type	Front type	Ordering code	Dimensions, mm						Grade				
			D_c mm	l_2	Max $a_p^{1)}$	dm_m	Helix $l_{sh}^{2)}$ mm	ch_1	b_n	1620	1630		
Cylindrical	 $z_n = 4$	Short											
		2	R216.34-02030-AS40N	50	4	6	11,2	—	—	☆	☆		
		3	03030-AS05N	50	5	6	18	—	—	☆	☆		
		4	04030-AS08N	54	8	6	22,4	—	0,25	☆	☆		
		5	05030-AS09N	54	9	6	28	—	0,25	☆	☆		
		6	06030-AS10N	54	10	6	35,5	—	0,25	☆	☆		
		7	07030-AS11N	58	11	8	40	—	0,25	☆	☆		
		8	08030-AS12N	58	12	8	45	—	0,25	☆	☆		
		10	10030-AS14N	66	14	10	56	0,10	0,25	☆	☆		
		12	12030-AS16N	73	16	12	71	0,10	0,25	☆	☆		
		14	14030-AS18N	75	18	14	80	0,15	0,35	☆	☆		
		16	16030-AS22N	82	22	16	90	0,15	0,35	☆	☆		
		18	18030-AS24N	84	24	18	100	0,15	0,35	☆	☆		
		20	20030-AS26N	92	26	20	112	0,15	0,35	☆	☆		
		Long											
		2	R216.34-02030-AC70N	57	7	6	11,2	—	—	☆	☆		
		3	03030-AC08N	57	8	6	16	—	—	☆	☆		
		3,5	03530-AC10N	57	10	6	20	—	—	☆	☆		
		4	04030-AC11N	57	11	6	22,4	—	0,25	☆	☆		
		4,5	04530-AC11N	57	11	6	25	—	0,25	☆	☆		
		5	05030-AC13N	57	13	6	28	—	0,25	☆	☆		
		5,5	05530-AC13N	57	13	6	31,5	—	0,25	☆	☆		
		6	06030-AC13N	57	13	6	35,5	—	0,25	☆	☆		
		6,5	06530-AC16N	63	16	8	35,5	—	0,25	☆	☆		
		7	07030-AC16N	63	16	8	40	—	0,25	☆	☆		
		8	08030-AC19N	63	19	8	45	—	0,25	☆	☆		
		9	09030-AC19N	72	19	10	50	0,10	0,25	☆	☆		
		10	10030-AC22N	72	22	10	56	0,10	0,25	☆	☆		
		12	12030-AC26N	83	26	12	71	0,10	0,25	☆	☆		
		14	14030-AC26N	83	26	14	80	0,15	0,35	☆	☆		
		16	16030-AC32N	92	32	16	90	0,15	0,35	☆	☆		
		18	18030-AC32N	92	32	18	100	0,15	0,35	☆	☆		
		20	20030-AC38N	104	38	20	112	0,15	0,35	☆	☆		

1) Maximum cutting edge length.
2) Pitch per rev.

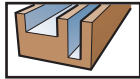
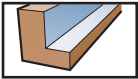
Ordering example: 10 pieces R216.34-02030-AS40N 1620

4-30°, ISO-P, M, K, S

For steel <48HRc, stainless steel, cast iron, HRSA and titanium

Always use the shortest possible tool protrusion. For higher productivity try a tool with six cutting edges and 50° helix, page A 160. In most applications you will gain better stability with an endmill with four cutting edges and 50° helix, page A 150.

If the chip room is not large enough try an endmill with three cutting edges and 45° helix, page A 156.



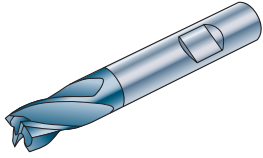
MILLING

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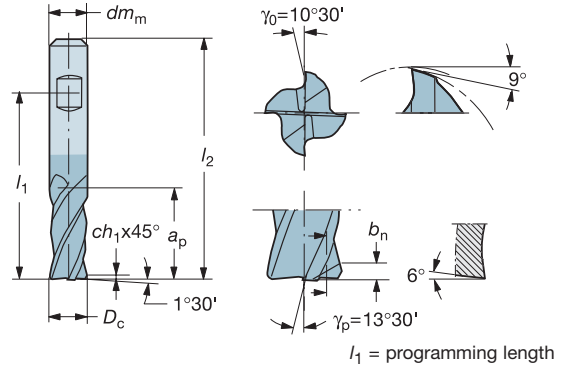
General purpose endmill

Hardness <48HRc

P M K S



Helix angle: ~30°
Tolerances: D_c — h10
 dm_m — h6



Shank type	Front type	Ordering code	Dimensions, mm							Grade					
			D_c mm	l_1	l_2	Max a_p ¹⁾	dm_m	Helix l_{sh} ²⁾ mm	ch_1	b_n	1630				
Weldon	 $z_n = 4$	Short													
		6	R216.34-06030-BS10N	36	54	10	6	35,5	—	0,25	☆				
		8	08030-BS12N	40	58	12	8	45	—	0,25	☆				
		10	10030-BS14N	46	66	14	10	56	0,10	0,25	☆				
		12	12030-BS16N	50,5	73	16	12	71	0,10	0,25	☆				
		14	14030-BS18N	52,5	75	18	14	80	0,15	0,35	☆				
		16	16030-BS22N	58	82	22	16	90	0,15	0,35	☆				
		18	18030-BS24N	60	84	24	18	100	0,15	0,35	☆				
		20	20030-BS26N	67	92	26	20	112	0,15	0,35	☆				
		Long													
		6	R216.34-06030-BC13N	39	57	13	6	35,5	—	0,25	☆				
		8	08030-BC19N	45	63	19	8	45	—	0,25	☆				
		10	10030-BC22N	52	72	22	10	56	0,10	0,25	☆				
		12	12030-BC26N	60,5	83	26	12	71	0,10	0,25	☆				
		14	14030-BC26N	60,5	83	26	14	80	0,15	0,35	☆				
		16	16030-BC32N	68	92	32	16	90	0,15	0,35	☆				
		18	18030-BC32N	68	92	32	18	100	0,15	0,35	☆				
		20	20030-BC38N	79	104	38	20	112	0,15	0,35	☆				
		25	25030-BC45N	89	121	45	25	140	0,15	0,35	☆				

1) Maximum cutting edge length.
2) Pitch per rev.

Ordering example: 10 pieces R216.34-06030-BS10N 1630

4-30°, ISO-P, M, K, S

For steel <48HRc, stainless steel, cast iron, HRSA and titanium

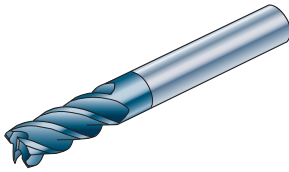
Always use the shortest possible tool protrusion. For higher productivity try a tool with six cutting edges and 50° helix, page A 160. In most applications you will gain better stability with an endmill with four cutting edges and 50° helix, page A 150.

If the chip room is not large enough try an endmill with three cutting edges and 45° helix, page A 156.

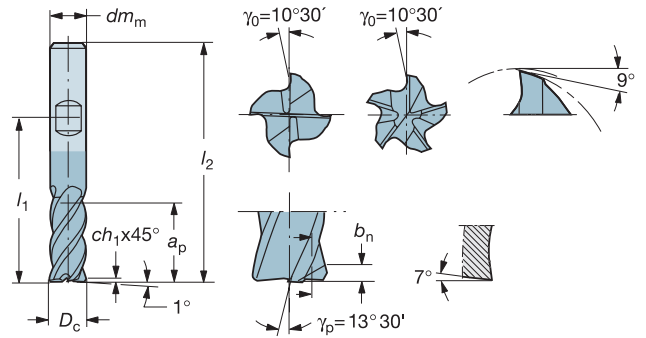


General purpose endmill

Hardness <48HRc



Helix angle: -45°
 Tolerances: $D_c - h10$
 $dm_m - h6$



l_1 = programming length

Shank type	Front type	z_n	D_c mm	Ordering code	Dimensions, mm						Grade				
					l_1	l_2	Max a_p ¹⁾	dm_m	Helix l_{sh} ²⁾ mm	ch_1	b_n	1620	1630		
Cylindrical		4	2	R216.34-02045-AC70N	-	57	7	6	6,3	-	-	☆	☆		
		4	3	03045-AC08N	-	57	8	6	10	-	-	☆	☆		
		4	4	04045-AC11N	-	57	11	6	12,5	0,10	0,25	☆	☆		
		4	5	05045-AC13N	-	57	13	6	16	0,10	0,25	☆	☆		
		4	6	06045-AC13N	-	57	13	6	20	0,10	0,25	☆	☆		
		4	8	08045-AC19N	-	63	19	8	25	0,10	0,25	☆	☆		
		4	10	10045-AC22N	-	72	22	10	31,5	0,10	0,25	☆	☆		
		4	12	12045-AC26N	-	83	26	12	40	0,10	0,25	☆	☆		
		4	14	14045-AC26N	-	83	26	14	45	0,15	0,35	☆	☆		
		4	16	16045-AC32N	-	92	32	16	50	0,15	0,35	☆	☆		
		5	18	R216.35-18045-AC32N	-	92	32	18	56	0,15	0,35	☆	☆		
		5	20	R216.35-20045-AC38N	-	104	38	20	63	0,15	0,35	☆	☆		
		Weldon		4	6	R216.34-06045-BC13N	39	57	13	6	20	0,10	0,25	☆	☆
				4	8	08045-BC19N	45	63	19	8	25	0,10	0,25	☆	☆
4	10			10045-BC22N	52	72	22	10	31,5	0,10	0,25	☆	☆		
4	12			12045-BC26N	60,5	83	26	12	40	0,10	0,25	☆	☆		
4	14			14045-BC26N	60,5	83	26	14	45	0,15	0,35	☆	☆		
4	16			16045-BC32N	68	92	32	16	50	0,15	0,35	☆	☆		
5	20			R216.35-20045-BC38N	79	104	38	20	63	0,15	0,35	☆	☆		
Cylindrical		Extra long													
		4	6	R216.34-06045-AK22N	-	65	22	6	20	0,10	0,25	☆	☆		
		4	8	08045-AK28N	-	80	28	8	28	0,10	0,25	☆	☆		
		4	10	10045-AK32N	-	100	32	10	31,5	0,10	0,25	☆	☆		
		4	12	12045-AK40N	-	100	40	12	40	0,10	0,25	☆	☆		
		4	14	14045-AK50N	-	104	50	14	45	0,15	0,35	☆	☆		
		5	16	R216.35-16045-AK50N	-	115	50	16	56	0,15	0,35	☆	☆		
		5	20	R216.35-20045-AK55N	-	125	55	20	63	0,15	0,35	☆	☆		
		6	20	R216.36-20045-AK75N	-	145	75	20	63	0,15	0,35	☆	☆		
		8	25	R216.38-25045-AK90N	-	153	90	25	80	0,15	0,35	☆	☆		

1) Maximum cutting edge length.
 2) Pitch per rev.

Ordering example: 10 pieces R216.34-02045-AC70N 1620

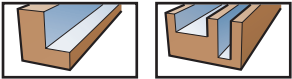
4-45°, ISO-P, M, K, S

For steel <48HRc, stainless steel, cast iron, HRSA and titanium

Always use the shortest possible tool protrusion. For higher productivity try a tool with six cutting edges and 50° helix, page A 160.

You will gain better stability with an endmill with four cutting edges and 50° helix, page A 150.

If the chip room is not large enough try an endmill with three cutting edges and 45° helix, page A 156.



MILLING

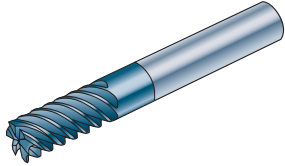
CoroMill® Plura

Finishing endmill

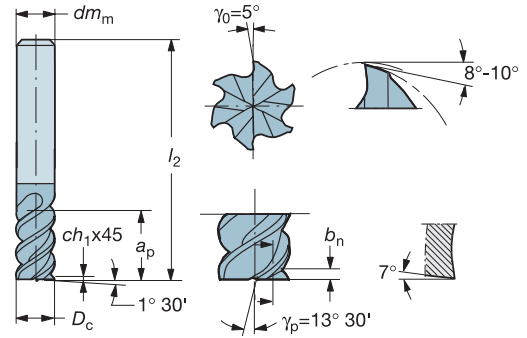
Non centre cutting

Hardness <48HRc

P M K S



Helix angle: ~50°
Tolerances: D_c — h10
 dm_m — h6



Shank type	Front type	z_n	D_c mm	Ordering code	Dimensions, mm					Grade			
					l_2	a_p ¹⁾	Max dm_m	Helix l_{sh} ²⁾ mm	ch_1	b_n	1620		
Cylindrical 		4	3	R215.34-03050-AC08L	57	8	6	8	—	0,25	☆		
		4	4	R215.34-04050-AC11L	57	11	6	11,2	0,10	0,25	☆		
		5	5	R215.35-05050-AC13L	57	13	6	14	0,10	0,25	☆		
		6	6	R215.36-06050-AC13L	57	13	6	16	0,10	0,25	☆		
		6	8	R215.36-08050-AC19L	63	19	8	22,4	0,10	0,25	☆		
		6	10	R215.36-10050-AC22L	72	22	10	28	0,10	0,25	☆		
		6	12	R215.36-12050-AC26L	83	26	12	35,5	0,10	0,25	☆		
		6	16	R215.36-16050-AC32L	92	32	16	45	0,15	0,35	☆		
		8	20	R215.38-20050-AC38L	104	38	20	56	0,15	0,35	☆		

1) Maximum cutting edge length.

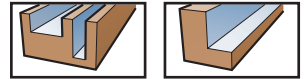
2) Pitch per rev.

Ordering example: 10 pieces R215.34-03050-AC08L 1620

New tool, 50°, ISO-P, M, K, S

For finishing applications in steel <48HRc, stainless steel, cast iron. HRSA and titanium.

In most applications you will gain better stability with an endmill with four cutting edges and 50° helix, page A 150. If the chip room is not large enough try an endmill with four cutting edges and 45° helix, Page A 159.

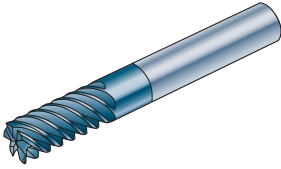


Finishing endmill

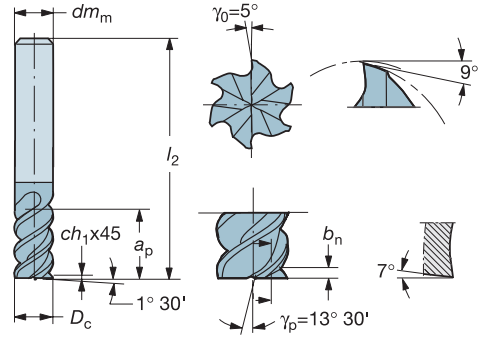
Non centre cutting

Hardness <48HRc

P M K S



Helix angle: ~60°
Tolerances: $D_c - h10$
 $dm_m - h6$



Shank type	Front type	z_n	D_c mm	Ordering code	Dimensions, mm					Grade			
					l_2	a_p ¹⁾	Max dm_m	Helix l_{sh} ²⁾ mm	ch_1	b_n	1620		
Cylindrical 		6	6	R215.36-06060-AC13L	57	13	6	11,2	0,10	0,25	☆		
		6	8	08060-AC19L	63	19	8	16	0,10	0,25	☆		
		6	10	10060-AC22L	72	22	10	20	0,10	0,25	☆		
		6	12	12060-AC26L	83	26	12	22,4	0,10	0,25	☆		
		6	14	14060-AC26L	83	26	14	28	0,15	0,35	☆		
		6	16	16060-AC32L	92	32	16	31,5	0,15	0,35	☆		
		6	18	18060-AC32L	92	32	18	35,5	0,15	0,35	☆		
		6	20	20060-AC38L	104	38	20	40	0,15	0,35	☆		

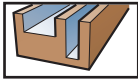
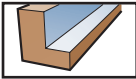
¹⁾ Maximum cutting edge length.
²⁾ Pitch per rev.

Ordering example: 10 pieces R215.36-06060-AC13L 1620

6-60°, ISO-P, M, K, S

For finishing applications in steel <48HRc, stainless steel, cast iron, HRSA and titanium.

In most applications you will gain better stability with an endmill with six cutting edges and 50° helix, Page A 162 (new tool). If the chip room is not large enough try an endmill with four cutting edges and 50° helix, page A 150.



MILLING

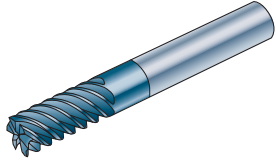
CoroMill® Plura

Finishing endmill

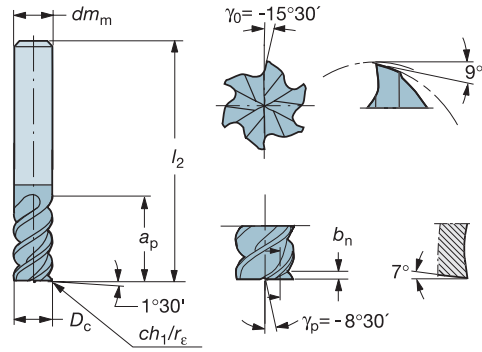
Non centre cutting






Hardness $43 \leq \text{HRc} \leq 63$

P H



Helix angle: $\sim 50^\circ$
Tolerances: $D_c - h10$
 $dm_m - h6$



Shank type	Front type	Ordering code	Dimensions, mm							Grade				
			z_n	D_c mm	l_2	Max a_p ¹⁾	dm_m	Helix l_{sh} ²⁾ mm	b_n	ch_1	r_e	1610		
Cylindrical 		4	3	R215.34-03050-AC08H	57	8	6	8	-	-	-	☆		
		4	4	04050-AC11H	57	11	6	11,2	0,25	0,10	-	☆		
		6	6	R215.36-06050-AC13H	57	13	6	16	0,25	0,10	-	☆		
		6	8	08050-AC19H	63	19	8	22,4	0,25	0,10	-	☆		
		6	10	10050-AC22H	72	22	10	28	0,25	0,10	-	☆		
		6	12	12050-AC26H	83	26	12	35,5	0,25	0,10	-	☆		
		6	16	16050-AC32H	92	32	16	45	0,35	0,15	-	☆		
		8	20	R215.38-20050-AC38H	104	38	20	56	0,35	0,15	-	☆		
		4	3	R215.24-03050BAC08H	57	8	6	8	-	-	0,5	☆		
		4	4	04050BAC11H	57	11	6	11,2	-	-	0,5	☆		
		6	6	R215.26-06050BAC13H	57	13	6	16	-	-	0,5	☆		
		6	8	08050BAC19H	63	19	8	22,4	-	-	0,5	☆		
		6	10	10050CAC22H	72	22	10	28	-	-	1,0	☆		
		6	10	10050DAC22H	72	22	10	28	-	-	1,5	☆		
		6	10	10050EAC22H	72	22	10	28	-	-	2,0	☆		
		6	12	12050CAC26H	83	26	12	35,5	-	-	1,0	☆		
		6	16	16050DAC32H	92	32	16	45	-	-	1,5	☆		
		8	20	R215.28-20050DAC38H	104	38	20	56	-	-	1,5	☆		

1) Maximum cutting edge length.

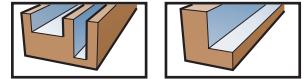
2) Pitch per rev.

Ordering example: 10 pieces R215.34-03050-AC08H 1610

6-50°H, ISO-P, H

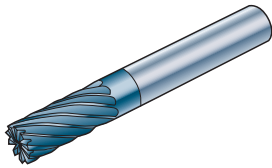
For finishing applications in warm work steels $\geq 43 \text{ HRc}$.
For finishing applications in cold work steels $\geq 52 \text{ HRc}$.

For higher productivity when working with very small a_e , try the multiflute, page A 163. If the chip room is not large enough try an endmill with four cutting edges and 50° helix, page A 151.

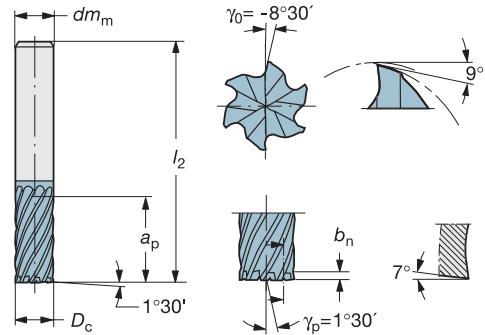


Finishing endmill

Non centre cutting
Hardness 43 ≤ HRC ≤ 63



Helix angle: ~30°
Tolerances: $D_c - h10$
 $dm_m - h6$

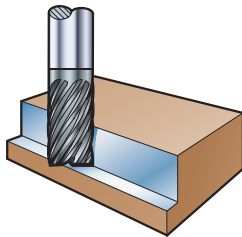


Shank type	Front type	Ordering code	Dimensions, mm						Grade		
			D_c mm	l_2	$a_p^{1)}$	Max dm_m	b_n	Helix $l_{sh}^{2)}$ mm	1610		
Cylindrical 		6 5 R215.36-05030-AC13H	57	13	6	28	0,25	☆			
		6 6 R215.36-06030-AC13H	57	13	6	35,5	0,25	☆			
		8 8 R215.38-08030-AC19H	63	19	8	45	0,25	☆			
		10 10 R215.3A-10030-AC22H	72	22	10	56	0,25	☆			
		12 12 R215.3C-12030-AC26H	83	26	12	71	0,25	☆			
		14 14 R215.3E-14030-AC26H	83	26	14	80	0,35	☆			
		16 16 R215.3G-16030-AC32H	92	32	16	90	0,35	☆			
		16 20 R215.3G-20030-AC38H	104	38	20	112	0,35	☆			

1) Maximum cutting edge length.
2) Pitch per rev.

Ordering example: 10 pieces R215.36-05030-AC13H 1610

Best surface in hardened steel



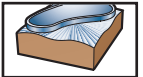
Tool: R215.3A-10030-BC22H
Grade: 1610
Material: Tool steel 56 HRC
Cutting depths: $a_p = 20$ mm, $a_e = 0,3$ mm

	Test 1
Speed v_c , m/min	100
Feed/tooth f_z , mm/tooth	0,025
Feed v_f , mm/min	804
Method	Downmilling
Surface finish R_a , μ m	0,13
Tool life, min	85

Multiflute, ISO-H

For finishing applications in warm work steels ≥ 43 HRC.
For finishing applications in cold work steels ≥ 52 HRC.

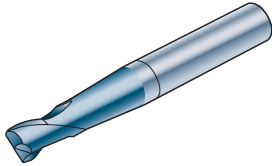
For higher productivity when working with very small a_e . If the chip room is not large enough try an endmill with six cutting edges and 50° helix, page A 162.



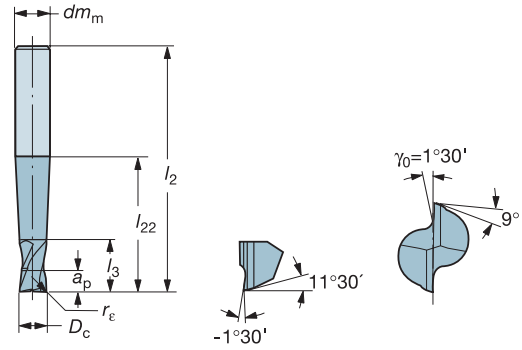
Corner radius endmill

Hardness 43 ≤ HRC ≤ 63

P H



Helix angle: 30°
Tolerances: $D_c - h9$
 $dm_m - h6$



Shank type	Front type	Ordering code	Dimensions, mm						Grade	
			D_c mm	$r_{\epsilon} \pm 0,01$	l_2	Max $a_p^{1)}$	dm_m	l_3		l_{22}
Cylindrical	 $z_n = 2$	Extra long								
		R216.22-03030BAP03G	0,5	80	3	6	4	36,9	☆	
		04030BAP04G	0,5	90	4	6	5	50,7	☆	
		06030BAP06G	0,5	96	6	8	7	52,7	☆	
		R216.24-06030CAP06G	1	96	6	8	7	52,7	☆	
		08030CAP08G	1	100	8	10	10	52,6	☆	
	 $z_n = 4$	10030CAP10G	1	125	10	12	12	67,3	☆	
		10030GAP10G	3	125	10	12	12	67,3	☆	
		12030CAP12G	1	135	12	14	14	69,3	☆	
		12030GAP12G	3	135	12	14	14	69,3	☆	
		16030CAP16G	1	150	16	16	-	-	☆	
		16030GAP16G	3	150	16	16	-	-	☆	

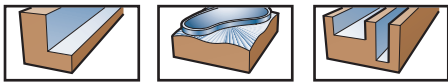
1) Maximum cutting edge length.
2) Pitch per rev.

Ordering example: 10 pieces R216.22-03030BAP03G 1610

Semi-finishing, ISO-P, H

For finishing applications in warm work steels ≥ 43HRC.
For semi-finishing applications in cold work steels ≥ 52HRC.

For highest productivity in semi-finishing applications. Always use the shortest possible tool protrusion. When stability allows use an endmill with four cutting edges.



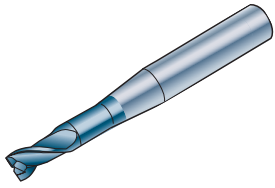
MILLING

CoroMill® Plura

General purpose endmill

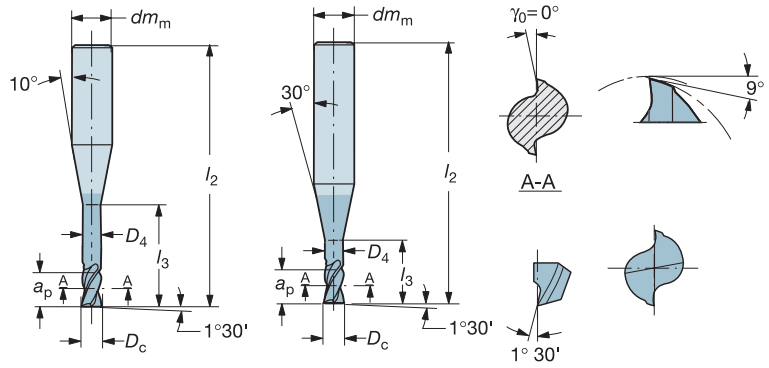
Hardness <63HRc



P M K N S H



Helix angle:
Tolerances:

~30°
 $D_c - h10$
 $dm_m - h6$



Shank type	Front type	Ordering code		Dimensions, mm					Grade						
				D_c mm	l_2	l_3	Max $a_p^{1)}$	D_4	dm_m	Helix $l_{sh}^{2)}$ mm	1620				
Cylindrical 	 $z_n = 2$	$2,5 \times D_c$													
		0,4	R216.32-00430-AE04G	54	1	0,4	0,36	6	2,24	☆					
		0,5	00530-AE05G	54	1,2	0,5	0,46	6	2,8	☆					
		0,6	00630-AE06G	54	1,5	0,6	0,56	6	3,55	☆					
		0,8	00830-AE08G	54	2	0,8	0,76	6	4,5	☆					
		1,0	01030-AE10G	54	2,5	1,0	0,96	6	5,6	☆					
		$5 \times D_c$													
		0,5	R216.32-00530-AI05G	57	2,5	0,5	0,46	6	2,8	☆					
		0,6	00630-AI06G	57	3	0,6	0,56	6	3,55	☆					
		0,8	00830-AI08G	57	4	0,8	0,76	6	4,5	☆					
		1,0	01030-AI10G	57	5	1,0	0,96	6	5,6	☆					
		$10 \times D_c$													
		0,5	R216.32-00530-AJ05G	57	5	0,5	0,46	6	2,8	☆					
		0,6	00630-AJ06G	57	6	0,6	0,56	6	3,55	☆					
		0,8	00830-AJ08G	57	8	0,8	0,76	6	4,5	☆					
1,0	01030-AJ10G	57	10	1,0	0,96	6	5,6	☆							

1) Maximum cutting edge length.

2) Pitch per rev.

Ordering example: 10 pieces R216.32-00430-AE04G 1620

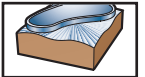
Mini general purpose endmill

Always use the shortest possible tool protrusion.

ISO-P, M, K, N, S, H

For steel <63HRc, stainless steel, cast iron, HRSA, titanium, aluminum and hardened steel

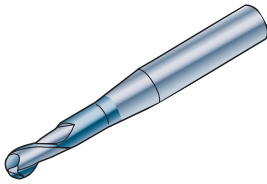
For all applications where $D_c < 1$ mm is needed.



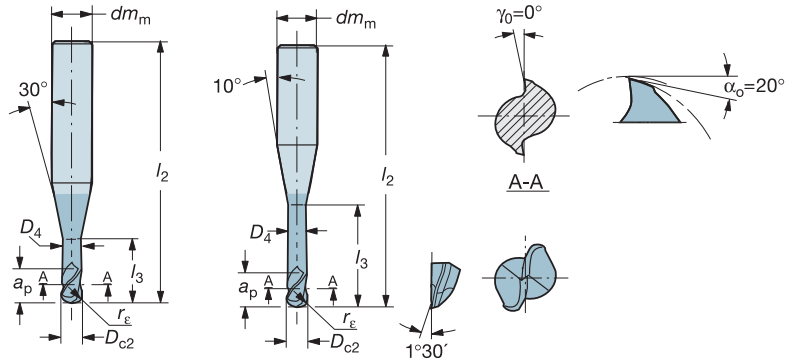
Ball nose endmill

Hardness <63 HRc

P M K N S H



Helix angle: ~30°
Tolerances: $D_{c2} \text{ — h9}$
 $dm_m \text{ — h6}$



Shank type	Front type	Ordering code	Dimensions, mm							Grade							
			D_{c2} mm	$r_{\epsilon} \pm 0,01$	l_2	l_3	Max a_p ¹⁾	D_4	dm_m	Helix l_{sh} ²⁾ mm	1620						
Cylindrical 	 $z_n = 2$	2,5 x D_c															
		R216.42- 00430-AE04G	0,4	0,2	54	1	0,4	0,36	6	2,24	☆						
		00530-AE05G	0,5	0,25	54	1,2	0,5	0,46	6	2,8	☆						
		00630-AE06G	0,6	0,3	54	1,5	0,6	0,56	6	3,55	☆						
		00830-AE08G	0,8	0,4	54	2	0,8	0,76	6	4,5	☆						
		01030-AE10G	1,0	0,5	54	2,5	1,0	0,96	6	5,6	☆						
		5 x D_c															
		R216.42- 00530-AO05G	0,5	0,25	57	2,5	0,5	0,46	6	2,8	☆						
		00630-AO06G	0,6	0,3	57	3	0,6	0,56	6	3,55	☆						
		00830-AO08G	0,8	0,4	57	4	0,8	0,76	6	4,5	☆						
		01030-AO10G	1,0	0,5	57	5	1,0	0,96	6	5,6	☆						
		10 x D_c															
		R216.42- 00530-AJ05G	0,5	0,25	57	5	0,5	0,46	6	2,8	☆						
		00630-AJ06G	0,6	0,3	57	6	0,6	0,56	6	3,55	☆						
		00830-AJ08G	0,8	0,4	57	8	0,8	0,76	6	4,5	☆						
01030-AJ10G	1,0	0,5	57	10	1,0	0,96	6	5,6	☆								

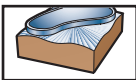
1) Maximum cutting edge length.
2) Pitch per rev.

Ordering example: 10 pieces R216.42-00430-AE04G 1620

Mini ball nose, ISO-P, M, K, N, S, H

For steel <63HRc, stainless steel, cast iron, HRSA, titanium, aluminum and hardened steel

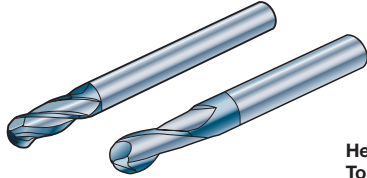
For all applications where $D_{c2} < 1$ mm is needed.
Always use the shortest possible tool protrusion.



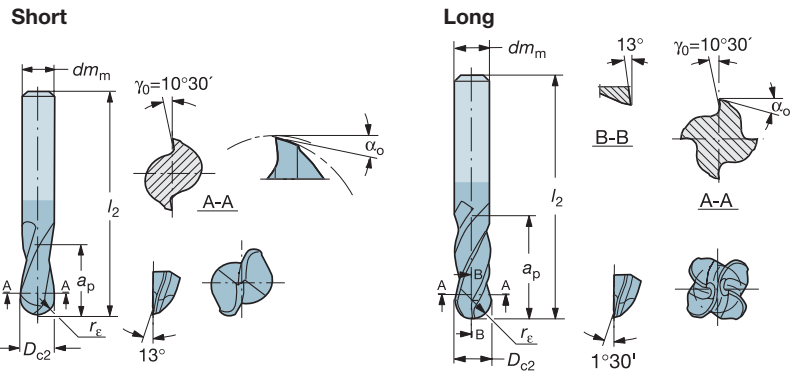
Ball nose endmill




Hardness <48 HRc

P M K S



Helix angle: $\sim 30^\circ$
Tolerances: $D_{c2} - h9$
 $dm_m - h6$



Shank type	Front type	Ordering code	Dimensions, mm						Grade	
			D_{c2} mm	$r_{\epsilon} \pm 0,01$	l_2	Max $a_p^{1)}$	dm_m	α_o		Helix $l_{sh}^{2)}$ mm
Cylindrical 	 $z_n = 2$	Short								
		1	R216.42-01030-AC30P	0,5	57	3	6	20°	5,6	☆
		1,5	01530-AC30P	0,75	57	3	6	20°	9	☆
		2	02030-AC60P	1,0	57	6	6	20°	11,2	☆
		2,5	02530-AC70P	1,25	57	7	6	20°	14	☆
		3	03030-AC07P	1,5	57	7	6	20°	16	☆
		4	04030-AC08P	2,0	57	8	6	14°	22,4	☆
		5	05030-AC10P	2,5	57	10	6	14°	28	☆
		6	06030-AC10P	3,0	57	10	6	14°	35,5	☆
		7	07030-AC13P	3,5	63	13	8	14°	40	☆
	8	08030-AC16P	4,0	63	16	8	14°	45	☆	
	9	09030-AC16P	4,5	72	16	10	12°	50	☆	
	10	10030-AC19P	5,0	72	19	10	12°	56	☆	
	12	12030-AC22P	6,0	83	22	12	12°	71	☆	
	14	14030-AC22P	7,0	83	22	14	12°	80	☆	
	16	16030-AC26P	8,0	92	26	16	12°	90	☆	
	18	18030-AC26P	9,0	92	26	18	12°	100	☆	
	20	20030-AC32P	10,0	104	32	20	10°	112	☆	
		 $z_n = 4$	Long							
	3		R216.44-03030-AK08N	1,5	80	8	6	20°	16	☆
4	04030-AK11N		2,0	80	11	6	14°	22,4	☆	
5	05030-AK13N		2,5	80	13	6	14°	28	☆	
6	06030-AK13N		3,0	80	13	6	14°	35,5	☆	
7	07030-AK16N		3,5	100	16	8	14°	40	☆	
8	08030-AK19N		4,0	100	19	8	14°	45	☆	
9	09030-AK19N		4,5	100	19	10	12°	50	☆	
10	10030-AK22N		5,0	100	22	10	12°	56	☆	
12	12030-AK26N		6,0	100	26	12	12°	71	☆	
16	16030-AK32N	8,0	100	32	16	12°	90	☆		
20	20030-AK38N	10,0	125	38	20	10°	112	☆		

1) Maximum cutting edge length.

2) Pitch per rev.

Ordering example: 10 pieces R216.42-01030-AC30P 1620

Ball nose, <48HRc, ISO-P, M, K, S

For profiling applications in steel <48HRc, stainless steel, cast iron, HRSA and titanium

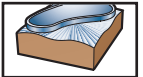
Always use the shortest possible tool protrusion. In roughing applications where you need large chip room and good stability use a tool with two cutting edges.

In semi-finishing applications and general applications, use a tool with four cutting edges for best productivity.

In finishing/super-finishing applications use a tool with two cutting edges.

Use an endmill with two cutting edges for optimal stability and to avoid the transition area between four and two cutting edges.

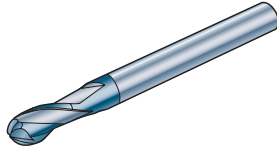
A ball nose with four cutting edges has only two cutting edges over the tool centre.



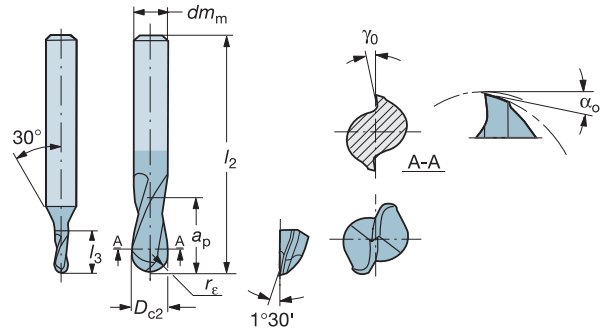
Ball nose endmill



Hardness 43≤HRc≤63

P H



Helix angle: ~30°
Tolerances: $D_{c2} - h9$
 $dm_m - h6$



Shank type	Front type	Ordering code	Dimensions, mm								Grade		
			D_{c2} mm	$r_{\epsilon} \pm 0,01$	l_2	l_3	Max a_p ¹⁾	dm_m	α_0	Helix l_{sh} ²⁾ mm	γ_0	1610	
Cylindrical 	 $z_n = 2$	1 R216.42-01030-AC15G	0,5	57	4,5	1,5	6	19-21°	5,6	0-3°	☆		
		2 02030-AC30G	1	57	6	3	6	19-21°	11,2	0-3°	☆		
		3 03030-AC04G	1,5	57	6,9	4	6	19-21°	18	0-3°	☆		
		4 04030-AC05G	2	57	14	5	6	13-15°	22,4	0-3°	☆		
		5 05030-AC06G	2,5	57	15	6	6	13-15°	28	0-3°	☆		
		6 06030-AC10G	3	57	-	10	6	13-15°	35,5	0-3°	☆		
		8 08030-AC16G	4	63	-	16	8	13-15°	45	0-3°	☆		
		10 10030-AC19G	5	72	-	19	10	11-13°	56	0-3°	☆		
		12 12030-AC22G	6	83	-	22	12	11-13°	71	0-3°	☆		
		1 R216.42-01030-AK15G	0,5	57	3	1,5	6	19-21°	5,6	0-3°	☆		
		1,5 01530-AK20G	0,75	57	4	2	6	19-21°	9	0-3°	☆		
		2 02030-AK30G	1,0	57	6	3	6	19-21°	11,2	0-3°	☆		
		2,5 02530-AK30G	1,25	57	6	3	6	19-21°	14	0-3°	☆		
		3 03030-AK04G	1,5	57	7	4	6	19-21°	16	0-3°	☆		
		4 04030-AK05G	2,0	80	8	5	6	13-15°	22,4	0-3°	☆		
		5 05030-AK06G	2,5	80	10	6	6	13-15°	28	0-3°	☆		
		6 06030-AK10G	3,0	80	-	10	6	13-15°	35,5	0-3°	☆		
		8 08030-AK16G	4,0	100	-	16	8	13-15°	45	0-3°	☆		
		10 10030-AK19G	5,0	100	-	19	10	11-13°	56	0-3°	☆		
		12 12030-AK22G	6,0	100	-	22	12	11-13°	71	0-3°	☆		
		16 16030-AK32G	8,0	125	-	32	16	11-13°	90	0-3°	☆		
		1 R216.42-01030-AK15H	0,5	57	3	1,5	6	19-21°	5,6	-13-16° ³⁾	☆		
		1,5 01530-AK20H	0,75	57	4	2	6	19-21°	9	-13-16° ³⁾	☆		
		2 02030-AK25H	1,0	57	6	2,5	6	19-21°	11,2	-13-16° ³⁾	☆		
		2,5 02530-AK30H	1,25	57	6	3	6	19-21°	14	-13-16° ³⁾	☆		
		3 03030-AK04H	1,5	57	7	4	6	19-21°	16	-13-16° ³⁾	☆		
		4 04030-AK05H	2,0	80	8	5	6	13-15°	22,4	-13-16° ³⁾	☆		
		5 05030-AK06H	2,5	80	10	6	6	13-15°	28	-13-16° ³⁾	☆		
		6 06030-AK07H	3,0	80	-	7	6	13-15°	35,5	-13-16° ³⁾	☆		
		8 08030-AK09H	4,0	100	-	9	8	13-15°	45	-13-16° ³⁾	☆		
		10 10030-AK11H	5,0	100	-	11	10	11-13°	56	-13-16° ³⁾	☆		
		12 12030-AK12H	6,0	100	-	12	12	11-13°	71	-13-16° ³⁾	☆		

1) Maximum cutting edge length.

2) Pitch per rev.

3) -13-16 means minus 13° to minus 16°.

Ordering example: 10 pieces R216.42-01030-AC15G 1610

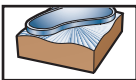
Ball nose, ISO-P, H

For profiling applications in warm work steels ≥43 HRc.
For profiling applications in cold work steels ≥52HRc.

Always use the shortest possible tool protrusion.

First choice is G-geometry. When the workpiece material is very short chipping it is possible to achieve better productivity with the H-geometry. In semi-finishing/finishing applications better productivity is possible with a ballnose with four cutting edges, pages A 170 – A 171.

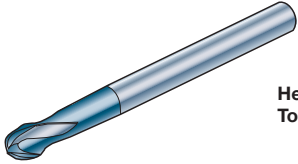
When working along steep walls the spherical design ballnose will have shorter contact length, page A 170. When better accessibility or a neck behind the cutting edges is needed, page A 171.



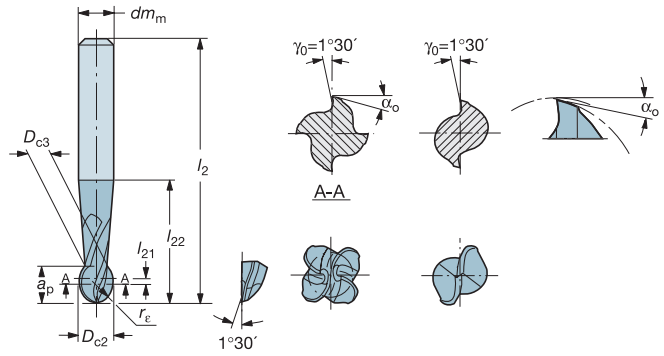
Ball nose endmill




Spherical design
Hardness 43≤HRC≤63

P H



Helix angle: ~30°
Tolerances: $D_{c2} - h9$
 $dm_m - h6$ ($D_{c2} \leq 10-h5$)



Shank type	Front type	Ordering code	Dimensions, mm										Grade			
			D_{c2} mm	r_e $\pm 0,01$	l_2	Max $a_p^{1)}$	dm_m	α_o	Helix $l_{sh}^{2)}$ mm	l_{21}	l_{22}	D_{c3}	1610			
Cylindrical 	 $Z_n = 2$	1	R216.62-01030-AO20G	0,5	75	2	6	19-21°	5,6	1,5	20	-	☆			
		2	02030-AO30G	1	75	3	6	19-21°	11,2	1,5	20	1,7	☆			
		3	03030-AO04G	1,5	80	4	6	19-21°	16	1,5	30	2,5	☆			
		4	04030-AO05G	2	80	5	6	13-15°	22,4	1,5	30	3,3	☆			
		5	05030-AO07G	2,5	80	7	6	13-15°	28	2	43	4,1	☆			
		6	06030-AO07G	3	100	7	6	13-15°	35,5	2	30	4,7	☆			
		8	08030-AO09G	4	100	9	8	13-15°	45	3	36	6,5	☆			
		10	10030-AO11G	5	100	11	10	11-13°	56	3	43	8,2	☆			
		12	12030-AO13G	6	100	13	12	11-13°	71	3	52	9,8	☆			
		16	16030-AO15G	8	150	15	16	11-13°	90	3	61	13,4	☆			
		 $Z_n = 4$	5	R216.64-05030-AO07G	2,5	80	7	6	13-15°	28	2	43	4,1	☆		
			6	06030-AO07G	3	100	7	6	13-15°	35,5	2	30	4,7	☆		
			8	08030-AO09G	4	100	9	8	13-15°	45	3	36	6,5	☆		
			10	10030-AO11G	5	100	11	10	11-13°	56	3	43	8,2	☆		
			12	12030-AO13G	6	100	13	12	11-13°	71	3	52	9,8	☆		
			16	16030-AO15G	8	150	15	16	11-13°	90	3	61	13,4	☆		

1) Maximum cutting edge length.
2) Pitch per rev.

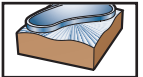
Ordering example: 10 pieces R216.62-01030-AO20G 1610

Ballnose, ISO-P, H

For profiling applications in warm work steels ≥ 43 HRC.
For profiling applications in cold work steels ≥ 52 HRC.

Always use the shortest possible tool protrusion.
When the workpiece material is very short chipping it is possible to achieve better productivity with the H-geometry, page A 169.
In semi-finishing/finishing applications better productivity is possible with a ball nose with four cutting edges.

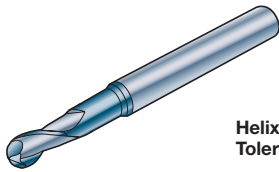
For better stability use tools with shorter tool protrusion, page A 169. When better accessibility is needed, page A 171.



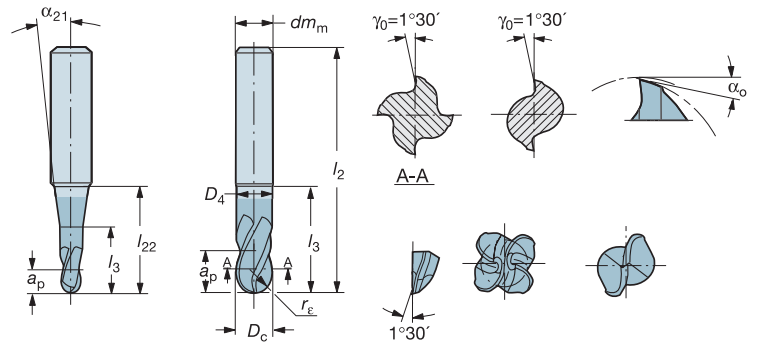
Ball nose endmill

Hardness 43 ≤ HRc ≤ 63

P H



Helix angle: ~30°
Tolerances: $D_{c2} - h9$
 $dm_m - h6$ ($D_{c2} \leq 8-h5$)



Shank type	Front type	Ordering code	Dimensions, mm											Grade		
			D_{c2} mm	r_ϵ $\pm 0,01$	l_2	D_4	Max $a_p^{1)}$	dm_m	α_o	Helix $I_{sh}^{2)}$ mm	l_3	l_{22}	α_{21}	1610		
Cylindrical 	 $z_n = 2$	1	R216.42- 01030-AI10G	0,5	57	-	1	6	20°	5,6	2	20	4°	☆		
		1,5	01530-AI15G	0,75	57	-	1,5	6	20°	9	3	20	4°	☆		
		2	02030-AI20G	1	57	-	2	6	20°	11,2	4	20	4°	☆		
		2,5	02530-AI25G	1,25	57	-	2,5	6	20°	14	4	20	4°	☆		
		3	03030-AI03G	1,5	57	-	3	6	20°	16	5	20	4°	☆		
		4	04030-AI04G	2	57	-	4	6	14°	22,4	6	20	4°	☆		
		5	05030-AI05G	2,5	57	4,7	5	6	14°	28	20	-	4°	☆		
		6	06030-AI06G	3	57	5,7	6	6	14°	35,5	21	-	4°	☆		
		8	08030-AI08G	4	63	7,7	8	8	14°	45	27	-	4°	☆		
		10	10030-AI10G	5	72	9,7	10	10	12°	56	32	-	4°	☆		
		12	12030-AI12G	6	83	11,7	12	12	12°	71	36	-	4°	☆		
		Extra long														
	1	R216.42- 01030-AP10G	0,5	80	-	1	6	20°	5,6	2	36,5	2,5°	☆			
	2	02030-AP20G	1	80	-	2	6	20°	11,2	3	40	2,5°	☆			
	3	03030-AP03G	1,5	80	-	3	6	20°	18	4	38,5	2,5°	☆			
	4	04030-AP04G	2	90	-	4	8	14°	22,4	5	51	2,5°	☆			
	5	05030-AP05G	2,5	100	-	5	8	14°	28	6	40,5	2,5°	☆			
	6	06030-AP06G	3	100	-	6	10	14°	35,5	7	53	2,5°	☆			
	8	08030-AP08G	4	100	-	8	12	14°	45	10	53	2,5°	☆			
	10	10030-AP10G	5	125	-	10	14	12°	56	12	58	2,5°	☆			
	12	12030-AP12G	6	140	-	12	16	12°	71	14	60	2,5°	☆			
		 $z_n = 4$	6	R216.44- 06030-AI06G	3	57	-	6	6	14°	35,5	20	5,7	4°	☆	
	8		08030-AI08G	4	63	-	8	8	14°	45	26	7,7	4°	☆		
	10		10030-AI10G	5	72	-	10	10	12°	56	30	9,7	4°	☆		
12	12030-AI12G		6	83	-	12	12	12°	71	36	11,7	4°	☆			
16	16030-AI16G		8	92	-	16	16	12°	90	42	15,5	4°	☆			

1) Maximum cutting edge length.

2) Pitch per rev.

Ordering example: 10 pieces R216.42-01030-AI10G 1610

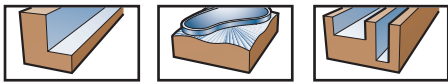
Ball nose, ISO-P, H

For profiling applications in warm work steels ≥ 43 HRc.
For profiling applications in cold work steels ≥ 52HRc.

Always use the shortest possible tool protrusion.
First choice is G-geometry. When the workpiece material is very short chipping it is possible to achieve better productivity with the H-geometry, page A 169. In semi-finishing/finishing applications better productivity is possible with a ballnose with four cutting edges.

When working along steep walls the spherical design ballnose will have shorter contact length, page A 170.

For better stability use a tool with shorter tool protrusion, page A 169.



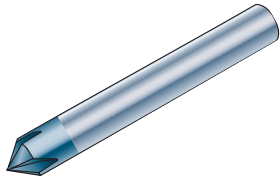
MILLING

CoroMill® Plura

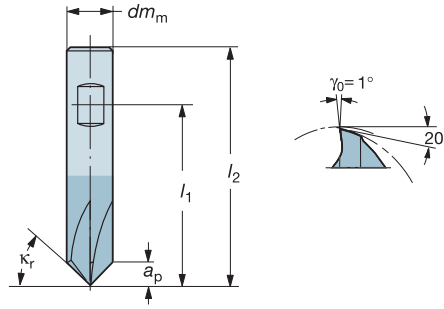
Chamfering endmill

Hardness <63HRc

P M K N S H



Helix angle: 0
Tolerances: $D_c - h10$
 $dm_m - h6$



Shank type	Front type	Ordering code	Dimensions, mm						Grade		
			K_r	l_1	l_2	Max a_p ¹⁾	dm_m	1620			
Cylindrical		4	R215.94-01500-AC74G	60°	-	100	7,35	10	☆		
		4	R215.84-01000-AC25G	45°	-	57	2,5	6	☆		
		4	R215.84-01500-AC43G	45°	-	100	4,25	10	☆		
		5	R215.85-02000-AC30G	45°	-	80	3	8	☆		
		6	R215.86-03000-AC05G	45°	-	83	4,5	12	☆		
Weldon		4	R215.94-01500-BC74G	60°	80	100	7,35	10	☆		
		4	R215.84-01500-BC43G	45°	80	100	4,25	10	☆		
		6	R215.86-03000-BC05G	45°	60,5	83	4,5	12	☆		

¹⁾ Maximum cutting edge length.

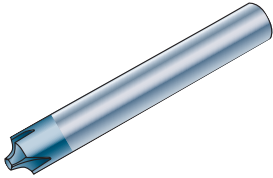
²⁾ Pitch per rev.

Ordering example: 10 pieces R215.94-01500-AC74G 1620

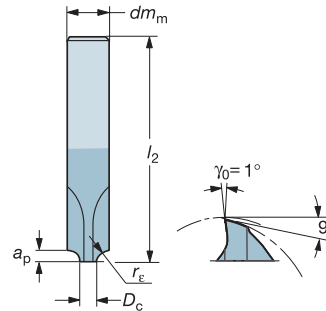
Chamfering radius endmill

Hardness <63HRc

P M K N S H



Helix angle: 0
Tolerances: $dm_m - h6$



Shank type	Front type	Ordering code	Dimensions, mm					Grade			
			r_e	D_c	l_2	Max a_p ¹⁾	dm_m	1620			
Cylindrical		3	R215.03-04000BAC01G	0,5	4	57	0,5	6	☆		
		3	R215.03-04000CAC01G	0,75	4	57	0,75	6	☆		
		4	R215.04-04000CAC01G	1	4	63	1,0	8	☆		
		4	R215.04-04000DAC02G	1,5	4	63	1,5	8	☆		
		4	R215.04-05000EAC02G	2	5	72	2,0	10	☆		
		4	R215.04-05000FAC03G	2,5	5	72	2,5	10	☆		
		4	R215.04-05000GAC03G	3	5	83	3,0	12	☆		
		4	R215.04-06000IAC04G	4	6	83	4,0	14	☆		
		4	R215.04-06000KAC05G	5	6	92	5,0	16	☆		
		4	R215.04-08000MAC06G	6	8	104	6,0	20	☆		

¹⁾ Maximum cutting edge length.

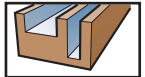
²⁾ Pitch per rev.

Ordering example: 10 pieces R215.03-04000BAC01G 1620

Chamfering, ISO-P, M, K, N, S, H

Endmill designed for chamfering

For 30° and 45° chamfer.
For 0,5-6 mm radius.

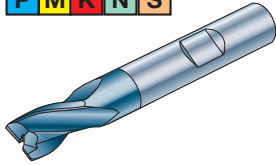


Slotting endmill

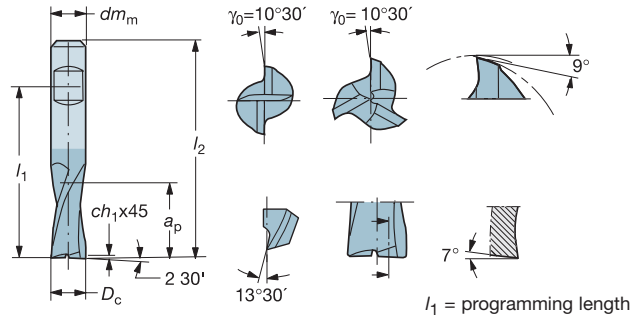
Key slot

Hardness <48HRc

P M K N S



Helix angle: ~30°
Tolerances: $D_c - h10/e8$
 $dm_m - h6$



Shank type	Front type	Ordering code	Dimensions, mm							Grade				
			D_c mm	l_1	l_2	Max a_p ¹⁾	dm_m	Helix $l_{sh}^{(2)}$ mm	ch_1	Tol. D_c	1630			
Weldon 	 $z_n = 2$	R216.12- 02030-BS30P	2,0	32	50	3	6	11,2	0,10	e8	☆			
		02530-BS30P	2,5	32	50	3	6	14	0,10	e8	☆			
		02830-BS40P	2,8	32	50	4	6	16	0,10	h10	☆			
		03030-BS04P	3,0	32	50	4	6	16	0,10	e8	☆			
		03530-BS04P	3,5	32	50	4	6	20	0,10	e8	☆			
		03830-BS05P	3,8	36	54	5	6	22,4	0,10	h10	☆			
		04030-BS05P	4,0	36	54	5	6	22,4	0,10	e8	☆			
		04830-BS06P	4,8	36	54	6	6	28	0,15	h10	☆			
		05030-BS06P	5,0	36	54	6	6	28	0,15	e8	☆			
		05830-BS07P	5,75	36	54	7	6	35,5	0,15	h10	☆			
		06030-BS07P	6,0	36	54	7	6	35,5	0,15	e8	☆			
		06830-BS08P	6,75	40	58	8	8	40,0	0,15	h10	☆			
		07030-BS08P	7,0	40	58	8	8	40,0	0,15	e8	☆			
		07830-BS09P	7,75	40	58	9	8	45,0	0,15	h10	☆			
		08030-BS09P	8,0	40	58	9	8	45,0	0,15	e8	☆			
		09030-BS10P	9,0	46	66	10	10	50,0	0,25	e8	☆			
		09730-BS11P	9,7	46	66	11	10	56,0	0,25	h10	☆			
		10030-BS11P	10,0	46	66	11	10	56,0	0,25	e8	☆			
		11730-BS12P	11,7	50,5	73	12	12	71,0	0,25	h10	☆			
		12030-BS12P	12,0	50,5	73	12	12	71,0	0,25	e8	☆			
		13730-BS14P	13,7	52,5	75	14	14	80,0	0,25	h10	☆			
	14030-BS14P	14,0	52,5	75	14	14	80,0	0,25	e8	☆				
	15730-BS16P	15,7	58	82	16	16	90,0	0,25	h10	☆				
	16030-BS16P	16,0	58	82	16	16	90,0	0,25	e8	☆				
	17730-BS18P	17,7	60	84	18	18	100	0,25	h10	☆				
	18030-BS18P	18,0	60	84	18	18	100	0,25	e8	☆				
	19730-BS20P	19,7	67	92	20	20	112	0,35	h10	☆				
	20030-BS20P	20,0	67	92	20	20	112	0,35	e8	☆				
		 $z_n = 3$	R216.13- 01830-BS30P	1,8	32	50	3	6	10	0,10	h10	☆		
			02030-BS30P	2,0	32	50	3	6	11,2	0,10	e8	☆		
			02830-BS40P	2,8	32	50	4	6	16	0,10	h10	☆		
			03030-BS04P	3,0	32	50	4	6	16	0,10	e8	☆		
			03830-BS05P	3,8	36	54	5	6	22,4	0,10	h10	☆		
			04030-BS05P	4,0	36	54	5	6	22,4	0,10	e8	☆		
			04830-BS06P	4,8	36	54	6	6	28	0,15	h10	☆		
			05030-BS06P	5,0	36	54	6	6	28	0,15	e8	☆		
			05830-BS07P	5,75	36	54	7	6	35,5	0,15	h10	☆		
			06030-BS07P	6,0	36	54	7	6	35,5	0,15	e8	☆		
			06830-BS08P	6,75	40	58	8	8	40,0	0,15	h10	☆		
			07030-BS08P	7,0	40	58	8	8	40,0	0,15	e8	☆		
			07830-BS09P	7,75	40	58	9	8	45,0	0,15	h10	☆		
			08030-BS09P	8,0	40	58	9	8	45,0	0,15	e8	☆		
09030-BS10P			9,0	46	66	10	10	50,0	0,25	e8	☆			
09730-BS11P			9,7	46	66	11	10	56,0	0,25	h10	☆			
10030-BS11P			10,0	46	66	11	10	56,0	0,25	e8	☆			
11730-BS12P			11,7	50,5	73	12	12	71,0	0,25	h10	☆			
12030-BS12P			12,0	50,5	73	12	12	71,0	0,25	e8	☆			
13730-BS14P			13,7	52,5	75	14	14	80,0	0,25	h10	☆			
14030-BS14P			14,0	52,5	75	14	14	80,0	0,25	e8	☆			
15730-BS16P	15,7	58	82	16	16	90,0	0,25	h10	☆					
16030-BS16P	16,0	58	82	16	16	90,0	0,25	e8	☆					
17730-BS18P	17,7	60	84	18	18	100	0,25	h10	☆					
18030-BS18P	18,0	60	84	18	18	100	0,25	e8	☆					
19730-BS20P	19,7	67	92	20	20	112	0,35	h10	☆					
20030-BS20P	20,0	67	92	20	20	112	0,35	e8	☆					

Cutting data



First choice:

Use Plura Guide.
Order number C-2948-036

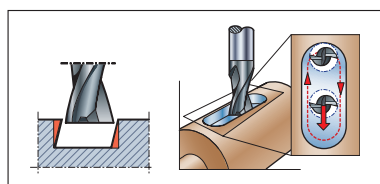


Second choice:

Use tables on pages
A 238 – A 240.

¹⁾ Maximum cutting edge length.
²⁾ Pitch per rev.

Ordering example: 10 pieces R216.12-02030-BS30P 1630



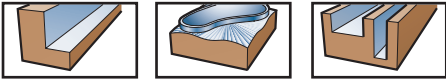
Key slotting, ISO-P, M, K, N, S

Endmill designed for key slot milling.

These endmills are shorter and therefore more stable than our normal endmills with two and three cutting edges.

All these endmills have a relatively large corner chamfer. The standard sizes tools have tighter

tolerances on cutting edges. When you want an endmill with two or three edges and can work with a tool with a corner chamfer, this should be your first choice. In almost all applications you will achieve the highest productivity with three cutting edges compared to two.



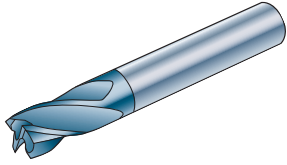
MILLING

CoroMill® Plura

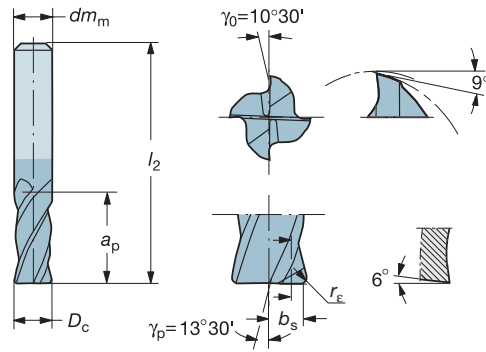
Endmills for Turn-Milling


Hardness <48HRc

P M K N S H



Helix angle: $\sim 30^\circ$
 Tolerances: $D_c - h10$
 $dm_m - h6$



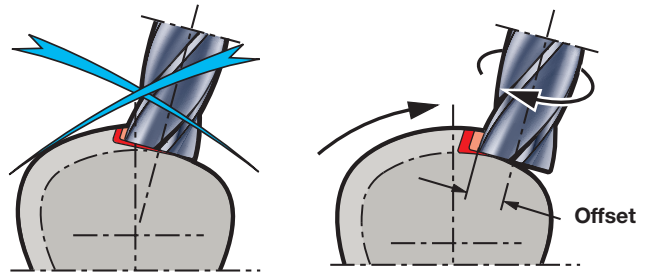
Shank type	Front type	Ordering code	Dimensions, mm					Grade		
			D_c mm	Max a_p ¹⁾	dm_m	Helix l_{sh} ²⁾ mm	r_ϵ	1620		
Cylindrical	 $Z_n = 4$	6 R216.T4-06030BAS10N	54	10	6	35,5	0,5	☆		
		8 R216.T4-08030BAS12N	58	12	8	45	0,5	☆		
		10 R216.T4-10030CAS14N	66	14	10	56	1,0	☆		
		12 R216.T4-12030CAS16N	73	16	12	71	1,0	☆		

1) Maximum cutting edge length.
 2) Pitch per rev.

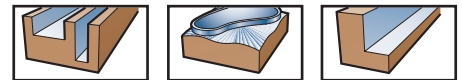
Ordering example: 10 pieces R216.T4-06030BAS10N 1620

Turn-Milling, ISO P, M, K, N, S, H

A specialised CoroMill Plura endmill with a cutting geometry designed for use in Turn-Mill operations. Two of the four cutting edges cut in both radial and axial directions, while the remaining two cut mainly in the radial direction. For best performance, the endmill's axis of rotation should **not** align exactly with the workpiece's central axis. Instead the endmill should be offset, and sit further round in the workpiece's rotational cycle.



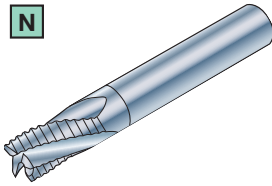
$$0,25 \times D_c \leq \text{offset} \leq 0,45 \times D_c$$



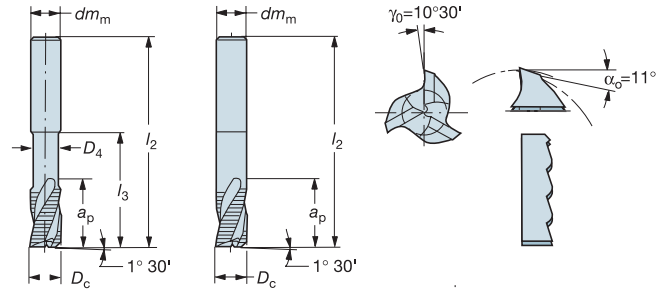
High performance ISO N endmill

Roughing
Kordell design

N



Material: Aluminium and copper
Helix angle: ~40°
Tolerances: D_c — h14
 dm_m — h6



Shank type	Front type	Ordering code		Dimensions, mm					Grade					
				D_c mm	l_2	Max a_p ¹⁾	dm_m	l_3	D_4	H10F				
Cylindrical	 $z_n = 3$	Long												
		6	R216.33-06040-AC13U	57	13	6	-	-	☆					
		8	08040-AC19U	63	19	8	-	-	☆					
		10	10040-AC22U	72	22	10	-	-	☆					
		12	12040-AC26U	83	26	12	-	-	☆					
		14	14040-AC26U	83	26	14	-	-	☆					
		16	16040-AC32U	92	32	16	-	-	☆					
		18	18040-AC32U	92	32	18	-	-	☆					
		20	20040-AC38U	104	38	20	-	-	☆					
		Extra long												
		6	R216.33-06040-AJ10U	63	10	8	24	5.6	☆					
		8	08040-AJ12U	72	12	10	29	7.5	☆					
		10	10040-AJ14U	83	14	12	35	9.3	☆					
		12	12040-AJ16U	100	16	12	50	11.5	☆					
		16	16040-AJ20U	115	20	16	63	15.5	☆					
		20	20040-AJ20U	125	20	20	70	19.5	☆					
		25	25040-AJ25U	135	25	25	75	24.0	☆					

¹⁾ Maximum cutting edge length.

Ordering example: 10 pieces R216.33-06040-AC13U H10F

Aluminum, Kordel, ISO-N

FIRST CHOICE for roughing of Aluminum and copper.

Kordel-geometry for reduced cutting forces and improved chip- evacuation.

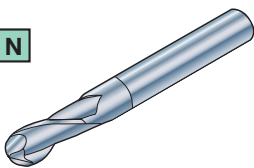
Always use the shortest possible tool protrusion.

When the rough finish produced by Kordel-geometry is not acceptable try the straight cutting edge, page A 176.
For Aluminum with a higher Si-content a coated Kordel endmill could be more productive, page A 152.

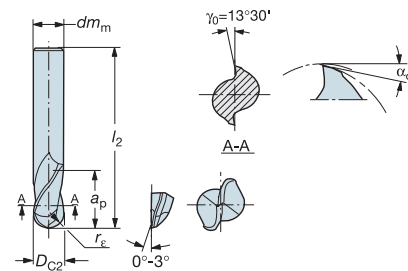
High performance ISO N endmill

Ball nose

N



Material: Aluminium and copper
Helix angle: ~30°
Tolerances: D_{c2} — h9
 dm_m — h6



Shank type	Front type	Ordering code		Dimensions, mm					Grade		
				D_{c2} mm	$r_{\epsilon} \pm 0.01$	l_2	Max a_p ¹⁾	dm_m	α_o	H10F	
Cylindrical	 $z_n = 2$	2	R216.42-02030-AK60A	1	57	6	6	19-21°	☆		
		3	03030-AK07A	1.5	80	7	6	19-21°	☆		
		4	04030-AK08A	2	80	8	6	13-15°	☆		
		5	05030-AK10A	2.5	80	10	6	13-15°	☆		
		6	06030-AK10A	3	80	10	6	13-15°	☆		
		8	08030-AK16A	4	100	16	8	13-15°	☆		
		10	10030-AK19A	5	100	19	10	11-13°	☆		
		12	12030-AK22A	6	100	22	12	11-13°	☆		
		16	16030-AK26A	8	100	26	16	11-13°	☆		

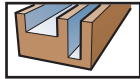
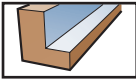
¹⁾ Maximum cutting edge length.

Ordering example: 10 pieces R216.42-02030-AK60A H10F

Aluminum, Ballnose, ISO-N

For profiling of Aluminum.

• For Aluminum with a higher Si-content a coated ballnose could be more productive, page A 168.



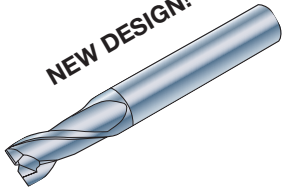
MILLING

CoroMill® Plura

High performance ISO N endmill

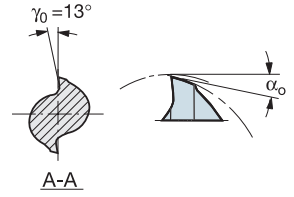
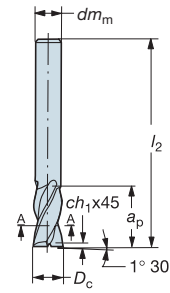
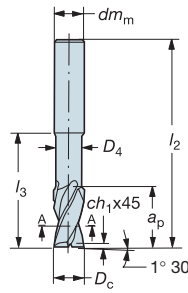
N



NEW DESIGN!



This cutter has a new design improving drilling capability.

Material: Aluminium and copper
Helix angle: ~30°, ~25°, ~25°
Tolerances: D_c — h10
 dm_m — h6



Shank type	Front type	Ordering code	Dimensions, mm						Grade					
			D_c mm	l_2	Max a_p ¹⁾	dm_m	D_4	l_3	ch_1	H10F				
Cylindrical 	 $z_n = 2$	Normal												
		2	R216.32- 02030-AC60A	57	6	6	-	9,5	-	☆				
		3	03030-AC07A	57	7	6	-	10,4	-	☆				
		4	04030-AC08A	57	8	6	-	15,3	-	☆				
		5	05030-AC10A	57	10	6	-	16,1	-	☆				
		6	06030-AC10A	57	10	6	-	-	-	☆				
		8	08030-AC16A	63	16	8	-	-	-	☆				
		10	10030-AC19A	72	19	10	-	-	0,10	☆				
		12	12030-AC22A	83	22	12	-	-	0,10	☆				
		Long												
		2	R216.32- 02025-AK80A	57	8	6	-	10,0	-	☆				
		3	03025-AK12A	57	12	6	-	14,9	-	☆				
		4	04025-AK14A	57	14	6	-	18,0	-	☆				
		5	05025-AK16A	57	16	6	-	19,1	-	☆				
		6	06025-AK22A	65	22	6	-	-	-	☆				
		8	08025-AK28A	80	28	8	-	-	-	☆				
		10	10025-AK32A	90	32	10	-	-	0,10	☆				
		12	12025-AK38A	100	38	12	-	-	0,10	☆				
		Extra long												
		2	R216.32- 02025-AP30A	57	3	6	1,9	6	-	☆				
		3	03025-AP04A	57	4	6	2,9	7	-	☆				
		4	04025-AP06A	57	6	6	3,8	10	-	☆				
		5	05025-AP08A	57	8	6	4,8	16	-	☆				
		6	06025-AP10A	65	10	6	5,7	28	-	☆				
8	08025-AP12A	80	12	8	7,7	35	-	☆						
10	10025-AP14A	90	14	10	9,7	45	0,10	☆	☆					
12	12025-AP16A	100	16	12	11,7	50	0,10	☆						
16	16025-AP20A	115	20	16	15,5	63	0,15	☆						
20	20025-AP20A	125	20	20	19,5	70	0,15	☆						

¹⁾ Maximum cutting edge length.

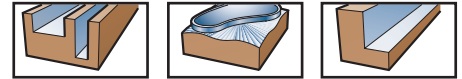
Ordering example: 10 pieces R216.32-02030-AC60A H10F

General, ISO-N (Aluminium, Copper)

For general machining/finishing of aluminum.

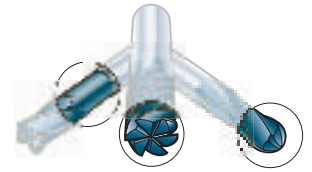
Always use the shortest possible tool protrusion.

For aluminum with a higher Si-content a coated endmill could be more productive.



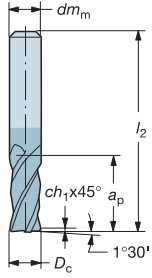
ENGINEERED SOLUTIONS — CoroMill® Plura

For quotation please contact your nearest Sandvik Coromant representative.

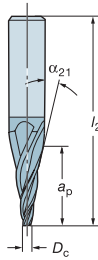


2 Type of cutter

10



40

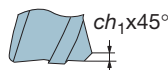


3 Corner design

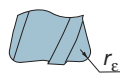
Sharp



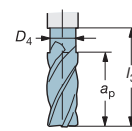
Chamfer



Radius

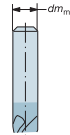


4 Cutter with recess

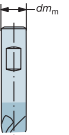


5 Shank type

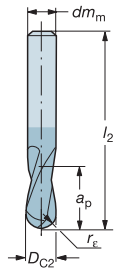
Cylindrical



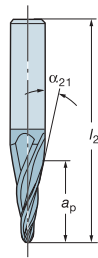
Weldon



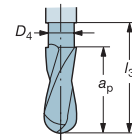
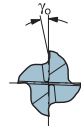
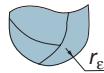
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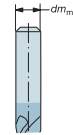
50



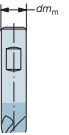
Radius



Cylindrical

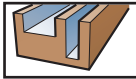
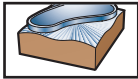
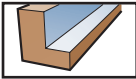


Weldon



Options

System of measurement	metric	Helix red. angle γ_p	-10° - +20°										
Material to machine	ISO-P, ISO-H, ISO-M, ISO-K, ISO-S, ISO-N	Helix red. width b_n	0-1 mm										
D_c or D_{c2}	2-32 mm	Tolerances on D_c or D_{c2}	h9, h10 or e8										
Endmill types	10 = square endmills 20 = ballnose endmills 40 = conical endmills 50 = conical ball nose endmills	Z_c	(number of teeth) 1 - (= D_c)										
Alternative grades	GC1610, GC1620, GC1630, H10F, Special <table border="1" style="display: inline-table; vertical-align: middle;"> <tr> <td><u>Substrate</u></td> <td><u>Coating</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>H10F</td> <td>TiCN</td> </tr> <tr> <td>10EF</td> <td>Futura</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Extreme</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>X.GEED</td> </tr> </table>	<u>Substrate</u>	<u>Coating</u>	H10F	TiCN	10EF	Futura		Extreme		X.GEED	l_2	< 180 mm
<u>Substrate</u>	<u>Coating</u>												
H10F	TiCN												
10EF	Futura												
	Extreme												
	X.GEED												
		a_p	< $5 \times D_c$										
		l_3	< 140 mm										
		Recess	YES (state D_4) or NO										
		Recess diameter D_4	Min $D_4 = (D_c \text{ or } D_{c2}) - 2 \text{ mm}$										
		dm_m	6; 6,35; 8; 9,525; 10; 12; 12,7; 14; 15,875; 16; 18; 19,05; 20; 25; 32 mm										
Rake angle γ_0	-20° - +15°	Corner mod.	YES (state radius or chamfer) or NO										
Drilling	YES or NO	ch_1	$45^\circ \times 0,1 - 2 \text{ mm}$										
Helix angle	0° - 60°	r_ϵ	< $D_c/2$										
Helix reduction	YES or NO	Shank type	Cylindrical shank - CYL and Weldon shank - W										
α_{21}	No , 0°30' - 10°												



MILLING

CoroMill® Plura

Code key for solid carbide endmills

Metric tools

R215.3A-10030-AC22H												
1	3	4	5	6		7	8	9	10	11	12	13

Inch tools

RA215.3A-1030AAC22H													
1	2	3	4	5	6		7	8	9	10	11	12	13

1 Direction of rotation	2 System of measurement	3 Type of tool	4 Drilling function
R Right hand L Left hand	A Inch version	21 Endmill	5 Non drilling 6 Drilling

5 Basic design of endmill	6 Number of teeth
0 Concave chamfer endmill 1 Square form with/without corner chamfer, tight tolerance at D_c 2 Square form with corner radius 3 Square form with or without corner chamfer 4 Full radius (ball nose) form (6 or less teeth) 5 Conical full radius (ball nose) form (6 or less teeth) 6 Full radius (ball nose) with spherical form 7 Conical straight form 8 45° chamfer endmill 9 30° chamfer endmill T Turn-mill endmill	1 - 9 1 to 9 teeth A - Z 10 to 32 teeth

7 Cutting diameter	8 Helix angle	9 Corner radius																																				
Metric tools Cutting diameter D_c or D_3 in 1/10 mm. Example: 100 = 10.0 mm <hr/> Inch Tools Cutting diameter D_c or D_3 in 1/64 inch. Example: 10 = 5/32 inch	Degree of helix rounded to nearest 5 degree	Metric tools <table border="0"> <tr><td>-</td><td>No radius</td><td>C</td><td>1,0 mm</td></tr> <tr><td>A</td><td><0,5 mm</td><td>D</td><td>1,5 mm</td></tr> <tr><td>B</td><td>0,5 mm</td><td>E</td><td>2,0 mm</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td></td><td>F</td><td>2,5 mm</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td></td><td>Etc.</td><td>Etc.</td></tr> </table> <hr/> Inch tools <table border="0"> <tr><td>-</td><td>No radius</td><td>D</td><td>1/16 inch</td></tr> <tr><td>A</td><td>1/64 inch</td><td>E</td><td>5/64 inch</td></tr> <tr><td>B</td><td>1/32 inch</td><td>F</td><td>3/32 inch</td></tr> <tr><td>C</td><td>3/64 inch</td><td>Etc.</td><td>Etc.</td></tr> </table>	-	No radius	C	1,0 mm	A	<0,5 mm	D	1,5 mm	B	0,5 mm	E	2,0 mm			F	2,5 mm			Etc.	Etc.	-	No radius	D	1/16 inch	A	1/64 inch	E	5/64 inch	B	1/32 inch	F	3/32 inch	C	3/64 inch	Etc.	Etc.
-	No radius	C	1,0 mm																																			
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C	3/64 inch	Etc.	Etc.																																			

10 Shank type	11 Length of shank
A Cylindrical B Weldon	S Short shank length C Long shank length K Shank length > "C" L Shank length > "K" X Shank length > "L" E Short l_2 and l_3 or l_{22} I Medium l_2 medium l_3 or l_{22} J Medium l_2 , long l_3 or l_{22} O Long l_2 , medium l_3 or l_{22} P Long l_2 , long l_3 or l_{22}

12 Max. cutting depth, a_p	13 Geometry type																																																
Metric tools Cutting length in mm If D_c or D_{c2} < 3mm in 1/10 mm Example: 07 = 7 mm for D_c 6 mm 70 = 7 mm for D_c 2,5 mm <hr/> Inch tools Cutting length in 1/16 inch If D_c or D_{c2} < 1/8 in 1/64 inch Example: 09 = 9/16 inch for D_c 3/16 inch	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>Cutting edge</th> <th>TW % of D_c or D_{c2}</th> <th>Rake angle γ°</th> <th></th> <th>Cutting edge</th> <th>TW % of D_c or D_{c2}</th> <th>γ°</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>K</td> <td>Kordell</td> <td>50-60</td> <td>9°-12°</td> <td>N</td> <td>Straight</td> <td>56-65</td> <td>9°-12°</td> </tr> <tr> <td>B</td> <td>Chip breaker</td> <td>60</td> <td>4°-7°</td> <td>L</td> <td>Straight</td> <td>66-75</td> <td>4°-12°</td> </tr> <tr> <td>U</td> <td>Kordell</td> <td><50</td> <td>9°-12°</td> <td>G</td> <td>Straight</td> <td>50-75</td> <td>-3°-3°</td> </tr> <tr> <td>A</td> <td>Straight</td> <td><45</td> <td>12°-15°</td> <td>H</td> <td>Straight</td> <td>>75</td> <td><-3°</td> </tr> <tr> <td>P</td> <td>Straight</td> <td>45-55</td> <td>9°-12°</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>TW = Core diameter</p>		Cutting edge	TW % of D_c or D_{c2}	Rake angle γ°		Cutting edge	TW % of D_c or D_{c2}	γ°	K	Kordell	50-60	9°-12°	N	Straight	56-65	9°-12°	B	Chip breaker	60	4°-7°	L	Straight	66-75	4°-12°	U	Kordell	<50	9°-12°	G	Straight	50-75	-3°-3°	A	Straight	<45	12°-15°	H	Straight	>75	<-3°	P	Straight	45-55	9°-12°				
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